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SINO-SOVIET COMPETITION IN ASIA: A CHRONOLOGY

July - December 1980

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PREFACE

This chronology supplements four previous publications the latest of which is Sino-Soviet Competition in Asia: A Chronology, January-June 1980 (DDB-2200-92-81), published in January 1981. This volume is intended as a research tool to aid in the understanding of Sino-Soviet rivalry in the Pacific and Indian Ocean regions. In order to reflect more accurately the tenor of Chinese and Soviet interaction, the number of countries surveyed has been expanded beyond the four nations considered earlier (Japan, the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, the Democratic Republic of Korea, and the Republic of Korea). The chronology now includes Laos, Kampuchea, Burma, India, Bangladesh, Pakistan, and the ASEAN nations (Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand).

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GLOSSARY

ACFTU	All-China Federation of Trade Unions				
AFP	Agence France-Presse (Paris, Hong Kong)				
AP	Associated Press				
APP	Associated Press of Pakistan				
ASDF	Air Self-Defense Force (Japan)				
ASEAN	Association of Southeast Asian Nations (Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand)				
AUCTU	All-Union Central Council of Trade Unions (USSR)				
BPLF	Baluchistan People's Liberation Front				
CAAC	Civil Aviation Administration of China				
CCP	Chinese Communist Party				
CMEA	Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (socialist economic group headed by the USSR)				
CMEC	China National Machinery and Equipment Import and Export Corporation				
COCOM	Coordinating Committee for Export Control				
CPI	Communist Party of India				
CPI-M	Communist Party of India - Marxist				
CPI-ML	Communist Party of India - Marxist-Leninist				
CPPCC	Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference				
CPSU	Communist Party of the Soviet Union				
CPV	Communist Party of Vietnam				
CSM	<u>Christian Science Monitor</u>				
DOMEI	Japanese Federation of Labor				
		DPRK			Democratic People's Republic of Korea (North Korea)
		DRA			Democratic Republic of Afghanistan
		EC			European Community
		EXIM Bank			Export-Import Bank of Japan
		FBIS			Foreign Broadcast Information Service, <u>Daily Report</u>
		FEER			<u>Far Eastern Economic Review</u>
		FM			Foreign Minister
		FMM			Federation of Malaysian Manufacturers
		GAF			Government of Afghanistan
		GATTC			General Administration of Travel and Tourism of China
		GOB			Government of Bangladesh
		GOI			Government of India
		GOP			Government of Pakistan
		GOS			Government of Singapore
		Gosplan			Soviet planning organization
		JCP			Japan Communist Party
		JETRO			Japan External Trade Organization
		JPRS			US Joint Publications Research Service
		JSP			Japan Socialist Party
		KDD			Kokusai Denshin Denwa Company (Japan)
		KGB			Soviet Secret Police
		KNUFNS			Kampuchean National United Front for National Salvation

KPRC	Kampuchean People's Revolutionary Committee				
KWP	Korean Workers Party (North Korea)		SWB		Survey of World Broadcasting (Great Britain)
LDP	Liberal Democratic Party (Japan)		TASS		Soviet news agency
LPDR	Lao People's Democratic Republic		TYC		Tibetan Youth Congress
MW	megawatt		UN		United Nations
NAM	Nonaligned Movement		UNGA		United Nations General Assembly
NEA	National Electrification Administration of the Philippines		USSR		Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
NHK	Japan Broadcasting Corporation		VCP		Vietnamese Communist Party
NTT	Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Public Corporation		VNA		Vietnamese News Agency
NPC	National People's Congress (China)		VP		Vice Premier
NYT	<u>New York Times</u>				
OECD	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (UN)				
PLA	People's Liberation Army				
PM	Prime Minister				
PRC	People's Republic of China				
PRK	People's Republic of Kampuchea				
PTI	Press Trust of India				
ROK	Republic of Korea (South Korea)				
SDF	Self-Defense Force (Japan)				
SPK	news agency of the People's Republic of Kampuchea				
SRV	Socialist Republic of Vietnam				
S&T	science and technology				

SIX-MONTH SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS

1. INTRODUCTION

As an area where the dynamics of Sino-Soviet competition are exceedingly volatile and in danger of igniting open conflict, Asia is assuming increasing importance for both China and the Soviet Union. In the space of a decade, the Asian Continent has experienced the era of the Vietnam War, the post-war period, and more recently, the beginnings of what may be viewed as the post "post-Vietnam War" period. Political, economic, and military configurations of the region have changed enormously since the war and the years immediately following. A new set of issues and crisis points has since evolved that relates either directly or indirectly to the Sino-Soviet contest, seemingly more critically than before. It is the purpose of the following analysis and summary to isolate these various factors and review how they changed or developed from July through December 1980.

a. Soviet Perceptions

Soviet motives in Asia appear to be twofold: neutralization of China as a threat to Soviet borders and eventual control of South and Southeast Asian waters, particularly the Straits of Malacca through which flow the various raw materials vital to Japan's industrial economy. Control of this area would deny not only Japan but other Western economies as well, easy access to the raw materials, markets, and investment opportunities to be found in Asia. By reason of its underdevelopment, Asia represents a vast area in which Western capitalism theoretically could flourish. The Soviet plan to remove it from capitalism's reach would almost certainly inhibit Western economic growth. Not surprisingly, the Soviets continue to rely on the belief that the West still regards Asia as remote and therefore not crucial. Soviet advances into Asia, they believe, would be less likely to erupt into war with the West than a Soviet thrust into Western Europe.

b. Chinese Perceptions

For China, Asia traditionally has been valued for its protective role as a series of distinct buffer nations each acting to guard China's borders against attack from outside forces. For two decades, China's strategy in Southeast Asia was to promote fragmentation to preserve its domination of the region. It was a strategy that was followed even during the Vietnam War when Chinese support for North Vietnam was carefully calculated to prevent defeat

but not bring victory. The Soviet Union's growing domination of Vietnam and burgeoning interest in the remainder of Southeast Asia, however, spurred China to view the region differently. Fragmentation, as a policy, was replaced by an interest in unifying the nations of Southeast Asia (particularly ASEAN member nations) into a common front opposing both the Soviet Union and Vietnam. To cultivate relations with the ASEAN nations, China had to demonstrate its willingness to drop support for Communist insurgent groups operating within the borders of ASEAN countries. Its intense opposition to the Vietnamese and Soviets appears to be responsible for its having acceded to this long-time ASEAN demand, although some inconsistencies still exist in the implementation of this policy. It remains for China to find yet other ways to dispel old fears that it seeks, above all, to dominate the region.

2. NORTH ASIA

a. Japan-USSR

Tensions which arose between Moscow and Tokyo following the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan did not ease appreciably during the final 6 months of 1980. The Japanese Government did decide to lift gradually its economic sanctions against the Soviet Union, much as the United States and Western Europe were beginning to lift theirs, and major Japanese companies, who were reported in November to have lost \$4 or \$5 billion as a result of the sanctions, resumed trade negotiations with the Soviets. The Japanese additionally eased their policy of restricting people-to-people contacts with the Soviet Union by first granting an entry visa in July to the Soviet Foreign Ministry's second Far East Department Chief Nikolay Solov'yev. His visit was followed in September by that of Soviet Deputy Foreign Trade Minister Vladimir Sushkov and in November by that of a Soviet trade delegation headed by Deputy Foreign Trade Minister V. M. Ivanov.

In August, the Soviet Union asked Japan to undertake approximately one-third of a \$10 billion natural gas pipeline project linking western Siberia and West Germany. Contract talks in December, however, encountered strong competition for the Soviet orders from West German and other European firms, threatening a substantial decline in the anticipated final number of Soviet orders to Japan.

Japan's big five steelmakers accepted in principle a Soviet request that 1 million metric tons of plates for pipes be supplied yearly for 5 years starting in 1981, marking the first time Japanese steelmakers guaranteed a long-term supply volume to the USSR. A subsequent agreement stipulated that Japan would supply 150,000 tons by March 1981.

The two countries also signed protocols calling for the Japan Export-Import Bank to advance \$35.2 million in loans for coal mine development in southern Yakutsk and \$800 million for a Siberian forestry resource development project.

The area of tension between the two countries was concentrated, however, not in economic relations but in issues related to Japan's defense against a perceived Soviet military threat. The publication of two Japanese Government papers--one on security and the other on diplomacy--appeared to be directed at creating public support for Japan in strengthening its military position in the Western community. One stressed Japan's vulnerability to an unnamed enemy; the other called on Japan to be prepared to meet the sacrifices required of a leading member of the Western community. The distinctly anti-Soviet tone of the papers was apparently shared by a large proportion of the population whose support for a military buildup was also continuing to grow.

Prime Minister Suzuki integrated the defense buildup issue into a concept called "comprehensive national security," a scheme stressing Japan's difficult position as a resource-poor but industrially successful nation caught between two quarreling Communist neighbors. The plan called for "self-reliance" in defense and required Japan's Self-Defense Force to be modernized "in the spirit of defending the country ourselves," a theme that was echoed in an impassioned debate on the definition of "patriotism" between the Ministry of Education and various leftwing teachers, unions, and political organizations. The ministry's position was that the time had come to nurture "the will to defend our country" in the classroom, a practice that the opposition argued was dangerously similar to the style of pre-World War II militarism.

Within the ruling Liberal Democratic Party, a move to revise article 9 of the Constitution was revived and argument renewed over whether the possession of nuclear weapons was constitutionally permissible. The Government's view held that it was, within the context of defense of the nation.

Soviet intransigence regarding the Northern Territories issue and overall arrogance in dealing with Japan, continued to incur Japanese enmity. Japan's decision to arm its Self-Defense Force fighters with air-to-air missiles, an important initial step in the direction of rearmament, was taken because of continuing Soviet disregard for the sanctity of Japanese airspace. Similarly, an August incident involving the Soviet Navy's towing of a damaged nuclear submarine through Japanese territorial waters, despite Japan's refusal to grant permission for its passage, succeeded in damaging relations further. Although both countries claimed to be open to the possibility of improving relations, each was waiting for the other

to initiate the process. A brief reference to Japan in an August speech by Party Chairman Brezhnev, however, might be interpreted as a clue to Soviet interest in better relations, as it marked the first time the Soviet leader mentioned Japan in a public statement since a MiG-25 pilot defected to Hokkaido with his aircraft in September 1976.

b. Japan-PRC

A July report showed that the Japan-China trade balance had moved toward an equilibrium in the first half of 1980 after a long period of chronic deficit on the Chinese side. Indications were that Japan's merchandise trade balance with China was likely to be deficit for the first time in 16 years because of a steep growth in imports arising from soaring crude oil prices. While Japanese exports to China fell by 0.5 percent, Japanese imports from China increased by 51.7 percent largely because of an upsurge in crude oil imports. As a result, Sino-Japanese trade for 1980 was expected to reach a record high of more than \$8 billion.

Crude oil imports from China, however, were expected to decline. China proposed to cut sharply the amount of crude oil it was slated to supply Japan in 1981 and 1982 because it anticipated little growth in either its onshore production or offshore exploration. It offered an additional 10 million tons of coal a year beginning in 1990 as a possible substitute for the expected shortfall in future oil shipments. The Japanese responded by extending four loans totaling \$200 million to help finance major Chinese coal projects.

Nevertheless, 8 years of smooth relations between China and Japan suffered a setback as a result of another reshuffle of China's industrial priorities. A number of unilateral contract cancellations and postponements of plant construction projects in China caught the Japanese unprepared. Chinese explanations that these actions were needed to scale down an unrealistic modernization program did little to mollify Japanese investors who were preoccupied with the question of whether China intended to compensate Japanese business for losses on plant and equipment already delivered. China's assurances that compensation would be forthcoming elicited only skepticism on the part of Japan. The Japanese felt China was ignorant of international business practices and was not aware of the seriousness of the situation it had created.

The immediate cause of China's difficulties lay in balancing its budget. In 1979, China's deficit was \$11.37 billion, 61 percent of which was attributed to capital investments. The shortfall at that time was made up by drawing on the previous year's surplus. The 1980 deficit amounted to \$8 billion but, unlike 1979, no surplus was available. Instead the Chinese looked to cutting back new industrial plants and equipment in hopes that the

deficit could be eliminated altogether by ruthlessly cutting investment and canceling projects already underway. A previous emphasis on heavy industry was dropped in favor of lighter industry which would provide a more immediate return on investment. The future of Baoshan, the massive steel manufacturing complex funded by the Japanese, was, therefore, placed in jeopardy along with numerous other Japanese ventures.

The drastic nature of China's actions may have appeared necessary from the Chinese point of view but they seriously alienated Japanese investors who will be required to demonstrate extraordinary patience and resilience if Sino-Japanese economic ties are not to deteriorate further.

c. North Korea

There was some indication that Moscow was once again interested in rebuilding relations with Pyongyang, which began to decline in the late 1970s. Communiques issued following meetings between Moscow's delegate Viktor Grishin and Korean leaders at the October Korean Workers Party Congress were friendly and optimistic, expressing Moscow's interest in improving relations. The North Koreans, however, responded cautiously, partly as a result of their concern over the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, a subject on which they remained silent. North Korea's failure to express an opinion on the invasion and its abstention on two occasions from voting on Afghanistan resolutions raised at Socialist bloc parliamentary meetings were, however, interpreted by Moscow as anti-Soviet. The Korean Workers Party Congress in a way reinforced this view because the North Koreans continued to refer to "dominationism," a codeword embracing certain aspects of Soviet foreign policy. Kim Il-song made repeated reference to North Korea's support for the "anti-imperialist independent forces" against the "imperialists and dominationists," but seemed equally bothered by China-US ties and called on "socialist and nonaligned countries [not to] give up their anti-imperialist stand in order to improve their diplomatic relations with imperialist countries . . . "

Conclusions concerning North Korea's position between China and the Soviet Union are difficult to draw. Its refusal to align with Soviet foreign policy no more suggests its moving toward Beijing than its annoyance at US-China ties implies it is looking toward Moscow. Kim Il-song plays a risky game. His dependence on both countries requires that he never move very far toward one without making some concession to the other. Oil shortages, however, due to severe Soviet cutbacks, will lead to an increased dependence on the Chinese and some semblance of closer alignment.

d. South Korea

South Korea moved quietly to reestablish a trading partnership with China, and two-way trade in 1980 amounted to more than \$300 million. The political impact was greater than the economic, however, because a thaw in the cold war politics which have dominated relations between the two countries may have resulted. South Korea's exports to China consisted of electronic products and fabrics in return for coal, and despite a large share of the trade occurring by way of third countries, their volume exceeded Seoul's trade with any other Communist country.

The Seoul Government also sought unsuccessfully to purchase coal from the USSR. Secret negotiations apparently were underway to establish both commercial trade agreements and diplomatic recognition, but the Soviets failed to show a serious interest.

3. SOUTHEAST ASIA

a. ASEAN

For the ASEAN nations, Kampuchea represented the major problem facing the area. Vietnam's occupation of Kampuchean territory continued to alert member nations to the possibilities of further Vietnamese expansion, with the concurrence and support of the Soviet Union. At the UN in October, the members joined with China in voting to seat the Democratic Kampuchean delegation rather than the Vietnamese-supported Heng Samrin regime and supported a UN resolution calling for the removal of foreign troops from Kampuchea and the convening of an international conference to settle the situation. Although ASEAN unity was in part responsible for the UN resolution, differences of approach surfaced soon after the vote. Indonesia supported a plan to legitimize forthcoming elections in Heng Samrin-ruled Kampuchea with an international supervisory team. Malaysia explored ways to hold regional talks between ASEAN, Vietnam, and Laos, while Thailand and Singapore urged China to remove the Khmer Rouge's leaders to gain international support for the anti-Vietnamese resistance.

In successive trips to Beijing, Thai Premier Prem Tinsulanon and his Singapore counterpart, Lee Kuan Yew, suggested persuasively to Chinese Vice Chairman Deng Xiaoping that Pol Pot, Ieng Sary, and Khieu Samphan be dropped from the Democratic Kampuchean leadership. The Chinese appeared interested as long as opposition to the Vietnamese in Kampuchea could be kept alive. A united front of resistance forces was suggested and the Singapore and Thai

leaders favored Prince Sihanouk as its leader. Sihanouk, retreating from an earlier declaration of retirement from politics and an even earlier refusal to deal with Democratic Kampuchians, acquiesced to playing a role.

Malaysia and Indonesia viewed the Vietnamese as being in control in Kampuchea and as unwilling, despite grave economic problems, to give it up. Both felt that a regional conference on Kampuchea attended by the ASEAN countries and Hanoi might be feasible rather than an international conference which the Vietnamese would adamantly oppose because it would isolate them as villains in the situation. In October, Hanoi proposed that ASEAN and Indochina enter into discussions on peace and stability in the region. Such discussions would have a twofold advantage. They would be satisfactory to the Vietnamese because they would not focus on Kampuchea per se but might address Kampuchea in passing and thus would meet ASEAN's requirements. A regional conference on peace and stability would also give Vietnam a chance to present China in the worst light. Both ASEAN countries believed that if they accepted the Vietnamese version of the Chinese role in the conflict and ceased supporting the Khmer Rouge, Vietnam might reduce its troop strength in Kampuchea and offer a broader based government.

However, for precisely the same reasons that Hanoi would promote such a conference, Beijing would reject it. Singapore, too, was less than enthusiastic when the idea was broached, while Thailand remained concerned principally with effecting a total Vietnamese troop withdrawal from Kampuchea and opposed any solution that countered Chinese interests. Most Southeast Asian nations, however, still viewed China as a threat. Senior Indonesian officials believed Vietnam's posture on Kampuchea was linked to a justifiable fear of China. They would like to see a strong yet nonaggressive Vietnam to counterbalance China.

China became increasingly sensitive to its threatening image in Southeast Asia owing, in part, to Singaporean Prime Minister Lee's visit to Beijing in November. To shed the image and appear conciliatory, China quietly dropped its demand that substantial Vietnamese troop withdrawals be a condition to the convening of an international conference on Kampuchea and yielded to a suggestion to diminish its support for armed insurgency in the region. Lee's argument that China needed to demonstrate goodwill toward the ASEAN nations perhaps was sufficiently convincing although inconsistencies in China's implementation of its decision are puzzling. For example, the Communist Party of Malaysia's radio station continued to broadcast from China despite Lee's conviction, after leaving China, that it would be shut down. Similarly, the Yunnan-based radio station of the Communist Party of Thailand oddly resumed broadcasting after a long silence. One explanation held that China's hatred of

Vietnam was so intense that it was willing to forgo good relations with ASEAN rather than risk having Southeast Asia's Communist parties fall under the influence of Vietnam or the Soviet Union. If the broadcasts continue, they will almost certainly alienate the people from whom China seeks support.

For most of the ASEAN nations, however, Soviet behavior in Southeast Asia was still more alienating than reassuring. When the Soviet aircraft carrier Minsk penetrated into the Gulf of Thailand in October, it was only Indonesia who argued that the carrier's presence was not sufficiently provocative to require an ASEAN demarche to Moscow. For the remaining countries, the idea of a Soviet naval fleet sailing without warning into the area was alarming. The Philippines on more than one occasion expressed fear of the Soviet presence at Cam Ranh Bay, Vietnam, because of its proximity to the Philippines, and Thailand, too, continued to protest Soviet resupply of Vietnamese troops along the Thai-Kampuchean border despite repeated Soviet denials. Overall the Kremlin did not handle Southeast Asia with a light touch and its behavior served to isolate it even from Vietnam.

b. Vietnam

Vietnam faced severe economic problems, social unrest, and dissolution of its government's moral authority in the latter half of 1980. Food shortages, already critical, were aggravated further by a series of autumn typhoons which destroyed more than 40 percent of the rice crop, and relations with the Soviet Union began to show signs of strain because of Vietnamese resentment of relentless Soviet attempts to secure greater control and Soviet irritation over Vietnam's unyielding independence. Reports that Hanoi's 1981 rice ration from Moscow was to be half the 1979 figure of 1 million tons suggested that the Soviets were not averse to pressuring the Vietnamese in order to wrest further concessions, particularly in the matter of their use of military bases. In addition to the use of harbors at Danang and Cam Ranh Bay, Southeast Asian intelligence circles believed the Soviets were building a submarine base at Kompong Som, Kampuchea, to bolster their Far Eastern fleet. Even though the Soviets were concerned that Vietnam was draining resources otherwise needed in Afghanistan and possibly Poland (by some estimates, as much as \$1 billion in military aid in 1980), the USSR's undiminished fear of China enhancing its relations with ASEAN assured the Vietnamese of continued support.

China continued to threaten Vietnam with another "lesson" despite the military failure of its February 1979 incursion and the succeeding redeployment of Vietnam's elite forces along the border. China perceived its threatening posture as a means of sustaining

pressure on a nation already weakened by overwhelming economic and social problems that would force it to succumb eventually. Kampuchea remained the key to the situation. The Vietnamese invasion of Kampuchea in 1978 left China with little recourse other than military intervention to protect its client state. China's succeeding 1979 offensive against Vietnam failed to force it to withdraw from Kampuchea but nevertheless demonstrated to the Soviet Union that the Chinese position on Kampuchea was one to be reckoned with, thereby establishing a basis for compromise with Moscow that did not exist previously. China's threats of a second "lesson" looked beyond Hanoi to Moscow for a response. It was the Chinese hope in the final 6 months of 1980 that a solution in Kampuchea would result once the Soviets tired of supporting a beleaguered Vietnam drained by ceaseless Chinese threats of invasion.

For the Soviets, however, the continuation of the Vietnamese-Chinese controversy had the advantage of keeping the flashpoint of potential conflict in Indochina and not on the Sino-Soviet border. Their policy is unclear. If it is in the USSR's interest to keep the situation destabilized, the process toward peace in Kampuchea will be a long one. In the end, only they and not Chinese threats will persuade the Vietnamese to reach a political solution.

c. Burma

Uneasy about its position between China and the Soviet Union, Burma did not participate in the Kampuchea credentials question at the UN. Burmese President U Ne Win paid an official visit to China in October and was told by Deng Xiaoping that China was prepared to expand relations with Burma. Problems arose during the talks, however, because of Beijing's unwillingness to promise not to support the armed insurgents opposing the Burmese Government. Ne Win was encouraged to enter into peace talks with the Communist Party of Burma and agreed to do so, with China as the mediator.

4. SOUTH ASIA

a. India-USSR

India made clear which side of the Sino-Soviet contest it was taking by recognizing the Heng Samrin regime in Kampuchea in early July and then playing host to Soviet President Brezhnev when he visited New Delhi in December. Because of Moscow's interest in the Indian Ocean, India was actively courted as a preferred client to insure that it would not reach rapprochement with China. During his visit, President Brezhnev made a point of addressing

Communist Party of India (CPI) leaders in a separate function independent of official leadership. Moscow-leaning factions were told to support the Gandhi Government in all foreign policy matters and to restrict criticism solely to domestic issues.

India's position regarding Soviet activity in Afghanistan remained deliberately ambiguous. In September Prime Minister Gandhi had yielded to pressure from 15 other heads of government, gathered in New Delhi for a conference of Asian and Pacific members of the Commonwealth, to join them in a veiled condemnation of the USSR and Vietnam for their respective roles in Afghanistan and Kampuchea. A joint communique issued after Indonesia's President Suharto visited New Delhi in December more clearly stated India's disapproval by unconditionally extending Indian and Indonesian support for the independence and nonaligned status of Afghanistan. Nevertheless, the joint communique issued following President Brezhnev's visit was deliberately vague on the issue and referred only to "hotbeds of tension in Southwest Asia." Apparently the Indian Government had felt it necessary to demonstrate in small ways that it was not under pressure to endorse the Soviet presence in Afghanistan but felt constrained at the same time not to alienate the Soviets in doing so.

Moscow's economic role in the Indian public sector expanded considerably in the wake of the Brezhnev visit, and the Soviets were found to be popular despite their troops' active engagement in neighboring Afghanistan. A public opinion poll taken in November showed the Soviet Union to be highly regarded by the Indian public while the Chinese were viewed as untrustworthy.

b. India-China

India's close ties with the Soviet Union and the insoluble nature of its border dispute with China effectively precluded any dramatic breakthrough in Sino-Indian relations. Each side appeared to be waiting for the other to initiate action. Indian recognition of the Heng Samrin regime in Kampuchea signaled to China that India's position was clearly to do the Soviets' bidding. India, in turn, seemed content to leave relations as they were in order to maximize Soviet support. However, the Indians remained wary of Chinese overtures to Pakistan, Bangladesh, and Nepal because they threatened Indian preeminence in the area and necessitated closer reliance on the Soviets for diplomatic and military support.

c. Pakistan-USSR

The worsening relationship between Pakistan and the Soviet Union was caused primarily by the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan. Islamabad saw itself encircled by Soviets in Afghani-

stan and a hostile India with close ties to the Soviet Union. The Pakistani military feared a Soviet move into Pakistan that could be disguised by the need to halt rebel infiltration along the Durand Line. For their part, the Soviets continued to woo President Zia with offers of economic aid, including a new steel plant erected with Soviet assistance, but the plant's opening ceremony was avoided by Zia in a gesture of displeasure over harsh Soviet media attacks on the Pakistani martial law regime.

Soviet strategy aimed at getting President Zia to sit down at the negotiating table with the Kabul "puppet" government, thereby recognizing its legitimacy. Zia's policy of Islamization, however, was a real impediment to the Soviets as was his decision to restrict the number of Soviet diplomatic personnel and their movements. It was Zia's fear that a new wave of tribal uprisings would break out in Baluchistan with Soviet support. Several instances of Soviet helicopter gunship raids into Pakistan territory enhanced his insecurity.

d. Pakistan-China

Pakistan's relationship with China is one of longstanding friendship. However, China's capability to insure Pakistan's security has been limited. Pakistan's military hardware is antiquated and the Chinese have not had the financial means to modernize it. Although they opened an aircraft rebuild factory in Kamra in November and reportedly delivered three squadrons of Fantun fighter aircraft as part of an arms deal that included new Chinese SAM-2, surface-to-air missiles, the Chinese commitment to Pakistan's defense, while sincere, has been inadequate in the face of Pakistan's perceived threat from India and the USSR.

e. Bangladesh

Bangladesh's overriding security consideration has always been India, and an early deterioration in relations with the Gandhi regime led the Bangladesh Government to seek cordial ties with the Chinese as part of a foreign policy similar to that of Pakistan in its view of India and the USSR. A Calcutta daily reported in September that Bangladesh had arranged the purchase of two squadrons of MiG-21s, 36 tanks, and other arms worth about \$400 million from China when President Zia visited Beijing in July. China also agreed to provide a \$42 million interest-free loan for economic development.

The Soviets continued to be apprehensive about China's high visibility in Bangladesh. Although the political opposition, particularly the leftwing of the Awami League, still

looked to Moscow as a model and friend, it was difficult to convince the country's Muslim population of Soviet goodwill, particularly after Afghanistan.

5. CONCLUSION

The prospects for a Sino-Soviet rapprochement in Asia appeared more bleak at the end of 1980 than previously, as competition between the two sides intensified and attitudes hardened. The Soviet invasion of Afghanistan remained no less a blot on Moscow's reputation among the Asian nations, but the attention it once received dwindled in the face of the potentially explosive situation in Kampuchea for which the Soviets were also held culpable. With the exception of Vietnam (whose Soviet relationship had begun to show signs of deterioration), India, and occasional Indonesian acquiescence, the Soviets met with little support in Asia. Their successes, nevertheless, could be measured in terms of having gained access in Vietnam to some of the finest military harbors in Asia, having renewed a special relationship with India, the world's largest nonaligned nation, and having kept China preoccupied with countering the threat of a hostile Vietnam.

China's opposition to both Vietnam and the Soviet Union fostered much of its foreign policy in the region. In Southeast Asia it was able to capitalize to a degree on Soviet unpopularity, although its cultivation of goodwill was marred by an inconsistency observed between its stated intention to withdraw support of Communist insurgent groups in the region and its apparent failure to do so fully. Nevertheless, Southeast Asian nations tended to follow China's lead because Soviet-supported Vietnam appeared to be the greater threat, surpassing even old fears of Chinese domination. In Japan as well, China was preferred over the USSR, despite the alienation incurred as a result of China's unilateral economic cuts, because of the more imposing threat represented by the Soviet Union.

From this particular perspective China would appear to have gained somewhat over the Soviet Union. However, Sino-Soviet rivalry in Asia in the final months of 1980 was really more accurately depicted in Kampuchea where it was stalemated, and where, given the unyielding positions of either side, it was likely to remain so.

6. CHRONOLOGY

The following chronology depicts events from which the above observations are drawn.

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
1 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Government lodges a protest with the Soviet Government regarding the violation of Japanese airspace over the Noto Peninsula by two Soviet antisubmarine reconnaissance planes on 29 June. The Soviet Government expresses regret over the incident.	X					FBIS (AP) 2 Jul 80
1 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese trade officials report that Japan and the Soviet Union have reached a compromise on the interest rate for trade credit for steel pipe shipments to the Soviet Union. The interest rate was set at 7.25 percent per annum, a slight decrease from the 1979 rate of 7.275 percent.			X			FBIS (AP) 1 Jul 80
1 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Exhibition of Soviet school equipment opens in Hanoi.					X	FBIS (AP) 2 Jul 80
1 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Agreement is signed in Phnom Penh between the PRK and the Soviet Union to develop mutual assistance in the scientific and technical fields and to reopen the Khmer-Soviet Friendship Institute of Technology for the training of technicians.					X	FBIS (AP) 7 Jul 80
1 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Tokyo-based Korean resident's daily Tongil Ilbo reports there is a growing criticism of China within the Pyongyang regime as a result of China's alleged failure to honor its promise for economic cooperation. China is also being denounced for "failing to show sincerity" in the area of military cooperation and for attempting to make use of North Korea in the Sino-Soviet rivalry.	X					FBIS (AP) 1 Jul 80
1 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. Korean-Soviet Friendship Society Central Committee arranges a film show to mark the 19th anniversary of the signing of the Korean-Soviet Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation, and Mutual Assistance.					X	FBIS (AP) 2 Jul 80
1 Jul 80	ROK/PRC. South Korean Foreign Ministry official reports the Seoul Government plans to grant a beyond-flight right to Japan and other countries in addition to the United States if they want to serve China via Seoul. An aviation agreement between the United States and South Korea will be concluded later in July giving American civilian airlines the right to fly to China via Seoul.	X		X			FBIS (AP) 1 Jul 80
1 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Malaysia and the USSR form a joint venture shipping agency which will shortly begin operations. Dr. B. T. Kouchik, Soviet Ambassador to Kuala Lumpur, says establishment of the agency will improve bilateral trade. He notes Soviet vessels are already making over 200 calls a year at Malaysian ports to take on cargo destined for the Soviet Union, and the USSR imported more than \$170 million worth of rubber from Malaysia in 1980 while increasing its imports of Malaysian palm oil.			X			JPRS 76280, S&EA Rept 22 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
1 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/USSR/PRC. In connection with the 12th anniversary of the signing of the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty, Viktor Gradvov, in a Moscow Radio Peace and Progress broadcast, notes China has been giving effective assistance to Pakistan toward the development of nuclear weapons, an act which conflicts directly with the spirit of the treaty.				X		FBIS (USSR) 3 Jul 80
2 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Daiwa Securities Company of Japan announces that it has agreed to help Beijing raise funds in the international investment market for the Chinese capital's modernization plans. The funds raised will be used to modernize Beijing's transport and communications systems and to build modern hotels in the city.			X			FBIS (AP) 24 Jul 80
2 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Thai Deputy FM Arun Phanuphong, following a meeting with Soviet Ambassador to Thailand Yuriy Kuznetsov, reports the ambassador announced to him that the Soviet Union intends to stop arms aid to Vietnamese troops in Cambodia. The ambassador discloses that the troops are sufficiently supplied and that any future aid will be only in the form of food and "other necessities."				X		FBIS (AP) 2 Jul 80
2 Jul 80	SRV/ASEAN/USSR. Hun Sen, Kampuchea's Foreign Minister, attacks Thailand and other ASEAN countries at a press conference arranged by the Soviets in Moscow.	X					FBIS (PRC) 3 Jul 80; FBIS (USSR) 3 Jul 80
2 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Deputy Arun Phanuphong informs Soviet Ambassador to Thailand Yuriy Kuznetsov of a note adopted by the ASEAN foreign ministers meeting in Kuala Lumpur condemning Vietnam's incursion into Thai territory. Arun states that Thailand holds the Soviet Union responsible for supporting the Vietnamese in their armed aggression against Thailand and reiterates Thailand's stand against outside aggression. The Soviet Union is urged to stop its military aid to Vietnam and cease slandering Thailand in its TASS and Pravda publications.	X					FBIS (PRC) 3 & 11 Jul 80
2 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Acting FM of the Philippines Jose Ingles files a protest with the Soviet Embassy in Manila regarding the intrusion of a Soviet aircraft into Philippine air space on 24 June.	X			X		FBIS (AP) 2 Jul 80
2 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Pakistan Government orders the Soviet Union to close down its press information office in Karachi and suspend operation of its monthly propaganda organ, <u>Tulu</u> .	X					FBIS (South Asia) 3 Jul 80
2&3 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. USSR and Japan reach an agreement on a loan from the Exim Bank of Japan to the Soviet trade organization for importing 750,000 tons of large-diameter steel pipes from Japan, an increase of 50,000 tons over 1979 imports. Price increases for the pipes, averaging 10 percent more than the 1979 rate, were accepted. The two countries also sign a contract under which the Soviet Union will import seamless steel pipes for oil pipelines from Japan.			X			FBIS (AP) 3 Jul 80; FBIS (USSR) 8 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	
3 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. China considers possible three-party deal with Japan and Australia. Japan would provide cash or machinery as investment in Australian development in exchange for Chinese coal.			X		Financial Times (London) 3 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Bo Yibo tells a group of Japanese economists meeting in Beijing that "the Baoshan Steel Complex is not the way for China to carry out its modernization effort." Bo states the complex, which is under construction in Shanghai with the technical cooperation of the Nippon Steel Corp., "has become a burden on the Chinese people."			X		FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Seibu Department Stores Co. of Japan and the Beijing Foreign Trade Corp. set up a joint company to sell Chinese products in Tokyo.			X		FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. SRV Foreign Ministry delivers a note to the PRC Foreign Ministry reiterating its proposal that the first session of the third round of the Sino-Vietnamese talks be held in Hanoi on 15 July.		X			FBIS (AP) 3 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. VCP Central Committee General Secretary Le Duan presents in Moscow the Vietnamese Order of the Gold Star to Leonid Brezhnev, Aleksey Kosygin, Mikhail Suslov (member of the Politburo and Secretary of the CPSU Central Committee), for their "outstanding contribution to the strengthening and development of fraternal friendship, solidarity, and all-round cooperation between the Soviet Union and Vietnam."		X			FBIS (PRC) 7 Jul 80; FBIS (USSR) 7 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Presidium of the Union of Soviet Societies for Friendship and Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries awards badges of honor to six Vietnamese in charge of the Vietnam-USSR Friendship Association on the occasion of the Association's 30th anniversary. Recipients of the awards are Xuan Thuy, Nguyen Xien, Nguyen Thi Thap, Nguyen Khanh Toan, Nguyen Thi Luu, and Vu Quoc Uy.		X			FBIS (AP) 7 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Vietnamese and Soviet leaders meet in Moscow. Present at the meeting are Le Duan, VCP Central Committee General Secretary; Pham Van Dong, member of the Party Central Committee Political Bureau and SRV Premier; and Nguyen Lam, Party Central Committee Secretary, Vice Premier, and Chairman of the SRV State Planning Commission. Soviet representatives are Messrs Brezhnev, Kosygin, Gromyko, Rusakov (who is CPSU Central Committee Secretary), and Baybakov, Chairman of the State Planning Commission.		X			FBIS (PRC) 7 Jul 80; FBIS (USSR) 7 Jul 80; FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
3 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Agreement is signed in Moscow between the USSR Government and the SRV Government on cooperation in conducting geological surveys and the extraction of oil and gas on the continental shelf of southern Vietnam. The agreement is signed by Baybakov, Deputy Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers and Chairman of the USSR Gosplan, and Nguyen Lam, Secretary of the VCP Central Committee and Chairman of the State Planning Committee.			X			FBIS (AP) 7 Jul 80; FBIS (USSR) 7 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Hoa Sen ground satellite communications station, built with Soviet assistance, begins operation.	X					FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Ji Pengfei, head of the International Liaison Department of the CCP Central Committee, meets with a delegation of the North Pyongyang Provincial Committee of the Korean Workers Party led by Hen Bin Cher, Committee Secretary.		X				FBIS (PRC) 7 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. Soiree devoted to the 19th anniversary of the friendship, cooperation, and mutual assistance treaty between the USSR and the DPRK is held in Moscow. Speakers point out that the treaty served the cause of further strengthening traditional Soviet-Korean friendship and fraternal cooperation.		X	X			FBIS (USSR) 9 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Bustanil Arifin, Indonesian National Logistics Agency Director, discloses that China has offered to sell rice to Indonesia at \$315 per ton compared with the \$325 per ton price Indonesia is more accustomed to paying. Indonesia, however, has not responded to the offer.			X			FBIS (AP) 11 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. S. R. Nathan, Singapore's Permanent Secretary of Foreign Affairs, calls on Feodor Potapenko, Soviet Ambassador to Singapore, to express Singapore's concern over the 23 June attack on Thailand by Vietnamese forces.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Deputy PM Arun Phanuphong protests to Moscow that Soviet arms and ammunition were used by Vietnamese forces in their 2-day military incursion into Thai territory.		X				NYT 3 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) article by Wang Zhiguang entitled "The KGB's Activities in the ASEAN Countries" discusses intensified KGB and Soviet military intelligence espionage activities in ASEAN countries in the guise of "diplomatic officials," "reporters," "merchants," "seamen," and "technicians."		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 11 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Deputy Premier Thanat Khoman states he does not believe the Soviet claim that all arms shipments to Vietnam have halted.				X		FBIS (AP) 7 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
3 Jul 80	ASEAN/SRV/PRC. Special report from Bangkok entitled "Thai Foreign Minister Interviewed by Xinhua and Renmin Ribao [Beijing] Reporters," published on the occasion of the 5th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between China and Thailand, says FM Sitthi Sawetsila told reporters that ASEAN countries no longer trusted Vietnam, and that the ASEAN foreign ministers conference issued a statement condemning Vietnam for sending troops into Thailand. All maintained that the Democratic Kampuchean Government should retain its seat in the UN, that Vietnam's aggression against Thailand served to close their ranks, that ASEAN countries would not take the initiative in having negotiations or a dialogue with Vietnam, and that Hanoi's act of aggression was premeditated. Relations with China were normal: "We understand each other."		X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	BURMA/PRC. Burma's Deputy Minister of Planning and Finance Dr. Maung Shein and Wei Yuming, Vice Minister of the PRC Ministry for Economic Relations with Foreign Countries, sign a collateral agreement in Rangoon regarding the implementation of an economic and technical cooperation agreement between the two countries signed in Beijing in July 1979. Under the collateral agreement, China will assist Burma in implementing eight projects, consisting of the bridge on the Rangoon-Syriam road, a spinning machine with 40,000 spindles, three rice mills each with a daily milling capacity of 150 tons, the Moulmein city water supply project, a lock and key factory, and \$2 million worth of machinery and tools.			X		FBIS (AF) 10 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 8 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	INDIA/PAKISTAN/PRC. A. Turanov's "Military-Political Commentary" entitled "Karakoram Snake" cites the Indian newspaper Deccan Herald report that the Chinese Army has taken control of the "entire length" of the Karakoram mountain road. Turanov writes that with the highway under PRC control, Chinese troops are stationed on Indian and Pakistani territory, encroaching on these countries' sovereignty. Beijing, with Pakistani aid, is also creating its own stronghold in the Gigit region in Jammu State and Kashmir. The Deccan Herald reports that agreement has been reached between Beijing and Islamabad on the permanent location of Chinese troops, including missile subunits, in the region of Gigit and their stationing has already begun. Not far from the city of Punch in the Pakistani-controlled section of Kashmir, Chinese special services, with assistance from the Pakistani-authorities, have additionally created a major subversion and espionage center whose activity will be directed against India and Afghanistan.				X	FBIS (USSR) 11 Jul 80
3 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. New York Times reports the Indian Government has rejected a Soviet offer to set up a nuclear power plant in India.			X		NYT 3 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	
4 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese sources state the Soviet Union has proposed to conclude a long-term contract for a supply of steel pipes from Japan that would commit Japan to supplying the Soviet Union for several years to come. Japanese steelmakers and trading companies, however, sidestepped the proposal and refrained from committing themselves.			X		FBIS (AP) 7 Jul 80
4 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. <u>Nhan Dan</u> (Hanoi) urges that Sino-Vietnamese negotiations be resumed.		X			FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80
4 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) reporter notes Vietnamese authorities have stepped up efforts to send armed personnel to carry out raids and provocative activities against PRC border areas in Guangxi and Yunnan Provinces. In May and June there were 114 such incidents.				X	FBIS (PRC) 7 Jul 80
4 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Vietnamese Government delegation led by Premier Pham Van Dong leaves Moscow for home after attending the 34th session of the Council of Mutual Economic Assistance (CMEA) in Czechoslovakia and stopping over in the Soviet capital.		X			FBIS (AP) 15 Jul 80
4 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) reports a disclosure by Radio Democratic Kampuchea, quoting two captured Vietnamese soldiers, that five Soviet officers, holding the ranks of colonels or generals, recently appeared in the Poipet area of Kampuchea (close to the Thai-Kampuchean border) to supervise operations. They directed Vietnamese soldiers to dig tunnels and store weapons for the defense of Poipet.				X	FBIS (PRC) 8 Jul 80
4 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Agreement on cooperation and mutual assistance in the field of science and technology is signed in Phnom Penh between the USSR and the People's Republic of Kampuchea. The USSR will provide assistance in training scientific workers and will supply scientific and technical equipment.	X		X		FBIS (USSR) 9 Jul 80
4 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Ji Pengfei, Vice Premier of the Chinese State Council and head of the International Liaison Department of the CCP Central Committee, meets in Beijing with a delegation of the North Pyongyang Provincial Committee of the Workers Party of Korea.		X			FBIS (AP) 9 Jul 80
4 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai Communications Minister Amon Sirikaya tells newsmen on his return to Thailand from Beijing where he signed an air service agreement with PRC officials that PRC VP Geng Biao expressed pleasure at the establishment of aviation contacts between the two countries. The Vice Premier also made clear that China stands in full moral support of Thailand and is prepared to extend more support as the situation requires.		X	X		FBIS (AP) 7 Jul 80
4 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Kuala Lumpur Radio reports that in the Kampuchean conflict Vietnam has become more and more a proxy of the Soviet Union.		X			FBIS (AP) 9 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
4 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. PM Indira Gandhi, in an interview with a West German newspaper concerning the situation in Afghanistan, ventures the opinion that the Soviet Union would be glad if it were able to withdraw from Afghanistan without losing face. She explains that the Soviet Union did not have expansionism in mind when it made its incursion into Afghanistan but was obsessed with the idea of preventing the Americans from marching into the country first and thereby reaching the Soviet borders. The Soviet Union, "on account of the American bases in Somalia and Kenya as well as the American influence in Pakistan and formerly in Iran," felt itself "encircled."		X				FBIS (South Asia) 7 Jul 80
5 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Li Xiannian, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, in Beijing meets and pays tribute to Hoang Van Hoan for his "invaluable contributions" to Sino-Vietnamese friendship since he came to China in the summer of 1979.		X				FBIS (PRC) 7 Jul 80
5 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio reports the occurrence of two Chinese artillery barrages against areas in Cao Bang Province.				X		NYT 7 Jul 80; FBIS (AP) 9 Jul 80
5 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. PRC Foreign Ministry, in a note to the Vietnamese Embassy in Beijing, strongly protests armed provocations perpetrated by Vietnamese authorities along the Sino-Vietnamese border.				X		FBIS (PRC) 7 Jul 80
5 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. Commentary by Vladimir Korolev in the Moscow World Service broadcast praises Soviet support to the fraternal DPRK in the 19 years since the treaty of friendship, cooperation, and mutual assistance was signed. The commentary states that dozens of factories and power stations have been built in Korea with Soviet technical assistance, and more than 30 industrial facilities are in the process of being built. Trade is also reported to be on the rise.			X			FBIS (USSR) 8 Jul 80
5 Jul 80	INDIA/PRC. India-China Friendship Association delegation from Orissa State, headed by Manmohan Misra, association Vice President, arrives in Nanjing for a visit, and will leave for Wuxi on 7 July.		X				FBIS (PRC) 11 Jul 80
6 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese radio and television broadcasting delegation headed by Zhang Xiangshan, Director of the Chinese Central Broadcasting Administration, is greeted in Pyongyang by employees of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee.					X	FBIS (AP) 9 Jul 80
6 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. Nodong Simmun (Pyongyang) includes an article entitled "On the Road of Fraternal Friendship and Cooperation" celebrating the 19th anniversary of the conclusion of the treaty of friendship, cooperation, and mutual assistance between the DPRK and the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 7 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
6&7 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai National Assembly delegation led by Air Chief Marshal Kamol De-jathungkha, First Deputy Speaker of the Senate, arrives in Beijing for a friendship visit to China at the invitation of the PRC NPC Standing Committee. They meet with Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng on 7 July.		X				FBIS (PRC) 8 Jul 80
6 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. Indian trade delegation concludes a long-term trade agreement with the Soviet Union during talks in Moscow. According to a news release, the trade agreement extends from 1981 to 1985 and represents a "substantial increase" in Sino-Indian trade, including "significant new items from the Indian side into the Soviet market."			X			FBIS (South Asia) 10 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. PRC Vice Premier Gu Mu meets in Beijing with a delegation from the Toyota Motor Sales Co. Ltd. of Japan, headed by Sadazo Yamamoto, company President.			X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua quotes a VNA (Hanoi) report that Van Tien Dung, Vietnamese Minister of Defense, recently attended a high-level Party meeting in Vietnam's Second Military Zone close to the Sino-Vietnamese border at the same time Hanoi authorities were stepping up their armed provocations against China. The minister enjoined the Party cadres to make the zone "strong in all aspects so that it would have sufficient forces to accomplish the various tasks for the new period and implement the strategic concept of attack." The 2d Military Zone includes the five provinces of Ha Tuyen, Hoang, Lien Son, Lai Chau, Son La, and Vinh Phu, with the first three bordering China's Yunnan Province.				X		FBIS (PRC) 8 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. AFP reports that the intensity of Chinese attacks on Vietnam have reached the level of the period immediately prior to the Chinese invasion of Vietnam in February 1979.				X		FBIS (AP) 14 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnamese Army newspaper Quan Doi Nhan Dan (Hanoi) denounces "the mounting counterrevolutionary collusion between the United States and China as demonstrated by the visit to Beijing of US Assistant Secretary of State Richard Holbrooke." The newspaper accuses the United States and Beijing of "stepping up their collusion in a new plot against Vietnam."		X				FBIS (AP) 7 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet Committee for the Defense of Peace sends greetings to the Vietnamese people on the occasion of the 4th anniversary of the founding of the SRV.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Korea-China Friendship Association Central Committee arranges a film show to mark the 19th anniversary of the signing of the Korean-Chinese Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation, and Mutual Assistance.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
7 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. G. A. Kriulin, Soviet Ambassador to the DPRK, arranges a cocktail party at the Soviet Embassy to celebrate the 19th anniversary of the signing of the Korean-Soviet Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation, and Mutual Assistance.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Ta Kung Pao (Hong Kong) "Political Talk" column by Shih Chun-yu notes that in addition to attending the funeral of former PM Ohira and meeting with US President Carter, PRC Premier Hua Guofeng will hold talks with Thai PM Prem Tinsulanon. It will be the first meeting between Hua and the newly elected Thai Prime Minister as well as the first Sino-Thai summit meeting.		X				FBIS (PRC) 8 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Matichon (Bangkok) reports the Soviet Union is seeking to set up a Thai-Soviet friendship association in Bangkok with the cooperation of Thai Deputy PM Col. Thanat Khoman. A Soviet-Thai Friendship Association reportedly was set up in the Soviet Union in 1979.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	INDIA/PRC. World Bank has established a division for China, and India is concerned that bank aid to China may result in a lessening of funds for Indian projects.			X			Financial Times (London) 13 Nov 80; NYT 7 Jul 80
7 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR/PRC. India becomes the first non-Communist country to recognize the Soviet-backed Heng Samrin regime in Cambodia. PM Gandhi had promised recognition of the pro-Vietnamese regime during her election campaign and reportedly was further pressed to honor her pledge during personal discussions with Soviet FM Andrey Gromyko and Vietnamese Premier Pham Van Dong. The Kremlin is lobbying intensively in the UN to line up votes to seat the Heng Samrin government instead of the Chinese-backed Pol Pot forces. PM Gandhi's government argues that establishing diplomatic relations with Phnom Penh is the best way to avoid "the entry into the region of outside great power influences and rivalries."		X				NYT 8 Jul 80; FBIS (South Asia) 8 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 8 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Hua Guofeng, Chinese Communist Party Chairman, arrives in Tokyo to attend the funeral for Japanese PM Masayoshi Ohira and is greeted at the airport by Acting PM Masayoshi Ito.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese steel industry sources disclose that China has softened its stance over steel imports from Japan and appears ready to accept some price increases.			X			FBIS (AP) 8 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Mitsui Bank of Japan concludes a business cooperation agreement with the China International Trust and Investment Corp. The agreement calls on the partners to introduce firms interested in joint ventures, compensatory trade, and other dealings between Japan and China. The two companies also agree to cooperate in fund raising and financing, exchanging information, and training their employees.			X			FBIS (AP) 30 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
8 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Yamaichi Securities Co. of Japan announces it has inaugurated a business tie-up with China International Trust and Investment Corp. (CITIC). Following Nomura Securities Co., it is the second of Japan's big four securities firms to form such a relationship with CITIC.			X			FBIS (AP) 14 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Lt. Gen. Som Katephan, Information Director of the Thai Armed Forces Supreme Command, in an exclusive interview with Xinhua (Beijing) in Bangkok, says Thailand learned 4 or 5 years ago that Vietnam's plan for the Indochina federation embraces not only Laos and Kampuchea but also 15 or 16 provinces in the eastern and northeastern part of Thailand. Vietnam has deployed six to eight divisions (5,000 men in each division) equipped with Soviet T-54 tanks and 130-mm howitzers and other heavy weapons to the Kampuchean border areas adjoining the Thai Province of Prachin Buri. Soviet MiG-21 planes are in the Sisophon area. Six Vietnamese regiments are massed around the Malai Mountain. The Vietnamese are busy building fortifications and have constructed a strategic highway linking Nimit Village with the Malai Mountain area.				X		FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC/USSR. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) commentary entitled "TASS Blinded by Self-Interest" refutes the Soviet news agency's charge that Thailand is to blame for aggravating the situation in Southeast Asia because of its purchase of weapons from the United States to strengthen its national defense threatened by Vietnam's incursion into its territory. The commentary accuses the USSR of being primarily responsible for Southeast Asia's tense circumstances because all steps taken by Vietnam in that region are taken in the interest of Soviet global strategy and accomplished with Soviet support.		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Voice of the Malayan Revolution (clandestine) accuses the Soviet Union of thrusting into Southeast Asia via Vietnam.		X				FBIS (AP) 11 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	INDIA/PRC. PRC Foreign Ministry Information Department spokesman says in Beijing that China considers India's recognition of the pro-Vietnamese Cambodian regime to be "exceptionally regrettable" and the decision "will only harm the image of India."		X				FBIS (PRC) 8 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	INDIA/SRV/USSR. Opposition leader A. B. Vajpayee, former Indian External Affairs Minister, according to New Delhi reports, states India's recognition of the Heng Samrin regime in Phnom Penh is not "in consonance with its pronounced policy of opposing the presence of foreign troops anywhere," adding that Vietnamese forces should be withdrawn and the Cambodian people allowed to manage their own affairs. S. Shahabuddin, Secretary of the opposition Janata (People's) Party, says India's recognition of the Heng Samrin regime was ill-timed, ill-advised, and will hurt India's role in forcing a withdrawal of the Soviet forces from Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
8 Jul 80	INDIA/SRV/USSR. Nhan Dan (Hanoi) editorial hails the Indian Government's recognition of the Heng Samrin regime, saying Vietnam will be "forever grateful to India for this valuable support."		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	INDIA/ASEAN/USSR. Reports from Jakarta say Indonesian FM Mochtar Kusumaatmaja expressed regret over India's recognition of the Vietnamese-installed Heng Samrin regime in Phnom Penh calling the decision "very untimely."		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
8 Jul 80	INDIA/ASEAN/USSR. Singapore FM Suppiah Dhanabalan, according to Western news agency reports, says India's recognition of the Heng Samrin regime in Kampuchea was contrary to the interests of the ASEAN member nations and the move will serve only the interests of the Soviet Union and its proxy, Vietnam. He calls into question India's position as a nonaligned nation and says its decision will not bring about peace in Kampuchea. Singapore's Second Deputy PM (Foreign Affairs) S. Rajaratnam told reporters on 7 July before leaving for Tokyo that ASEAN would maintain its position on the Kampuchean issue despite India's recognition.		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Emperor Hirohito of Japan receives Premier Hua Guofeng in the Imperial Palace. The emperor expresses his desire that Japan-China friendly relations continue to develop in the interests of peace and stability in Asia.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese steel sources report China has agreed to import some 1 million tons of rolled steel products from Japan during the second half of 1980 at a price 5 percent higher than that paid in the beginning months of the year.			X			FBIS (AP) 10 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Takeshi Inoue, Japan-China Association on Economy and Trade President, states Japan should expand government loans for coal development in China in order to secure a Japanese supply target of 10 million tons in 1985. The possible expansion of loans is necessary, he says, to develop three other coal mines in addition to the four for which the Exim Bank has already approved \$100 million in financing.			X			FBIS (AP) 29 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Kiichi Miyazawa remarks that it is necessary to resume a dialog between Japan and the Soviet Union although this does not necessarily mean an exchange of visits between the top leaders of the two countries. Earlier in the year Japan had decided to restrict an exchange of visits with the USSR at governmental level as a sign of its displeasure with the Russian invasion of Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan Defense Agency aircraft sight two Soviet warships and a submarine heading north through the East China Sea west of Okinawa. The two ships are identified as a KRIVAK I Class missile destroyer and a BORIS CHILIKIN Class supply ship.				X		FBIS (AP) 10 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
9 Jul 80	JAPAN/SRV/PRC. Japanese FM Saburo Okita, during a meeting with Ieng Sary, Deputy PM of Democratic Kampuchea, at the Foreign Ministry in Tokyo, reiterates his country's continued recognition of Democratic Kampuchea and support for its representation in the United Nations.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Guangming Ribao (Beijing) article by Dai Kelai, entitled "A Futile Attempt To Cover up Hundreds of Loopholes . . .," comments on the similarities and dissimilarities of Vietnam's two white papers on the ownership of the Xisha and Nansha Islands, which have been "China's territory since ancient times." The article explains that prior to the 1975 paper the Vietnamese Government had always acknowledged the two island groups as Chinese territory but abandoned its original stand later out of its ambitions for regional hegemony and territorial expansion. SRV claims are stated to be based on "confused and specious material."		X				FBIS (PRC) 11 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Premier Hua Guofeng meets with Deputy PM Ieng Sary of Democratic Kampuchea at the Chinese Embassy in Tokyo. Also present are Keat Chhon, Minister of the Prime Minister's office of Democratic Kampuchea, Chinese Vice FM Han Nianlong, Minister Wang Xiaoyun of the Chinese Embassy, and Deputy Director Xiao Xianggian of the Department of Asian Affairs of the Chinese Foreign Ministry.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Truong Nhu Tang, exiled former Minister of Justice of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam, in an interview with Xinhua (Beijing) in Paris, attributes the cause for Vietnam's present state of isolation to its being "bogged down in Kampuchea and Laos and its toying the line of and entrance into alliance with the USSR."		X				FBIS (PRC) 16 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Pravda (Moscow) editorial entitled "Fraternal Solidarity" praises the recent Moscow meeting of Soviet and Vietnamese leaders as opening a new page in the annals of cooperation between "brother people." The meeting marked the first since November 1978 when the friendship and cooperation treaty was signed.		X				FBIS (USSR) 15 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet Union and Vietnam begin to implement an agreement on oil and gas exploration and exploitation on southern Vietnam's continental shelf, signed in Moscow on 3 July.			X			FBIS (AP) 10 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai FM Sitthi denies a Laotian charge that Thailand sealed its borders with Laos in accordance with Chinese policy.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Air Chief Marshal Kamol Dejjathungkha, leader of the Thai National Assembly delegation and First Deputy Speaker of the Senate, hosts a reciprocal banquet in Beijing during his visit to China.				X		FBIS (PRC) 10 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
9 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng, attending the funeral of PM Ohira in Tokyo, tells Thai PM Prem Tinsulanon that the PRC stands on the side of Thailand in its resistance to Vietnamese aggression and pledges to continue to stand by Thailand.	X					FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Straits Times (Singapore) accuses the Indian Government of playing "the Soviet card"--following the Soviet line that Vietnam needs support against a greater menace, China, "in choosing to support the Heng Samrin regime in Kampuchea.	X					FBIS (AP) 11 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	ASEAN/SRV/USSR. News Service (Tokyo) reports Malaysia is disappointed at India's recognition of the Vietnamese-supported Heng Samrin regime.	X					FBIS (PRC) 10 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	ASEAN/SRV/USSR. FM Manuel Collantes of the Philippines issues a statement regretting the decision by the Indian Government to recognize the Heng Samrin regime, saying it is "tantamount to condoning foreign military intervention." He confides that the Philippines will continue to abide firmly with the ASEAN position on Kampuchea and will persevere, with its ASEAN partners, in the search for a durable political solution to the conflict.	X					FBIS (PRC) 10 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	INDIA/PRC. Chinese Foreign Ministry Information Department spokesman, in an interview with Xinhua News Agency in Beijing, expresses regret at the Indian Government's recognition of the Heng Samrin regime in Phnom Penh.	X					FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. Reports received in Beijing say the USSR lavished praises on India's decision to recognize the Heng Samrin regime in Kampuchea, describing it as "a new considerable contribution to the cause of peace and stability" in Southeast Asia.	X					FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. London Times editorial sees relations with the Soviet Union as the determining factor in India's recognition of the Vietnamese-backed Heng Samrin regime in Cambodia.	X					Times (London) 9 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR/PRC. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) commentary entitled "A Stupid Decision" attacks the Indian Government's decision to recognize the Heng Samrin regime, calling it stupid and likely to cause India's international prestige to plummet. The commentary states that with the USSR on India's doorstep in Afghanistan, it should have drawn the necessary lesson from the Kampuchean incident, opposed all acts of interference in the internal affairs of other countries and encroachment on their sovereignty and territorial integrity, safeguarded the established principles of international law, supported the Democratic Kampuchean Government in its struggle against Vietnamese aggression, and opposed the invasion and expansion of the Vietnamese authorities. The recognition, it concludes, is obviously related to the recent Soviet shipment to India of \$1.6 billion worth of arms and munitions.	X					FBIS (PRC) 10 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
9 Jul 80	INDIA/SRV/PRC. Article broadcast by Radio Democratic Kampuchea says the government and people of Democratic Kampuchea express regret over the Indian Government's recognition of the Vietnamese-installed Phnom Penh puppet regime.		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Jul 80
9 Jul 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng meets with Bangladesh President Ziaur Rahman in Tokyo. Both leaders are in Japan to attend the funeral of Japanese PM Ohira.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Jul 80
10 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo News Service (Tokyo) reports that a high Japanese official who declined to be identified remarked that Japan must seek some means of improving its cooling ties with Moscow. "Our relations [with Moscow] will become worse and worse, unless something is done now," he stressed.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Jul 80
10 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Democratic Kampuchea delegation led by Deputy PM Ieng Sary stops in Beijing following Japanese PM Ohira's funeral in Tokyo.		X				FBIS (AP) 16 Jul 80
10 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. USSR Supreme Soviet Presidium decides to confer the Order of Friendship Among Peoples on Vietnam's Acting President Nguyen Huu Tho on his 70th birthday.		X				FBIS (AP) 11 Jul 80
10 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Agreement on cooperation and mutual assistance in irrigation between Kampuchea and the Soviet Union is signed in Phnom Penh.			X			FBIS (AP) 15 Jul 80
10 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Vietnam Olympic Committee delegation headed by Le Duc Chinh, Director of the General Department for Physical Culture and Sport, departs Hanoi for the Olympic games in Moscow. The delegation consists of 25 male and 9 female athletes.					X	FBIS (AP) 11 Jul 80
10 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese Ambassador to North Korea Lu Zhixian hosts a reception at the Chinese Embassy in Pyongyang on the occasion of the 19th anniversary of the signing of the Korean-Chinese Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation, and Mutual Assistance.		X				FBIS (AP) 11 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 14 Jul 80
10 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Three-man Russian delegation arrives in Manila for a 10-day visit to explore avenues for the promotion of friendship and cultural cooperation between the Soviet Union and the Philippines.		X				FBIS (AP) 11 Jul 80
10 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. Contract is signed in Delhi between the USSR and India for delivery to the USSR of 7.8 thousand tons of different heavy industry equipment valued at Rs200.9 million (\$25 million) in 1981-82 and representing one of the largest Soviet orders for heavy industry products from the Ranchi factory, an industrial complex originally built with Soviet assistance.			X			FBIS (USSR) 11 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
10 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Newspaper report in Islamabad notes the Soviet Information Department in Karachi, Pakistan, has been closed recently and thus the monthly magazine <u>Tulu</u> has ceased publication.		X				FBIS (PRC) 11 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC/USSR. Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo) editorial says cordial and friendly talks between US President Carter and Chinese Premier Hua in Tokyo showed that Japan, the United States, and China have entered into a new era of friendship and cooperation. On the other hand, it observes that the absence of Soviet envoys at the memorial service for the late PM Ohira reflects the complexity of Japanese-Soviet relations.	X					FBIS (PRC) 14 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan's big-six steelmakers reach final agreement with the China National Metals and Minerals Import-Export Corp. to supply 1,075,700 metric tons of general carbon steel products. The total comprises 450,000 tons of cold-rolled sheets (material for autos), 350,000 tons of wire rods (material for nails, rivets, bolts and nuts), 113,000 tons of hot coil (hot-rolled sheets in coil or material for cold-rolled sheets and galvanized sheets), 6,000 tons of plates (for shipbuilding and construction), 70,000 tons of galvanized sheets (for roofs), 8,700 tons of electrical sheets (for electrical machinery), 68,000 tons of electrolyte tinplates (for construction), and 10,000 tons of carbon steel for machine building (for autos).			X			FBIS (AP) 14 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that oil industry sources say test drilling for oil is expected to start in October, earlier than scheduled, in the southern part of China's Bohai Bay under a Japan-China joint oil development project. The Petroleum Corp. of China and its Japanese counterpart, Japan-China Oil Development Corp., are negotiating to work out a 5-year operational program for the project.			X			FBIS (PRC) 11 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. New York Times reports the USSR scored President Carter's meeting with Chinese PM Hua in Tokyo, stating that the meeting was aimed at advancing the creation of a US-Japan-China alliance and represented "blackmail."	X					NYT 11 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Matsuo Hamaya, captain and owner of the No. 15 <u>Sawa Maru</u> of Rausu Hokkaido, is fined 15.8 million yen (\$60,000) for engaging in fishing operations in Soviet-controlled waters.			X			FBIS (AP) 18 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Note from the Chinese permanent mission to the UN Secretary General urges the United Nations and UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim to exercise their authority immediately to take effective measures to stop the aggressive acts of the Vietnamese authorities, to protect the safety of the Kampuchean and Thai people, and to resume humanitarian relief operations in the affected areas.	X					FBIS (PRC) 14 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
11 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. PRC FM Huang Hua honors Ieng Sary, Deputy PM of Democratic Kampuchea, and his party with a banquet in Beijing. The party is visiting China en route home from the funeral of the late PM Ohira in Tokyo. Vice Premier Li Xiannian meets with Sary and honors him with a dinner on 12 July.		X				FBIS (PRC) 14 Jul 80; FBIS (AP) 16 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Izvestiya (Moscow) describes the recent Soviet-Vietnamese summit meeting in Moscow as a "new milestone in the most important direction, i.e., the tireless struggle for the happiness of nations and for the noble ideals of peace and socialism."		X				FBIS (AP) 16 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. VNA reports that Soviet experts over the last 3 months have carried out surveys for building a 50,000-hectare rubber plantation in Phu Rieng area, Song Be Province. The Soviet Union will also make loans available to Vietnam for the purpose of enlarging existing rubber areas and improving preservation and exploitation techniques.			X			FBIS (AP) 24 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Indonesian Parliament member Amin Iskandar states that a normalization of diplomatic relations between Indonesia and China will only provide China with a greater opportunity to conduct subversive activities in Indonesia.		X				FBIS (AP) 14 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	INDIA/SRV/USSR. AFP dispatch notes the Indian Communist Party (Marxist-Leninist) issued a statement strongly condemning the Indian Government for recognizing the Heng Samrin regime.		X				FBIS (PRC) 15 Jul 80
11 Jul 80	INDIA/SRV/USSR. Heng Samrin, President of the PRK, sends a message to India's PM Gandhi expressing gratitude to the Indian Government for recognizing the PRK.		X				FBIS (USSR) 14 Jul 80
12 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) quotes a Japanese Foreign Ministry report which holds that the Soviet military buildup in the Far East and resulting potential threat has been increasing in the wake of the Afghanistan invasion. The report concludes that in view of buildup and other changes in the international situation, Japan must strengthen its self-defense capabilities while utilizing its economic leverage to increase aid to developing countries.				X		FBIS (PRC) 17 Jul 80
12 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Nhan Dan (Hanoi) criticizes as the "final act of a cheap play" a 9 July Chinese statement pointing out that there is no sense in resuming the third round of the Vietnam-China talks because "negative factors have increased sharply."		X				FBIS (AP) 14 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
12 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Commentary by Xinhua (Beijing) reporter Ji Ying, entitled "The Aggressors Must Not Be Aided Financially," advocates resolute economic sanctions be taken against the Vietnamese authorities who are pursuing a hegemonist policy. Any aid and materials provided, the article claims, will only increase Hanoi's capability for aggression and expansion, and lighten the Soviet Union's burden, thus increasing its strength to pursue its global strategy.		X				FBIS (PRC) 15 Jul 80
12 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua Domestic Service (Beijing) reports armed Vietnamese personnel have continued to carry out armed provocations in the border areas of China's Yunnan and Guangxi Provinces and have intruded into these areas to raid and harass, thus deliberately creating tension along the border on 4, 5, 7 and 8 July.			X			FBIS (PRC) 14 Jul 80
12 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Marshal of the Soviet Union Dmitry Ustinov, member of the CPSU Central Committee Politburo and Minister of Defense, receives Pen Sovan, Vice Chairman of the PRK People's Revolutionary Council, Minister of National Defense and Commander in Chief of the PRK's People's Revolutionary Army, who is remaining in Moscow for a rest.			X			FBIS (USSR) 14 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 17 Jul 80
12 Jul 80	SRV/USSR/PRC. Unattributed "News Analysis" broadcast to Southeast Asia from Beijing accuses the Soviet Union and Vietnam of using the occasion of the 28 June visit of VCP General Secretary Le Duan to Moscow for a secret discussion of the Southeast Asian issue and pays particular attention to Soviet-Vietnamese cooperation. Since the signing of the November 1978 Soviet-Vietnam Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation, Soviet military advisers have "swarmed" into Vietnam, and Soviet arms and munitions shipped to Vietnam have sharply increased. With Soviet support, Vietnam has increased its anti-China activities and has openly sent troops to invade Kampuchea and control Laos, imposing a great threat to peace and stability in Asia. The USSR has turned Vietnam into a "relay station" for its south-bound strategy in Southeast Asia. This strategy is in coordination with the Soviet drive in South Asia and the Persian Gulf and constitutes an important link in the Soviet contention for world hegemony. The new cooperation means that Vietnam will be "more tightly tied to the war chariot of Soviet world Strategy" and that it will create new disturbances in Southeast Asia.	X					FBIS (PRC) 14 Jul 80
12 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Article by Xinhua (Beijing) reporter Yang Busheng and Renmin Ribao (Beijing) reporter Xu Baokang entitled "The Flower of Friendship Is More Gorgeous Than Ever," extolls the Sino-Korean Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation, and Mutual Aid (11 July 1961), noting the things that have bound the countries since that time: frequent visits between leaders of the two countries, mutual support in struggles to reunify their motherlands, and cooperation in the economic, cultural, scientific, and technological fields.	X					FBIS (PRC) 16 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
12 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. DPRK Olympic delegation headed by Kim Yu-sun, Committee Chairman, departs Pyongyang to attend the 22d Olympic games in Moscow.					X	FBIS (AP) 15 Jul 80
12 Jul 80	INDIA/PRC. Economist (London) editorial expresses the hope that India's recognition of the Vietnamese-backed Heng Samrin government in Cambodia will not jeopardize the normalization of relations between India and China.	X					Economist (London) 12 Jul 80
12 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR/PRC. GPI (M) issues a statement strongly condemning India's recognition of the Heng Samrin regime in Kampuchea. A Party spokesman says the action proves "the Indira Gandhi government remains the same, whirling in the Soviet orbit as before."	X					Khyber Mail (Peshawar) 13 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 15 Jul 80
12 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. PRC Ambassador to Pakistan Xu Yixin honors President Ziaul Haq with a dinner. Both hail the "deep and durable Pakistan-China friendship and mutual struggle for the preservation of world peace and resistance to hegemonism."		X				FBIS (PRC) 18 Jul 80
13 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan Atomic Industrial Forum delegation, led by Jiro Enjoji, forum Vice Chairman, arrives in Beijing. It is the first delegation sent by the forum to visit China. It will exchange views with Li Jue, Vice Minister of the Second Ministry of Machine Building, on exchange and cooperation between China and Japan in atomic energy.	X					FBIS (PRC) 15 Jul 80
13 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Government grants an entry visa to Nikolay N. Solovyev, the Soviet Foreign Ministry's second Far East Department Chief, thus breaking away from the policy of restricting people-to-people contacts between the two countries which the Japanese imposed following the Soviet military intervention into Afghanistan. Solovyev's impending visit raises hopes that the two countries will seek ways to improve their mutual relations.	X					FBIS (AP) 14 Jul 80
13 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Guardian features an interview with Vietnamese Gen Vo Nguyen Giap who discusses the Chinese threat and Vietnam's relations with Southeast Asia. Giap refers to China and the United States as major enemies.		X				Guardian (London) 13 Jul 80
13 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio conjectures that if China is really serious about wanting to solve the problems concerning the two countries through peaceful negotiations, it will respond positively to Vietnam's proposal that the third round of the Vietnam-China talks begin on 15 July in Hanoi.		X				FBIS (AP) 14 Jul 80
13 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Chinese authorities report that PRC militiamen killed four armed Vietnamese "secret agents" who "sneaked" into the general area of Banbao Village, Zhilang Commune, Ningming County, Guangxi Province.				X		FBIS (PRC) 21 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
14 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese steel sources state that Japan and China have reached general agreement that the prices of seamless pipes for shipment in the latter half of fiscal 1980 be raised by an average 5 percent from those for shipments in the first half of the year.			X			FBIS (AP) 15 Jul 80
14 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. LPDR Ambassador to China Thavon Sichaleun holds a press conference in Beijing to describe the tense situation along the Thai-Lao border which he attributes to the "Beijing reactionaries."		X				FBIS (AP) 17 Jul 80
14 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. PRC NPC Standing Committee, in its reply message to the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly letter of 23 June expressing demands for withdrawal of US troops from South Korea, realization of social democracy in South Korea, and reiterating the DPRK's proposal for replacing the present armistice agreement with a peace agreement between the DPRK and the United States, says China firmly supports the DPRK's demands and proposal for an independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 14 & 18 Jul 80
14 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. Trade Union of Textile and Light Industry Workers of the Soviet Union delegation and a delegation of Soviet architects arrives in Pyongyang for an official visit.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 25 Jul 80
14 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. PRC Vice Premier Ji Pengfei meets in Beijing with a Thai archaeologists delegation, headed by Professor M.C. Subhadradis Diskul, Dean of the Graduate School of the University of Fine Arts. The delegation is in China on an academic study tour.	X					FBIS (PRC) 15 Jul 80
14 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. India opens negotiations with the USSR for acquisition of the multi-role MiG-23 aircraft and the technology used in its manufacture. It reportedly is interested in the MiG-23B ground attack version of the aircraft and would like to purchase several squadrons of the fighters completely assembled, while making arrangements for the remainder to be manufactured domestically under a licensed coproduction agreement with the Soviet Union.				X		FBIS (PRC) 15 Jul 80; JPRS 76532, S&EA Rept 2 Oct 80
14 Jul 80	INDIA/ASEAN/USSR. In his capacity as Chairman of the ASEAN Standing Committee, and with the approval of the ASEAN/foreign ministers, Philippine Foreign Minister Carlos Romulo, in a letter sent from New York to Indian FM Narsimha Rao, writes "The recognition of the Heng Samrin regime by the Government of India is tantamount to condoning the Vietnamese aggression against a nonaligned country."		X				FBIS (PRC) 18 Jul 80
14 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Philippines and the Soviet Union sign a 2-year cultural agreement that covers a program of activities designed to promote friendship and cultural cooperation between the two countries, including film showings.					X	FBIS (AP) 16 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
15 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. JCP Chairman Kenji Miyamoto announces that he has received a reply from the Soviet Communist Party to his letter sent to President Leonid Brezhnev in June calling for total withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan. Speaking at a meeting marking the 58th anniversary of the JCP's establishment, Miyamoto states that "regrettably, there are still big differences in our positions concerning the Afghan question."		X			FBIS (AP) 16 Jul 80
15 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Okita reveals that a career diplomat of ambassadorial rank will be stationed in Hokkaido Province to advise the Hokkaido prefectural government on international problems, particularly those related to the Soviet Union.		X			FBIS (AP) 16 Jul 80
15 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) says a high-ranking official of the Japan Defense Agency, who declined to be identified, stressed that it was hoped the new Cabinet would give priority to increasing defense expenditures up to 1 percent of the GNP in order to stave off possible attacks from the Soviet Union. Japan should have what he called "denial capability," a nonnuclear military power sufficient enough to make an enemy pause in any attempt to invade Japan.				X	FBIS (PRC) 15 Jul 80
15 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio reports that seven border districts of Cao Bang Province are speeding up the building of combat villages and mutual-support combat positions and improving the organization of combat training and exercises for the local militia and self-defense forces.				X	FBIS (AP) 21 Jul 80
15 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet Government delegation led by N.V. Talyzin, member of the Soviet Communist Party Central Committee, arrives in Hanoi to attend the celebration of the 25th anniversary of the signing of the Vietnam-USSR agreement on economic co-operation.		X			FBIS (AP) 17 Jul 80
15 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Vientiane Radio terms the Soviet Union "the solid core of the socialist camp and the very trusted friend of the revolutionary people throughout the world"		X			FBIS (AP) 16 Jul 80
15 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Memorandum on road and bridge building is signed in Vientiane between Laos and the Soviet Union. Under the terms of the memorandum, the Soviet Union is to supply Laos with building materials to construct roads and bridges on the Ngeum and Kading Rivers.			X		FBIS (AP) 17 Jul 80
16 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnamese Commission for Investigation of the Chinese Expansionists and Hegemonists War Crimes, issues a half-year report summarizing Chinese activity along the Vietnamese border during the first 6 months of 1980.		X			FBIS (AP) 17 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
16 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. VCP Secretary Xuan Thuy arrives in Moscow to attend the opening of the 22d Olympic games.		X				FBIS (AP) 17 Jul 80
16 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Lao Government delegation headed by VP Phoumi Vongvichit departs Vientiane to attend the 22d Olympic games in Moscow.		X			X	FBIS (AP) 18 Jul 80
16 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. "Lotus" ground satellite communications station is inaugurated in Ha Nam Ninh Province, Vietnam, by the General Department of Posts and Telegraphs. The station was built with Soviet assistance.	X					FBIS (AP) 22 Jul 80
16 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. The DPRK General Federation of Trade Unions delegation departs Pyongyang to attend the 22d Olympiad opening in Moscow.		X				FBIS (AP) 25 Jul 80
16 Jul 80	ROK/USSR. <u>Izvestiya</u> (Moscow) condemns South Korean authorities for their dependence on the United States and for their repression of the Korean people.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Jul 80
16 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Prof Sayyaf, President of the Islamic Alliance for the Liberation of Afghanistan, in an interview with Xinhua correspondents in Peshawar, condemns the Soviet Union for the crime of killing large numbers of Afghan people with its "wanton" bombardments.		X				FBIS (PRC) 17 Jul 80
17 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese trade sources report the Japan-China trade balance moved toward an equilibrium in the first half of 1980 after a long period of chronic deficit on the Chinese side. Japan's exports to China in the January-June period totaled \$2,041 million while Japanese imports from China amounted to \$1,951 million.			X			FBIS (AP) 17 Jul 80
17 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. New Japanese FM Masayoshi Ito tells reporters he will follow the diplomatic line of the previous Cabinet. Regarding relations with the USSR, he says the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan threatens world security and peace. Japanese-Soviet relations, which had been cool in recent months, "certainly should be improved but with the prerequisite that the UN resolution (calling for the withdrawal of Soviet troops) should be observed."		X				FBIS (PRC) 18 Jul 80
17 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Government notifies Japan that it will return a crewman of a Japanese fishing boat captured by a Soviet patrol on 24 June off Kunashiri Island after allegedly violating Soviet "territorial sea."		X				FBIS (AP) 17 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
17 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Maritime Safety Agency warns Japanese ships to steer clear of certain waters off Etorofu Island northeast of Hokkaido because the Soviet Union will be conducting gunnery drills from 21 to 25 July.				X		FBIS (AP) 18 Jul 80
17 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. <u>Nhan Dan</u> (Hanoi) reports, "Soviet assistance to the Vietnamese northern border provinces devastated by Chinese aggression demonstrates the Soviet Union's international spirit."	X					FBIS (AP) 22 Jul 80
17 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. VCP Central Committee members Le Van Luong and Nguyen Van Linh depart Hanoi for Moscow to attend the 22d Olympic games.	X				X	FBIS (AP) 18 Jul 80
17 Jul 80	INDIA/PRC. Indian Government expresses fears of a joint US-PRC effort to arm Pakistan--a move that New Delhi feels will threaten Indian security. Speaking before the Lok Sabha, External Affairs Minister Narasimha Rao reports that Washington is more sympathetic to India's views than is Beijing. He warns that India would look unfavorably on any US attempts to supply arms to China.	X					FBIS (South Asia) 17 Jul 80
18 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki, at a press conference in Tokyo, outlines his foreign policy which is principally that of the late PM Ohira. Japan-US relations are its axis. Relations with China are most essential for the future of Japan and stability in Asia. Progress should also be made in Japan's relations of friendship and cooperation with Southeast Asia, ASEAN, and the Middle East. The USSR is "an important neighbor of Japan," and attention should be paid to the promotion of friendly relations to bring about peace and stability in Asia as well as the mutual prosperity of both countries. He regrets the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and the construction of military installations on the four northern islands, which strain relations between the two countries, but adds that "Japan alone cannot bring about a change for the better; the other side must also help create an environment for improvement."	X					FBIS (PRC) 22 Jul 80
18 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan protests the Soviet Union's designation of waters off the Russian-held northern Pacific island of Etorofu for firing drills.				X		FBIS (AP) 22 Jul 80
18 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR/PRC. Japanese PM Ito states in an interview with Kyodo News Service (Tokyo) that the foreign policy of Japanese PM Suzuki will remain the same as that of the late PM Ohira. He stresses the need for Japan to take an independent approach toward the Soviet Union and reports that "we are now groping for a way" to patch up relations with Moscow. With respect to China, he simply says that Japan-China relations will become increasingly strong.	X					FBIS (AP) 18 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
18 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet Union refuses to grant entry visas to some 400 members of the Pyongyang-controlled Federation of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongyon) who applied to visit Moscow as part of cheering party for the North Korean Olympics team.		X				FBIS (AP) 18 Jul 80
18 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Apolonio Batalla, commentator for the Daily Bulletin (Manila), reports that the Soviet buildup at Cam Ranh Bay in Vietnam, directly across the sea from the American base at Subic Bay in the Philippines, is raising fears that the Philippines will almost certainly be involved in any superpower clash.				X		FBIS (AP) 18 Jul 80
18 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR/SRV. Thai Ministry of Commerce approves an application for a Thai maize exporter, Thanaphonchai Co., to sell 23,000 tons of maize to the Soviet Union on condition that the Soviet Union guarantee it will not ship the grain to Vietnam.			X			FBIS (AP) 23 Jul 80
18 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. Leaders of the All-India Moslem Youth Convention meeting in New Delhi harshly condemn PM Gandhi for blindly following the Soviet lead and not coming out against the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan. Muslim leaders term India's tacit acceptance of the invasion "a disgrace" and warn of "serious consequences" should Mrs. Gandhi continue to toe the Soviet line.		X				FBIS (South Asia) 23 Jul 80
18 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. L. Karkov article entitled "The Secret Becomes Obvious" in the Soviet publication Novoye Vremya, No. 29, accuses Pakistan of training and equipping counterrevolutionaries with weapons, explosives, and toxic chemical agents to create havoc in Afghanistan. It links the supply of weapons to Pakistan with CIA efforts to supply Afghan rebels with foreign-made weapons and aid them through other secret efforts.		X		X		FBIS (USSR) 29 Jul 80
19 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Nikolay Solov'yev, a ranking Soviet Foreign Ministry official in charge of Japanese affairs, arrives in Tokyo for talks with Japanese foreign ministry officials.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Jul 80
19 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Mainichi Shimbun (Tokyo) reports the Japanese Foreign Ministry turned down the Soviet request to dispatch Deputy Foreign Trade Minister V. Sushkov to Japan for negotiations over exploitation of oil and natural gas in the Sakhalin Sea. The Foreign Ministry source pointed out that the stern stand toward the Soviet Union in the past 6 months resulted from the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan. After learning the news, the Soviet authorities retaliated by refusing to give entry visas to Japanese technicians.		X				FBIS (PRC) 22 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
19 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Kiichi Miyazawa defends Japan's boycott of the summer Olympic games in Moscow. He states the free world must demonstrate its unity by not taking part in the event.		X			X	FBIS (AP) 21 Jul 80
19 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito tells the Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Tokyo) that Japan has taken measures to restrict visits and suspend new loans to the USSR since its invasion of Afghanistan, but is probing for ways to promote dialog.			X			FBIS (PRC) 22 Jul 80
19 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Yu. Maksimov article entitled "Mutually Advantageous Cooperation," published in the Soviet publication Sotsialisticheskaya Industriya, chides Japan for its inconsistent and contradictory policy in building up business contacts with the USSR, despite contracts such as the large-diameter steel pipe supply for the construction of main gas pipelines linking the West Siberian deposits with the European part of the USSR and granting of credit from the Japanese Exim Bank. To date there is no intergovernment agreement between the two countries on economic cooperation covering the long term which leads to Japanese companies operating under less favorable conditions than their West European rivals. The article suggests that greater stability would be promoted if the prospects for the development of these relations could be made clearer.			X			FBIS (USSR) 31 Jul 80
19 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Philippines News Agency reports Philippine President Marcos says he will consult the legislative assembly on "reviewing and restudying" the existing defense and security measures in light of the establishment of the Soviet base in Cam Ranh Bay, Vietnam, which could affect not only the security of the Philippines but also that of Southeast Asia.				X		FBIS (PRC) 23 Jul 80
20 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Guardian editorial opposes Chinese proposal for alliance between China, Japan, and the United States on the grounds that it would give credence to Soviet claims that the West intends to keep the USSR surrounded.	X					Guardian (London) 20 Jul 80
20 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Mainichi Shimbun (Tokyo) editorial notes that a move toward restoration of normal relations between Japan and the Soviet Union has been apparent since the installation of the government of PM Suzuki.	X					FBIS (AP) 23 Jul 80
20 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Izvestiya (Moscow) political commentator V. Kudryavtsev, in an article entitled "Japan: Boomerang of Militarization," says Japanese militarization suits US "ruling circle's" interests and curbs Japan's offensive on the world capital investment and goods markets. Japan, he suggests, has actively joined in a dangerous game by participating in a triangle with the United States and the PRC which is directed against the USSR and independent Asian nations.	X					FBIS (USSR) 25 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
20 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. AFP reports that Son Sann, head of the main non-Communist resistance group in Cambodia, is in Beijing for talks with Chinese leaders. Speculation is that he will meet with Prince Norodom Sihanouk who is expected to arrive in Beijing from Pyongyang.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Jul 80
20 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs spokesman issues a statement in Beijing warning the Soviet Union and Vietnam against making any attempt to explore and exploit petroleum and natural gas in what they call the "Continental Shelf of South Vietnam." The statement reasons that the Kisha and Nansha Islands, like the Dongsha and Zhongsha Islands, have always been a part of China's territory and the PRC has indisputable sovereignty over these islands and the surrounding sea areas. The resources, therefore, he concludes, naturally belong to China.		X	X			FBIS (PRC) 21 Jul 80
20 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Kukrit Pramoj, leader of the Social Action Party and former Prime Minister of Thailand, at a banquet in Beijing given in his honor by Ke Bonian, Vice President of the Chinese People's Institute of Foreign Affairs, says the Thai people will never permit Vietnam to encroach on their sovereignty.		X				FBIS (PRC) 22 Jul 80
20 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Two Thai senior interior ministry officials and seven provincial governors leave Bangkok for an official visit to China where they will observe development in community, agriculture, society, and culture.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Jul 80
20 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Vietnamese Embassy in Manila denies reports that the Soviets are building up military operations at Cam Ranh Bay in Vietnam.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Jul 80
20 Jul 80	BURMA/USSR/PRC. New York Times reports that Burma's moves toward the West and the United States are linked to its feelings of uneasiness with respect to the USSR, Vietnam, and its position between the USSR and China.		X				NYT 20 Jul 80
21 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Yashica Co. of Japan announces that it has been awarded a contract to supply about 10,000 single-lens reflex cameras and some 5,000 twin-lens reflex cameras to the China National Light Industrial Products Imports and Export Corp.			X			FBIS (AP) 1 Aug 80
21 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry sources state there is no plan to invite Soviet Vice Foreign Trade Minister Vladimir M. Sushkov to visit Japan despite his having expressed a desire to visit. The Japanese Foreign Ministry, under the new Suzuki Cabinet, continues to adhere to a policy of controlling personnel exchanges with the Soviet Union as a sign of dissatisfaction with the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 22 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
21 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Nikolay Solov'yev, Chief of the Soviet Foreign Ministry's Second Far East Affairs Department, meets in Tokyo with Japanese Foreign Ministry officials. The Soviet official states the USSR is favorably inclined toward improving relations with Japan.	X					FBIS (AP) 21 Jul 80
21 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki receives a message of congratulations on his assumption of office from Soviet PM Kosygin.	X					FBIS (AP) 22 Jul 80
21 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Ambassador to Japan Polyanskiy states the Japan-Soviet project to develop oil and gas resources on the continental shelf of the island of Sakhalin is making smooth progress.		X				FBIS (AP) 23 Jul 80
21 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio terms Son Sann's visit to Beijing "part of a scheme to assemble the reactionaries of all stripes in Kampuchea and concoct a plan to have the Khmer bandits cross the border from Thailand into Kampuchea to commit crimes and undermine the Kampuchean revolution."		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Jul 80
21 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Afrique-Asie (Paris) carries an interview of Vietnamese PM Pham Van Dong by Wilfred Burchett. In the interview the PM states that China's threat of teaching Vietnam a "second lesson" is supported by the West and thus the "campaign is being waged by those who lost--those who lost at Dien Bien Phu; those who lost against 2 long years of resistance; those who lost during the Ho Chi Minh campaign; and those who lost during the last attempted Chinese invasion. It is being waged by those who lost in Kampuchea and Laos and who, each day, lose a little more ground throughout the world. It is being waged by a coalition of defeated imperialists and expansionists."		X				FBIS (AP) 25 Jul 80
21 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Time reports Vietnam's armed forces are believed to be well led, well equipped, and ready for a Chinese incursion. The magazine states that analysts believe China would suffer greatly if it staged another invasion of Vietnam.				X		Time (New York) 21 Jul 80
21 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Ji Pengfei, Vice Premier of the PRC State Council, meets in Beijing with a visiting friendship group from the DPRK led by Mun Ki-yong.	X					FBIS (PRC) 22 Jul 80; FBIS (AP) 28 Jul 80
21 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Former Thai PM Kriangsak suggests that China should be encouraged to continue to emphasize government-to-government relations over party-to-party relations with Thailand. He points out that as long as a dialog is maintained between the two countries, the Thai Communist Party's relationship with Beijing will only be worrisome in the event of Thai social conditions deteriorating to the point where they can be exploited by subversives and insurgents.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
21 Jul 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. President Ziaur Rahman and a high-level entourage of government ministers leave on a state visit to China at the invitation of Chairman Hua Guofeng. This is Zia's second visit to China, the first occurring in January 1977. In March 1978 Chinese Vice Premier Li Xiannian paid a state visit to Bangladesh.		X				FBIS (PRC) 21 Jul 80; FBIS (South Asia) 21 Jul 80
22 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Commentary entitled "The Purpose of Hanoi's Four-Point Proposal," read over Beijing Xinhua Domestic Service, denounces the four-point proposal of the "foreign ministers of Vietnam, Laos, and the Phnom Penh puppet regime" as part of Hanoi's strategy adopted to extricate itself from the dilemma after launching an armed invasion of Thailand and being repulsed as well as widely condemned by ASEAN nations and the whole world. The four points of the proposal are (1) establishment of a demilitarized zone in the Kampuchean-Thai border areas; (2) Kampuchean-Thai cooperation in solving the refugee problem and Thailand's removal of the refugee camps to areas far from the border; (3) discussion of relief programs with international humanitarian organizations; and (4) direct or indirect negotiations between Thailand and the Heng Samrin regime.		X				FBIS (PRC) 23 Jul 80
22 Jul 80	SRV/PRC/USSR. Ta Kung Pao (Hong Kong) article by Shi Junyu entitled "The Soviet Union and Vietnam Want to Search for Oil in the South China Sea" reaffirms China's claim to the Xisha, Nansha, Dongsha, and Zongsha Islands following a USSR and Vietnam agreement for cooperation in exploring for and producing oil and natural gas in the "continental shelf off southern Vietnam." The article claims if oil is found, it will be Vietnam's, and both the USSR and Vietnam will heighten their strategic positions in Southeast Asia.			X	X		FBIS (PRC) 24 Jul 80
22 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng and Vice Premier Li Xiannian meet in Beijing with Kukrit Pramoj, leader of the Social Action Party and former Prime Minister of Thailand.		X				FBIS (PRC) 23 Jul 80
22 Jul 80	BANGLADESH/PRC/USSR. President Zia and Chinese leaders express "complete unanimity" of views regarding international and regional issues facing the two countries. The published statements of both Zia and his Chinese hosts call for unconditional withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan and removal of foreign troops from Cambodian soil.		X				FBIS (South Asia) 22 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 22 Jul 80; Times (London) 23 Jul 80
22 Jul 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Spokesman for the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs says Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng and visiting Bangladesh President Ziaur Rahman reached complete agreement on major international issues and relations between China and Bangladesh.		X				FBIS (PRC) 23 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
23 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Asahi Shimbun (Tokyo) editorial cautions that it is time for Japan to pursue an independent policy toward the Soviet Union and no longer act in concert with the United States and China. The newspaper encourages increased dialog with the Soviet Union but stresses that the Soviets should be made aware that dialog of any kind does not indicate a weakening of Japan's position with respect to Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (AP) 25 Jul 80
23 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Responding to Soviet Ambassador to Japan D. S. Polyanskiy's expressed interest in moderating Japan-Soviet relations, Japanese PM Suzuki remarks that a dialog between Japan and the Soviet Union is necessary, but the USSR as well as Japan should make efforts to create conditions for it to commence. To begin with, the Soviet Union should act to implement the UN resolution on troop withdrawal from Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (PRC) 25 Jul 80
23 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Article by Ji Heng entitled "Lies Cannot Cover Up the Facts" published in Quangming Ribao (Beijing) defends China's claim to the Xisha, Nansha, Zhongsha, and Dongsha Islands in the South China Sea island group against Vietnamese claims to sovereignty.		X				FBIS (PRC) 8 Aug 80
23 Jul 80	SRV/PRC/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) reports that following Commander in Chief of the Soviet Navy S.G. Gorshkov's visit to Vietnam at the end of 1979, Vietnam-based Soviet military vessels and aircraft frequently have conducted military activities in the South China Sea. Western news agencies report that the number of Soviet vessels anchoring in Vietnamese ports in 1980 increased sharply over previous years and cruised the South China Sea, Malacca Strait, and adjacent area. Vietnam-based Soviet submarines and "so-called" hydrological investigation ships and subsupply ships were also dispatched to the sea area. Soviet ships carried out reconnaissance missions at the Beibu Gulf and in the coastal sea areas off the outlet of the Pearl River and Shantou City of China and were seen around China's Xisha Islands in February and April, and Vietnam-based Soviet military reconnaissance aircraft were sighted over the sea areas east of the Xisha and Dongsha Islands, north of the Natunas, west of Subic Bay, and east of Siam Bay. They also intruded into Philippine air space more than once in recent months, incurring strong protests from that country.				X		FBIS (PRC) 25 Jul 80
23 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Mainichi Shimbun (Tokyo), quoting US Government sources, reports two frigates of the Soviet Pacific Fleet were confirmed to have called recently at the southwestern Kampuchean port of Kompong Som, Kampuchea's only deepwater seaport. The frigates were part of the Soviet naval task force positioned around the Indochinese area. According to VNA, an agreement was signed between the Soviet Union and the Phnom Penh authorities calling for cooperation in communications and Soviet material to restore the facilities at Kampuchean ports and communication lines. Kompong Som has been used frequently by the USSR to deliver large amounts of military materials to the Vietnamese troops in Kampuchea.				X		FBIS (PRC) 28 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
23 July 80	SRV/USSR. Wen Wei Po (Hong Kong) editorial, "Soviet Occupation of Cam Ranh Bay Is an Offensive Step," decries Soviet military activities from the Vietnam base in Cam Ranh Bay and denounces the Vietnamese for selling their sovereign rights simply because of economic difficulties.		X	X	X		FBIS (PRC) 25 Jul 80
23 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. SRV delegation led by Vo Nguyen Giap arrives in Baykonur City, USSR, to visit the Baykonur cosmodrome and attend the launching of the Soyuz-37 spacecraft with the Vietnam-Soviet crew on board.	X					FBIS (AP) 24 Jul 80
24 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese delegation for Sino-Japanese friendship led by Tan Qilong, with Wang Shaochuan, Vice Minister of Communications, as deputy head, is received by the Japanese Minister of Health and Welfare Kunikichi Saito. Saito thanks China for returning to Japan the remains and personal effects of Japanese nationals aboard the Awa Maru, sunk on 2 April 1945 during the Pacific War when she was sailing through the Taiwan Strait. Salvage of the passenger-cargo ship is continuing.		X			X	FBIS (PRC) 25 Jul 80
24 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Group of 23 Japanese companies belonging to the Mitsui Business Group sign an economic and technical cooperation agreement with China in Beijing. The agreement calls for the Mitsui firms to cooperate in modernization of various sectors of the Chinese economy, ranging from light industry to energy development, over the next 5 years.			X			FBIS (AP) 25 Jul 80
24 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. JETRO reports that Sino-Japanese trade hit a record high in the first 6 months of 1980. Two-way trade rose to \$3.99 billion, a 19.6 percent increase over the same 6-month span in 1979.			X			FBIS (AP) 24 Jul 80
24 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) reports a newsletter by Chen Ziyou, Wang Guoqing, and Feng Yinglong which says on a number of occasions since April, the 5th Company of a certain frontier guard unit and local militiamen fought off Vietnamese "agents" who attempted to demolish the Tonggui Reservoir.				X		FBIS (PRC) 24 Jul 80
24 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Soyuz-37, a spacecraft crewed by Col. Victor Garbatko of the Soviet Union and Lt. Col. Pham Tuan of Vietnam enters into orbit around the Earth.	X	X				FBIS (AP) 25 Jul 80
24 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Quan Doi Nhan Dan (Hanoi) article praises the "historic achievement of Soviet-Vietnamese solidarity symbolized by the Joint Soviet-Vietnamese space flight."		X				FBIS (AP) 28 Jul 80
24 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese VP Ji Pengfei meets in Beijing with a Thai governors delegation led by Anand Anantakoon, Deputy Undersecretary of State of the Ministry of Interior. This is the second group of Thai governors to visit China in 1980.		X				FBIS (PRC) 28 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
24 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. Messrs Brezhnev and Kosygin send a congratulatory message to Neelam Sanjiva Reddy, President of the Republic of India, and PM Gandhi on the outstanding achievement of Indian science and technology in the launching of the artificial earth satellite Rohini.	X	X				FBIS (USSR) 31 Jul 80
24 Jul 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Two agreements are signed between China and Bangladesh in Beijing. PRC FM Huang Hua and Bangladesh Finance Minister Mohammed Saifur Rahman sign loan agreement, calling for China to extend loans to Bangladesh while Huang and his Bangladesh counterpart, Mohammad Shamsul Haq, sign a civil air transport agreement.			X			FBIS (PRC) 24 Jul 80
24 Jul 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Zia government announces that under a recently signed trade agreement Bangladesh will export 117,000 tons of raw jute to China starting August 1980.			X			FBIS (South Asia) 31 Jul 80
25 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. JETRO announces that Japan's merchandise trade balance with China in 1980 is likely to be deficit for the first time in 16 years because of a steep import growth resulting from soaring crude oil prices. Japanese exports to China fell by 0.5 percent because of inactive steel and machinery sales owing to China's economic adjustments. Japanese imports from China, however, increased by 51.7 percent, stemming largely from a 117.1 percent upsurge in crude oil imports.			X			FBIS (AP) 29 Jul 80
25 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Tokyo) reports from Beijing that during a series of talks on joint ventures between Chinese organizations, including the Foreign Investment Control Commission, International Trust and Investment Corp., and Beijing Municipal Economic Construction General Corp. and Japan's Nomura Securities Company and Nomura Research Institute of Technology and Economics, China disclosed it will soon promulgate six laws related to the law on joint ventures. These will include regulations for the implementation of the law on joint ventures, a corporate and personal income tax law, a corporate law, a labor law, a law on land used by joint ventures, and a patent law. The Chinese also dispelled Japanese fears regarding the possibility of nationalization.			X			FBIS (PRC) ANNEX 28 Jul 80
25 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Herbert Kremp of Die Welt (Bonn), reporting on a 24 July interview with Chinese Deputy FM Zhang Wenjin, writes the PRC does not rule out the possibility that increasing violations of the Thai border by the Vietnamese may cause China to take military action comparable to the counterattack which the Chinese Army launched in 1979 following a series of Vietnamese transgressions on Chinese territory. The Foreign Minister says it depends (1) on the intensity of the Vietnamese use of force, (2) on the desires of the Thai Government, and (3) on China's resources and available means.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 25 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
25 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Aid donated to Kampuchea by the USSR is received at the Kampuchean National Salvation Youth Association headquarters in Phnom Penh.			X			FBIS (AP) 29 Jul 80
25 Jul 80	INDIA/PRC. Indian Commerce Minister Pranas Mukherjee reveals that bilateral trade between India and China amounted to over 270 million rupees (\$33.8 million) during 1979. India exports machine tools and power generating equipment to China in exchange for zinc, mercury, sulphur, newsprint, and raw silk. Mukherjee also reveals that a trade delegation dispatched to China in June investigated setting up a rayon manufacturing facility in China using all Indian technology.			X			FBIS (South Asia) 28 Jul 80
25 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Trade delegations from Pakistan and the PRC meet at a border crossing in Gilgit to formalize a new border trade protocol signed between the two countries in June 1979.			X			Baluchistan Times (Quetta) 26 Jul 80
25 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. O. Anichkin and A. Vlasov in an article in Izvestiya entitled "Who is Impeding a Political Settlement" berate Pakistan for following in US footsteps and desiring to make the start of peace talks with Afghanistan conditional on a change of government in Kabul. The commentators state that no one has given Pakistan the right to determine another country's form of government and "incalculable calamities" have been brought on the Pakistani people through Pakistan's past policy of military adventurism.	X					FBIS (USSR) 29 Jul 80
26 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Gu Mu, meeting with a mission from the Japanese trading house Mitsui and Co. in Beijing, says China is ready to promote large-scale industrial development projects in cooperation with Japan and the United States. He supports the idea of promoting the trilateral cooperation by using US high technology and Japanese production and sales abilities. Energy and raw material resources development and a number of other projects are said to have already been discussed as possible joint projects of the three countries; they will be discussed further case by case. Gu also tells the mission that Chinese oil supplies to Japan in 1981 are certain to exceed 1980's level of 8 million tons, but there is no guarantee that they will reach the target of 9.5 million tons because of the time needed to develop them.			X			FBIS (PRC) 28 Jul 80
26&27 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. VP Wan Li meets in Beijing with a delegation from the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries of Japan led by Ryoichi Kawashima, Director of the Agriculture, Forestry, and Sea Products Bureau. This is the first Japanese group to visit China to discuss exchange between the Governments of China and Japan in science and technology for the countryside. It is agreed to carry out joint studies on agricultural themes including cattle breeding and to promote frequent exchanges of representative missions and organized exchanges of materials and data on agriculture.			X			FBIS (PRC) 28 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
26 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Miyazawa addresses a "Junior Businessmen's Conference" in Tokyo. In his speech, Miyazawa explains in great detail his opinion of the way Japan should conduct its foreign policy toward the Soviet Union, stating that there is no reason for Japan to make any move toward rapprochement given the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and the northern territorial issue. He stresses, however, that it would be shortsighted for Japan to become more deeply involved in the Japan-US-China tripartite anti-Soviet encirclement strategy many advocate.		X				FBIS (AP) 31 Jul 80
26 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Nihon Keizai Shinbun (Tokyo) reports the Japanese Finance Ministry has firmed up a plan to sign a tax treaty with the Soviet Union. The Ministry is expected to observe future developments in Japan-USSR relations before deciding on the time to begin negotiations for a tax treaty, although they may begin as early as the fall of 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 29 Jul 80
26 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. C. Rajeswara Rao, General Secretary of the CPI National Council, arrives in Moscow at the invitation of the CPSU Central Committee.		X				FBIS (USSR) 28 Jul 80
27 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. TASS (Moscow) correspondent Gennadiy Gavrilenko, in an article entitled "Dubious Cooperation," claims Japan is starting to reassess the prospects for Japanese-Chinese relations in light of increasing pessimism about the prospects for development of its commercial and economic relations with China. Chinese promises to supply oil, coal, and other types of energy and industrial raw materials to Japan have proved impossible to fulfill in many cases and visits by high officials of the Beijing administration to Japan have been curtailed.		X				FBIS (USSR) 28 Jul 80
27 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan Council Against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs, reversing past policy, decides to oppose nuclear tests of the Soviet Union, China, and other Socialist countries if they are held during the 1980 antibomb convention. The Council's previous policy had been merely to express "regret" over nuclear tests conducted by Socialist countries.		X				FBIS (AP) 29 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chiyoda Chemical Engineering and Construction Co. of Japan reaches agreement with China's Construction Corp. to employ 700 Chinese workers at its oil refinery construction project at Baiji (Iraq).			X			Financial Times (London) 28 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. PRC Ministry of Public Health announces China and Japan are to cooperate in building a 1,000-bed hospital in Beijing. The hospital will combine traditional Chinese medicine, modern medicine, teaching, and research with clinical practice and will include a clinical medicine research institute, a nursing school, and a rehabilitation building. Project is to begin in 1981 with gratis aid from Japan.	X					FBIS (PRC) 29 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
28 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. JSP, preparing its program for the Party's November convention, states both the Soviet Union and the United States are "strategic offensive" forces or "aggressive forces" and their rivalry is responsible for present world crises. Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo) points out this is the first time the Socialist Party has bitterly criticized the Soviet Union in an official document. The program also does not mention the Party's old stand for an "unarmed" Japan.		X				FBIS (PRC) 29 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. TASS (Moscow) reports Munenori Akagi, President of the Japanese-Soviet Friendship Society, has been decorated with the Order of Friendship of Peoples for his contribution to the cause of strengthening friendship and understanding between the peoples of Japan and the USSR.		X				FBIS (USSR) 29 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. JCP Chairman Miyamoto announces that the JCP is making preparations for a conference with the Soviet Communist Party at the end of 1980.		X				FBIS (AP) 29 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) reports from Tokyo that the Japanese Foreign Ministry's ad hoc Committee on Security has recommended a substantial increase in the country's defense capability as part of the combined effort to stand up to the mounting Soviet threat. One percent of the Japanese GNP as against the current 0.9 percent is envisaged as necessary to fund the increase.				X		FBIS (PRC) 28 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Kaysone Phomviharn, General Secretary of the People's Revolutionary Party of Laos Central Committee arrives for a vacation in the Soviet Union at the invitation of the CPSU Central Committee.		X				FBIS (USSR) 30 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. TASS (Moscow) reports that Aleksey Kosygin, Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, sent a message to Japanese PM Suzuki, congratulating him on assumption of the PM's post.		X				FBIS (USSR) 27 Aug 80
28 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. Delegation of Soviet Army journalists arrives in Pyongyang.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 31 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	ROK/PRC. Liu Lantao, Vice Chairman of the CPCC National Committee, speaking on behalf of the National Committee and the Chinese people to Xinhua, in Beijing, condemns the South Korean regime for suppressing and persecuting patriotic democrats.		X				FBIS (PRC) 29 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai FM Sitthi Sawetsila leaves Bangkok for a 5-day visit to China to exchange views with Chinese leaders on the prevailing situation in Southeast Asia and developments in the Thai-Kampuchean and Thai-Lao border areas. The foreign minister says Thailand is "looking forward to China playing a more significant role in securing peace and stability in this region."		X				FBIS (AP) 28 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 28 & 29 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
28 Jul 80	INDIA/USSR. TASS (Moscow) reports a meeting in Moscow between Soviet and Indian officials included A. P. Kirilenko, of the CPSU Central Committee Politburo and Secretary of the CPSU Central Committee, B. N. Ponomarev, candidate member of the Central Committee Politburo and Secretary of the Central Committee, R. A. Ulyanovskiy, Deputy Chief of the Central Committee International Department, and R. Rao, General Secretary of the CPI National Council, and I. Gupta, Secretary of the CPI National Council. They discussed international affairs of mutual interest and friendship and cooperation between the USSR and India and their Communist parties and people.		X				FBIS (USSR) 5 Aug 80
28 Jul 80	INDIA/PAKISTAN/USSR. TASS (Moscow) reports an interview in the magazine <u>Surya</u> India of Indian PM Gandhi in which she expressed concern over the mounting military preparations in Pakistan, stating that extensive arms deliveries have strengthened the positions of the military in Pakistan and the positions of those who do not want friendship with India and are seeking revenge.				X		FBIS (USSR) 29 Jul 80
28 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. TASS (Moscow) reports that P. V. Narasimha Rao, India's Minister of External Affairs, speaking in Parliament, noted that the construction of a complex to process nuclear fuel was going ahead near Lahore. The Indian press has reported more than once that the Pakistan military regime was preparing to set off a nuclear device. It is said in Delhi that Beijing suggested Islamabad stage a test at one of China's test ranges.				X		FBIS (USSR) 28 Jul 80
29 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Field office of the Japan China Oil Development Corp. and Chengbei Oil Development Corp. opens in Tianjin, China.			X			FBIS (PRC) 1 Aug 80
29 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Radio Moscow criticizes an informal report on Japanese security policy and planning released by the Japanese Foreign Ministry on 27 July. The report, which proposes that Japan contribute personnel to UN peacekeeping operations, is criticized as a further step toward Japan's militarization and pliability in the face of US pressure.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 30 Jul 80
29 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Union notifies Japan that it will release three Japanese fishermen detained for alleged violation of Soviet territorial waters. The fishermen were captured in separate incidents in April and June 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 31 Jul 80
29 Jul 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan Defense Agency reports that a Soviet intelligence gathering ship has arrived to observe Japanese naval exercises in northern Honshu. It is the first time the Soviets have shown such obvious interest in the annual maneuvers.				X		FBIS (AP) 29 Jul 80
29 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. Prince Norodom Sihanouk of Cambodia departs Pyongyang for Beijing.		X				FBIS (PRC) 29 Jul 80; FBIS (AP) 30 Jul 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
29 Jul 80	SRV/PRC. AFP reports that former Cambodian Head of State Prince Norodom Sihanouk reaffirms he will not preside over any future coalition government in his country and rejects the idea of holding political talks with Chinese leaders during his stay in China, which is to last 2 or 3 months and is "strictly private."		X				FBIS (PRC) 30 Jul 80
29 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Denis Warner dispatch in the London Daily Telegraph notes the Soviet Navy, which has been using Cam Ranh Bay in Vietnam for its Far Eastern fleet, intends to build up its facilities at Kompong Som, Cambodia. Soviet vessels have already begun calling there.				X		FBIS (USSR) 30 Jul 80
29 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese railway delegation arrives in Pyongyang by train for an official visit.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 31 Jul 80
29 Jul 80	DPRK/PRC. Soldiers meeting in Pyongyang marks the 53d anniversary of the founding of the Chinese People's Liberation Army.				X		FBIS (AP) 30 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 1 Aug 80
29 Jul 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet Architects Union delegation departs Pyongyang following an official visit.		X				FBIS (AP) 31 Jul 80
29 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Singapore signs an industrial cooperation memorandum with China that is expected to give Singapore manufacturers greater access to the Chinese market. These manufacturers will be expected to allocate part of their production capacities to serve some of China's mechanical and electrical engineering needs. In return, the Chinese will expect the manufacturers to buy certain components from China.			X			FBIS (AP) 5 Aug 80
29 Jul 80	INDIA/PRC. Meeting in Beijing presided over by Hou Tong, Vice President of the Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries, and attended by Indian Embassy officials and Indian experts working in Beijing, commemorates the centenary of the birth of the Indian people's writer Prem Chand.					X	FBIS (PRC) 30 Jul 80
29 Jul 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Hassan Gailani, President of the Islamic National Revolutionary Council of Afghanistan, says his council was set up recently in Peshawar, Pakistan, to coordinate the activities of Afghan freedom-fighters in their struggle against Soviet aggression. Afghan National Islamic Front headed by Sayed Ahmad Ballani has sent seven representatives to the Council; other Afghan Islamic guerrilla organizations have not sent any.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 1 Aug 80
30 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan Ace Corp. reports it has reached agreement with the China National Metals and Minerals Import-Export Corp. to set up a joint nut and bolt production enterprise in Tianjin in 1981.			X			FBIS (AP) 14 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
30 Jul 80	JAPAN/PRC. Six Japanese man-made fiber companies agree to price polyester staple for August-December 1980 shipments to China at \$1.60 per kilogram. The new price is a 9 percent increase over the price of shipments for the first half of 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 14 Aug 80
30 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese PM Hua Guofeng reaffirms in a meeting with Air Chief Marshal Sithi Sawetsila, Thai Minister of Foreign Affairs, in Beijing, that the Chinese Government and people "will firmly stand by Thailand if Vietnam continues to create incidents on the Thailand-Kampuchea border and provoke Thailand."		X				FBIS (PRC) 30 Jul 80
30 Jul 80	ASEAN/PRC/USSR. Reports from Manila say senior ASEAN officials have begun a 2-day meeting to work out a common strategy on the Kampuchean situation when the question comes up for discussion in the UNCA in September.		X				FBIS (PRC) 31 Jul 80
30 Jul 80	ASEAN/USSR. Nation Review (Bangkok) reports that a number of Soviet-made patrol boats reportedly given to the Lao Government have appeared on the Mekong River.				X		FBIS (AP) 30 Jul 80; FBIS (PRC) 31 Jul 80
31 Jul 80	SRV/USSR. Moscow News Information reports the Lotus space communications station, built by Soviet specialists as a gift to the Vietnamese people, will make it possible to exchange TV programs between the SRV and other countries belonging to Intervention and to increase possibilities of telephone communication via artificial earth satellite.	X		X			FBIS (USSR) 11 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
1 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Tokyo) reports that Mitsubishi Corp., Fujitsu, Nippon Yusen, and Mitsubishi Office Machinery Co. have received a \$1 million order from China Ocean Shipping Corp. for a computer system. The system will include a Fujitsu-developed medium-size computer "M140-F," which uses Chinese characters and is not expected to fall under the Coordinating Committee for Export Control regulations.			X			FBIS (AP) 6 Aug 80
1 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. L. Tolkunov, in an article entitled "Japan Today" in Novoye Vremya (Moscow), cites Soviet cultural exchange, bilateral contacts, trade and economic ties, cooperation in developing natural resources, and other projects as examples of Soviet efforts to have firm good-neighbor relations with Japan. He urges Japan to demonstrate its good will and take real, practical steps to improve relations between the two countries.		X				FBIS (USSR) 8 Aug 80
1 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Embassy in Moscow files a protest with the Soviet Foreign Ministry regarding designation by the Soviets of areas off the maritime province of Siberia as a restricted zone for firing practice exercises to be carried out on 4, 7, and 10 August 1980. The area set aside includes a fishery zone for Japanese fishermen designated under the Japan-USSR fishery agreement.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 4 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 5 Aug 80
1 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Article by Han Zhenhua and Wu Fengbin entitled "Refute the Vietnamese Authorities' Absurd Claim that Hoang Sa and Truong Sa Are China's Xisha and Nansha Islands" contradicts Vietnam's claim to these islands offering historical and geographic records as proof of the Chinese claim.		X				FBIS (PRC) 12 Aug 80
1 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Tan Shi, in an article entitled "Commenting on the Vietnam-Laos-Kampuchea 'Special Federation' Advocated by the Le Duan Clique," published in Hongqi (Beijing), condemns the Indochina federation as a variety of contemporary colonialism, an inherited tradition of the Vietnamese feudal dynasties and French colonialism, and a component part of the global strategy of Soviet social imperialism which has created a "hell on earth" for the peoples of Vietnam, Laos, and Kampuchea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 26 Aug 80
1 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Meeting is held in Hanoi by the Presidium of the Fatherland Front Central Committee to welcome the success of the Soviet-Vietnamese space flight.		X				FBIS (AP) 5 Aug 80
1 Aug 80	ASEAN/SRV/USSR. Philippine FM C. P. Romulo, as Chairman of the ASEAN Standing Committee, issues a statement in Manila saying the five ASEAN countries underscore the fact that the "main cause of the present strife and tension in Southeast Asia which has produced a sustained threat to the security of Thailand is the continued Vietnamese military occupation of Kampuchea." The statement is drawn on the recommendation of a senior officials committee of the ASEAN countries meeting in Manila from 30 July to 1 August.		X				FBIS (PRC) 4 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
2 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Jiji Press (Tokyo) reports that Tokai Bank of Japan has been negotiating with the Guangzhou branch of the Bank of China, the sole foreign exchange bank in China, on loan service to Japanese travelers in China. The formal signing of the contract is scheduled for September 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 6 Aug 80
2 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co. of Japan announces that it has reached basic agreement with China to begin a joint venture to manufacture medical solutions. It will be the first joint venture established in China by a Japanese firm.			X			FBIS (AP) 4 Aug 80
2 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Three Japanese watch companies, led by K. Hattori, report winning Chinese orders for 2.48 million wrist watches. Total value of the orders is \$33 million.			X			FBIS (AP) 14 Aug 80
2 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Wang Zigang, Chinese Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, meets in Beijing with a Japanese delegation from the International Telegraph and Telephone Co. (KDD) led by the company's General Manager, Motoichi Masuda. The two sides agree to strengthen cooperation in improving and developing telecommunication links between China and Japan.			X			FBIS (PRC) 4 Aug 80
2 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Economist (London) reports that new Japanese PM Suzuki's call for a Japanese version of the US National Security Council and higher budget allocations for the defense agency are seen as evidence of a growing consensus among Japanese officials and the public that Japan's defense policy is chaotic. The Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and its military buildup on former Japanese islands off northern Hokkaido are cited as reasons for Japan's concern.				X		Economist (London) 2 Aug 80
2 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Newsletter by Xinhua reporter Huang Caihong and correspondent Li Xiangdong entitled "patrol on the Coastal Front in Beibu Wan" describes the spirit aboard a Chinese minesweeper in its patrol of the coastal front in Beibu Wan [Bac Bo Gulf] on 1 August, protecting the fishermen and the area from Vietnamese piracy.				X		FBIS (PRC) 4 Aug 80
2 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. Commentary by Moscow Radio Commentator Mikhaylov reports the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet sent a letter to the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly, reaffirming its full support for DPRK efforts to effect the withdrawal of outside forces from South Korea and for attempting to solve the Korean question in a peaceful manner.	X					FBIS (USSR) 4 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
3 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Yang Guoguang, Adviser to the China Council for the Promotion of International Trade and leader of an exhibition opening in Kanazawa featuring China's traditional export-oriented goods, says this is the first large exhibition China has held in Japan since the conclusion of the China-Japan Peace and Friendship Treaty. It indicates that economic exchange between China and Japan has entered a new stage. Miya Taro, President of the Kanazawa Chamber of Commerce and Industry and Chairman of the Committee for Welcoming the Chinese Exhibition, says the exhibition will further consolidate and strengthen Japanese-Chinese friendly relations.			X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Aug 80
3 Aug 80	INDIA/USSR. Soviet Union agrees to provide certain components to India free of charge for the second earth observation satellite Bhaskara II, which is scheduled to be launched in mid-1981. Soviet technological assistance to the Indian space program is reported to focus on sophisticated tape recorders, solar panels, and batteries for the satellite.	X					JPRS 76761 5 Nov 80
3 Aug 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Pakistan Foreign Ministry spokesman in Islamabad categorically denies the allegation of Radio Moscow and Radio Kabul that Pakistan FM Agha Shahi discussed with US Secretary of State Edmund Muskie the supply of American arms to intensify subversive activities against Afghanistan from Pakistani soil.				X		FBIS (PRC) 4 Aug 80
4 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio commentary accuses the Chinese of negating the viewpoints expressed in the "Nine Commentaries" of the 1960s dealing with the international line communism should follow. The commentary states the Chinese only pretend to be revolutionary and Marxist-Leninist but actually oppose communism in an attempt "to realize their expansionist and hegemonist dream."		X				FBIS (AP) 6 Aug 80
4 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Hun Sen, Foreign Minister of the PRK who stopped over in Moscow after visiting a number of African, Near Eastern, and Latin American countries, leaves for home.		X				FBIS (USSR) 11 Aug 80
4 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Kampuchean delegation led by Yos Por, Secretary General of the KNUFNS Central Committee and President of the Kampuchea-USSR Friendship Association, departs Phnom Penh for the Soviet Union to attend a conference of religious representatives of Asian Socialist countries.		X				FBIS (AP) 5 Aug 80
4 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. Cultural exchange plan for 1980 between the DPRK and the PRC is signed in Pyongyang.					X	FBIS (AP) 15 Aug 80
4 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Newsweek (New York) reports Indonesia is willing to resume diplomatic relations with China in the fall of 1980, providing China agrees not to support the outlawed Indonesian Communist Party.		X				Newsweek (New York) 4 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	
4 Aug 80	ASEAN/SRV/USSR. Thai PM Prem Tinsulanon, at a dinner honoring UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim in Bangkok, says the illegal presence of outsiders in Kampuchea is the root cause of the conflict in Kampuchea. The suggested concept of a demilitarized zone would prevent the Kampuchians already in Thai territory from returning voluntarily to their homeland, thus leaving the burden to Thailand and other third-world countries. The concept differs from the international law which intends to separate two warring parties--of which Thailand is not one; it encroaches on Thailand's sovereign right to protect its own territory; and, finally, it should be seen as an attempt to legitimize the illegal presence of foreign forces in Kampuchea.	X				FBIS (PRC) 5 Aug 80
5 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. China and Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co. of Tokyo agree to form a joint venture to produce an estimated 6 million bottles annually of solution fluids, such as glucose, for the Chinese market.		X			Wall Street Journal (New York) 5 Aug 80
5 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Tokyo) reports that China is having difficulty absorbing the yen loans committed by the Japanese Government and there is little possibility that Beijing, before the end of 1980, will draw on all the 50 billion yen (\$200 million) earmarked for fiscal 1979. Inability to reach a decision on basic designs for main projects, such as railways, harbors, and hydroelectric plants, covered by the loan program, is the reason for the delay.		X			FBIS (AP) 15 Aug 80
5 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. JIJI Press reports from Tokyo that Zenichi Toyoda, Senior Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., said China has assured a Japanese business mission that it will make full compensation in the event nationalization of joint ventures with foreign countries is necessitated by an emergency like the outbreak of war.		X			FBIS (PRC) 13 Aug 80
5 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese steel industry sources disclose that Japan's big five steelmakers have accepted, in principle, a Soviet request that 1 million metric tons of plates for pipes be supplied yearly over 5 years starting in 1981. This marks the first time that Japanese steelmakers have given long-term supply volume guarantees to the USSR.		X			FBIS (AP) 5 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
5 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Defense White Paper states that the Soviet Pacific fleet has grown by 140,000 tons, having been reinforced with the KIEV Class aircraft carrier <u>Minsk</u> and other vessels. Other Soviet buildup efforts have included the deployment of <u>BACKFIRE</u> bombers and SS-20 missiles and the establishment of a joint command supervising the three military districts of the Far East, Baikal, and Siberia, together with the troops stationed in Mongolia. The paper adds that Soviet ground troops on the northern islands of Kunashiri and Etorofu have been reinforced with Mi-24 attack helicopters, and facilities capable of accommodating 2,000 men have been built on Shikotan Island. In conclusion, the paper stresses that Soviet military buildup efforts pose an "increasing potential threat" to the security of Japan.				X		FBIS (AP) 5 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 6 Aug 80
5 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. TASS (Moscow) deplores the release of the 1980 Japanese Defense White Paper and its approval by the Japanese Cabinet, as new evidence of the Liberal Democrats militarist course which ignores the protests of the Japanese public. TASS asserts that the paper is full of "deceptive allegations" concerning the Soviet military buildup and its mounting threat to Japan.				X		FBIS (USSR) 6 Aug 80
5 Aug 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Deputy PM for Economic Affairs Bunchu Rotchanasathian reports that economic relations between the Soviet Union and Thailand are progressing smoothly.	X					FBIS (AP) 7 Aug 80
5 Aug 80	INDIA/USSR. Marshal of the Soviet Union N. V. Ogarkov, Chief of the Armed Forces General Staff and First Deputy Defense Minister, receives visiting Indian Naval Chief of Staff, Admiral R. L. Pereira, in Moscow. Admiral of the Soviet Fleet S. G. Gorshkov, Commander in Chief of the Navy and Deputy Defense Minister, and Admiral N. N. Amelko, Deputy Chief of the General Staff, also participate in the talks held with the Indian military leader.				X		FBIS (USSR) 13 Aug 80
6 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio, in a commentary questioning China's adherence to communism, points out that the PRC's current alliance with the United States is not in keeping with the Communist international line of opposing imperialism.	X					FBIS (AP) 7 Aug 80
6 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Mass meeting in Moscow celebrates the success of the joint SRV-USSR space flight.	X					FBIS (AP) 8 Aug 80
6 Aug 80	ASEAN/SRV/USSR. Nation Review (Bangkok) reports that Prasong Sunsurri, Deputy Secretary General of the Thai National Security Council, published an article in Asian Review (Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok) stating that the Soviet Union shipped more than 3 million tons of military equipment (part of which transited Thai airspace) to Vietnam in 1979. The delivery of arms reached its peak in July 1979 when Soviet violations of Thai airspace were rampant.				X		FBIS (AP) 6 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 7 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
6 Aug 80	BURMA/PRC. Burmese industrial delegation led by No. 1 Industry Minister Brig Tint Swe departs Rangoon for an official visit to China.			X			FBIS (AP) 8 Aug 80
6 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC. Chinese and Indian Foreign Ministry sources announce the postponement of Chinese FM Huang Hua's official visit to India. Both sides cite the heavy internal and external commitments of the Chinese FM as the reason for the postponement and do not mention that the move may be related to the GOI recognition of the Soviet- and Vietnamese-supported Heng Samrin regime in Kampuchea.		X				FBIS/South Asia 7 Aug 80; Times (London) 7 Aug 80; The Statesman (Calcutta) 6 Aug 80
6 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC/USSR. Amid rumors that the CPI and CPI(M) are attempting to forge a united Communist front after decades of squabbling, West Bengal Chief Minister Jyoti Basu heads a CPI(M) delegation to Moscow for talks with CPSU officials. On his return to Calcutta, Basu denies that the Kremlin is pushing for reunification of the two factions. Basu reveals that the Chinese Communist Party leadership has issued an invitation for substantive talks with Indian Communists. CPI(M) he claims, "is agreeable to holding discussions with all fraternal parties," both at home and abroad. Basu's comments indicate a new flexibility among Indian Communist leaders.		X				JPRS 76805 13 Nov 80
6 Aug 80	INDIA/USSR. New Delhi report notes an article carried in the Indian Express which comments on India's pro-Soviet stance in the Afghan crisis and its recognition of the Heng Samrin regime. The article states that India has begun to look like a "country that is going along with the Soviet Union" and its image of a nonaligned nation has weakened. India's statements, though sometimes mildly criticizing the Soviet Union, "only justify the fears that India trims its sails to suit the wind blowing from the USSR."		X				FBIS (PRC) 7 Aug 80
6 Aug 80	INDIA/USSR. Janata Party leader and former GOI External Affairs Minister A. B. Vajpayee, continuing his speaking tour of northern India, condemns the GOI stand on the Afghan crisis and demands the immediate withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan. In a speech at Chandigarh, he warns India that if the nation does not take a firm stand on the Afghan issue "our own freedom will be in jeopardy."		X				FBIS (South Asia) 6 Aug 80
7 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Nippon Steel Corp. and Nippon Oil Engineering Co. jointly received a \$1.5 million order from Chengbei Oil Development Co., a Tokyo-based firm for Japan-China joint development of the Chengbei oil field in the western part of the Gulf of Bohai, northeastern China, calling for basic planning and structural designing of the project.			X			FBIS (PRC) 8 Aug 80 FBIS (AP) 15 Aug 80
7 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese statistics inspection mission will go to Japan in the fall as part of the growing Japan-China cooperation in national census taking. China will take a population census in July 1981.	X					FBIS (PRC) 8 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
7 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio broadcasts the second half of part II of a station commentary concerning the PRC's "opposition to communism." The Vietnamese warn that "the Chinese authorities' collaboration with imperialism will certainly harm the basic interest of the Chinese people . . ." but it is "still not too late to stop such dangerous action."	X					FBIS (AP) 8 Aug 80
7 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Construction site of the Soviet-equipped Bim Son cement factory, with an annual output capacity of 1.2 million tons, has entered the last stage of its first phase of construction. The first batch of cement is expected to be produced on 7 November 1980, the 64th anniversary of the Soviet October Revolution.		X				FBIS (USSR) 11 Aug 80
7 Aug 80	BURMA/PRC. Chinese VP Chen Muhua meets Burmese industrial delegation led by First Industry Minister Brig Tint Swe. Following the meeting, PRC Light Industry Minister Liang Lingguang notes his ministry and the Construction Ministry of Burma are cooperating to a greater degree than other ministries due to Burmese efforts. Liang says he hopes these cooperative relations will develop further.		X				FBIS (PRC) 8 & 13 Aug 80
7 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC. The Times (London) reports that China has canceled an official visit planned for October 1980 by FM Huang Hua to India, reportedly because of India's recognition of the Heng Samrin regime in Cambodia. The NYT reports the Indian Foreign Ministry's confirmation of the cancellation but denies it was a rebuke for India's action regarding Cambodia.	X					Times (London) 7 Aug 80; NYT 7 Aug 80
7 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC. Forty Indian soldiers on patrol on the Sino-Indian border near Sikkim accidentally stray into Chinese territory and are taken prisoner.	X			X		Bangladesh Observer (Dacca) 22 Aug 80
8 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) commentator points out the root cause of the trouble in Southeast Asia lies in Vietnam's hegemonism. The settlement of the Kampuchean issue is vital for the pacification of the situation in Southeast Asia and for easing Thai-Vietnamese relations. The only correct approach to the issue is the withdrawal of Vietnamese troops from Kampuchea in order to allow the people there to exercise their right of self-determination free from external interference.	X					FBIS (PRC) 8 Aug 80
8 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. PRC "Forum on International Affairs" commentary entitled "Why Has the Soviet Union Taken a Fancy to Cam Ranh Bay?" condemns Soviet buildup of military strength at Cam Ranh Bay as the USSR's Eastern strategy complementing and supporting its strategy of outflanking Europe on both wings in the West. The USSR has provided Vietnam with a fleet, including submarines, on condition that the vessels be permanently stationed at Cam Ranh Bay. Reportedly \$3 million worth of military supplies is being poured into Vietnam daily. Soviet warships stationed in Da Nang have also been moved to Cam Ranh Bay. The Soviet Union has also permanently stationed a nuclear submarine with cruise missiles at a point east of the Strait of Malacca.	X					FBIS (PRC) 11 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
8 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio broadcasts the first installment of part III of the series of commentaries entitled "A Review of the Chinese Communists' 'Nine Commentaries.'" This installment is subtitled "Who Are the Apologists for Neocolonialism," and concludes that Beijing has done its utmost to protect neocolonialism.		X				FBIS (AP) 12 Aug 80
8 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. VNA reports the Union of Soviet Societies of Friendship and Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries held a ceremony (in Moscow) to present a medal of the union and the Soviet Vietnamese Friendship Society to Engineer Nguyen Xien, Presidium member of the Fatherland Front Central Committee and Vice President of the Vietnam-USSR Friendship Association, for his contributions to friendly relations between the two nations.		X				FBIS (USSR) 2 Sep 80
8 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Secretary Brezhnev of the Soviet Union and Secretary Zhivkov of Bulgaria release a joint statement, following their meeting in the Crimea, supporting "the principled and peace-loving attitude of Vietnam, Laos, and Kampuchea in solving questions regarding the relations between Southeast Asian countries."		X				FBIS (AP) 11 Aug 80
8 Aug 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Team of Chinese technicians tours various cement-making facilities throughout Pakistan.	X					Baluchistan Times (Quetta) 9 Aug 80
9 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Union accuses "certain Japanese quarters" of using the pretext of Soviet participation in the war against Japan on the American side in 1945 in order to continue waging an anti-Soviet campaign. The accusation is broadcast on Radio Moscow on the 35th anniversary of the Soviet entry into the war against Japan.		X				FBIS (AP) 12 Aug 80
9 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that the USSR has set up a joint headquarters in Chita with jurisdiction over the Siberian, Transbaykal, and Far East Military Districts. There are 16 military districts in the Soviet Union; this is the first time a joint headquarters has been established spanning more than one. The military districts are equipped with the KIEV Class aircraft carrier Minsk, the KARA Class cruiser Petrovsk, the landing craft Ivan Rogov, new supersonic BACKFIRE bombers, and SS-20 medium-range nuclear missiles. The headquarters, however, has no control over the Central Asia Military District on the Sino-Soviet border. For this reason, Japanese Government circles think that "judging from the Soviet strengthening of armed forces in the entire Far East" the setting up of this joint headquarters aims not only at China but also at the Pacific region.				X		FBIS (PRC) 13 Aug 80
9 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio broadcasts the third installment of part III of the series of commentaries entitled "A Review of the Chinese Communists' 'Nine Commentaries.'" This particular installment is entitled "Who is the Saboteur of the National Liberation Movement?"		X				FBIS (AP) 12 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
9 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC. TASS (Moscow) reports participants in a symposium on problems of Indian-Chinese relations, held in New Delhi, concluded that Beijing's foreign policy pursued hegemonistic objectives and rested on the thesis of the "inevitability of a third world war." The unanimous opinion of the symposium was that normalization of Chinese-Indian relations should not adversely affect India's friendly ties with the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (USSR) 11 Aug 80
9 Aug 80	INDIA/USSR. Festivities in Moscow and New Delhi mark the 9th anniversary of the signing of the Soviet-Indian Treaty of Peace, Friendship, and Cooperation.		X			X	FBIS (USSR) 8 Aug 80
10 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC. TASS (Moscow) reports that Indian Minister of External Affairs P. V. Narasimha, in a speech to the lower chamber of Parliament, rebuffed China's claims to 90,000 square kilometers of present Indian territory allegedly as a result of contents of a recently discovered historical document.		X				FBIS (USSR) 11 Aug 80
11 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Refresher course for Chinese teachers of Japanese, the first of its kind run with the aid of the Japanese Government, opens at the Beijing Institute of Languages. The trainees will spend 1 month in Japan for touring and study; Japan will send 18 experts to China each year for the main task of teaching.					X	FBIS (PRC) 12 Aug 80
11 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan protests the Soviet Union's establishment of an off-limit zone for firing drills in the Sea of Japan from 11 to 13 August.				X		FBIS (AP) 15 Aug 80
11 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio claims special training centers have been set up in the southern and southwestern border provinces of China for the training of armed commandos recruited from ethnic minority populations of neighboring countries. The centers are reportedly modeled on the "US centers for the training of Green Berets in Hawaii."				X		FBIS (AP) 13 Aug 80
11 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) reports Vietnamese armed personnel opened fire with antiaircraft machineguns and mortars on Datian Production Brigade, Dongxing Commune, Fangcheng Multinational Autonomous County, Guangxi Province. Vietnamese troops repeatedly opened fire on the border area of Fangcheng County on 6 August, and on Tongzhong Commune, Fangcheng County, on 8 August.				X		FBIS (PRC) 12 Aug 80; NYT 13 Aug 80
11 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet-Korean Friendship Society delegation headed by A. P. Shilin, Vice Chairman of the Soviet-Korean Friendship Society Central Committee, arrives in Pyongyang for an official visit.		X				FBIS (AP) 12 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
11 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai Deputy PM Thanat Khoman discusses with PM Prem the Prime Minister's anticipated visit to the PRC. He states that Thailand must guard against favoring China at the expense of the Soviet Union because Thailand could very well find itself in a situation from which it could not pull back.		X				FBIS (AP) 13 Aug 80
11 Aug 80	BURMA/USSR. Pravda (Moscow) reports Vladimir Nikolayevich Kuznetsov has been appointed USSR's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma. The Burmese Government agrees to his appointment.		X				FBIS (USSR) 14 Aug 80
11 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC. GOI responds with aloofness to the Chinese cancellation of PRC PM Huang Hua's visit to India. GOI PM P. V. Narasimha Rao states it is now up to China to suggest an alternative date for the visit subject to mutual convenience. India is leaving it up to China to decide the pace of normalization between the two countries, depending on other contingent developments.		X				The Hindu (Madras) 14 Aug 80
11 Aug 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Associated Press of Pakistan reports that President Zia-ul-Haq has asked the Soviet Embassy in Islamabad to reduce its strength within 2 months as a means of remaining consistent with the decline in relations between the two countries. The Soviet Press and Information Department which was functioning in Karachi has been shifted to the Soviet Embassy in Islamabad, also at the request of Pakistan.		X				FBIS (PRC) 12 Aug 80
12 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that after being briefed by Masuo Takashima, Administrative Vice Minister of the Foreign Ministry, on the state of relations between the two countries, Japanese PM Suzuki approved the policy outlined by the Japanese Foreign Ministry stating that "it should not be up to Japan to request repairing of Japanese-Soviet relations." The Soviet invasion of Afghanistan was the turning point in the cooling down of relations.		X				FBIS (PRC) 13 Aug 80; FBIS (AP) 13 Aug 80
12 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Lao President Souphanouvong receives Soviet Ambassador to Laos Podolskiy who presents a message from the recent interparliamentary conference of the member countries of the Warsaw Treaty. The message outlines Soviet foreign policy, particularly toward Afghanistan and Indochina, and Souphanouvong expresses his full support.		X				FBIS (AP) 12 Aug 80
12 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Phnom Penh Radio reports that Kampuchea received a gift of 160 vehicles from the Soviet Union for use in national reconstruction.			X			FBIS (AP) 13 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
12 Aug 80	INDIA/USSR. Makhmadula Kholov, Vice President of the USSR Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, attending Indian independence day ceremonies, faces tough questioning on Afghanistan from Indian journalists in New Delhi regarding the continual presence of Soviet troops in Afghanistan, rebel capability, and Russian casualties. He cannot understand why India is so interested in "the Afghan question."		X			
13 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. Protocol for Huichon oil pump and nozzle plant going into operation is signed between DPRK and China in Pyongyang. The plant was built with China's help.			X		
13 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. Film reception is held in Pyongyang under the sponsorship of the Korean-Soviet Friendship Society Central Committee to mark the anniversary of the end of World War II.		X			
14 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Nhan Dan (Hanoi) editorial entitled "The Soviet Union's Great Contribution to Liberating the Asian People" praises "the historic significance of the Japanese militarists' unconditional surrender after sustaining stunning blows from the Soviet Army 35 years ago."		X			
14 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. Sino-Korean cultural exchange agreement for 1980 is signed by O Mun Han, Vice Chairman of the Korean Committee for Foreign Cultural Relations, and Lu Zhixian, Chinese Ambassador to Korea, in Pyongyang. It covers the fields of science, education, arts, telecommunications, broadcasting, television, publications, public health, sports, and exhibitions.					X
14 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Prasong Soonsiro, Deputy Secretary General of Thailand, tells Xinhua (Beijing) in Bangkok that Vietnam is likely to invade Thailand again as more Vietnamese troops and weapons are being sent to Kampuchean border areas close to Thailand, but that Thailand has worked out a total defense system.		X		X	
15 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports Japanese traders and machinery producers with long histories of doing business with the Soviet Union are urging the government to relax what they see as overfaithful following of Washington's anti-Soviet trade policy which is forcing them to lose good export opportunities to West European competitors.			X		
15 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Former Cambodian leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk, responding in Beijing to attacks against him by Son Sann, head of a movement opposing the pro-Vietnamese Cambodian Government, claims China and the United States refused to give him the military aid he requested to fight the Vietnamese in Cambodia. The prince, in Beijing since the end of July, has repeatedly said he has renounced all political activity and that he has no intention of having political talks with Chinese leaders.		X			

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
15 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Exhibition on the achievements of the Soviet Union in aiding various countries in Asia opens at the Ministry of Information in Phnom Penh. It is intended to strengthen the bonds of friendship between the Soviet Union and the PRK.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Aug 80
15 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Leonid Brezhnev, General Secretary of the CPSU's Central Committee, meets with Kayson Phomvihon, General Secretary of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party Central Committee and Lao premier, in the Crimea to exchange wide-ranging views on international issues, with "special attention" paid to the situation in Southeast Asia.		X				FBIS (PRC) 18 Aug 80; FBIS (USSR) 21 Aug 80
15 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) delegation arrives in Pyongyang for an official visit.		X				FBIS (AP) 19 Aug 80
15 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. Liaoning Provincial CCP delegation headed by Zhang Zhengde, CCP Committee Secretary, leaves Dandong Municipality for North Korea at the invitation of the North Pyongyang Provincial Committee of the KWP.		X				FBIS (PRC) 21 Aug 80
15 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. DPRK President Kim Il-sung sends a message of greetings to CPSU leader Brezhnev on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the end of World War II.		X				FBIS (AP) 15 Aug 80
15 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. O Chin-u, DPRK Minister of the People's Armed Forces, exchanges messages with Soviet Minister of Defense Ustinov on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the end of the Second World War.				X		FBIS (USSR) 13 Aug 80; FBIS (AP) 22 Aug 80
15 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. Korean book exhibition opens at the foreign language books library in Moscow on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of the end of World War II.					X	FBIS (AP) 20 Aug 80
15 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai Deputy PM Thanat advises PM Prem to postpone his trip to China until 1981 because China is changing its government leaders and it would be wise to wait until the new leaders have had a chance to administer the country.		X				FBIS (AP) 18 Aug 80
16 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Foreign Ministry sources report Japan plans to hold the first round of the Japanese-Chinese ministerial conference in Beijing in late November 1980 to discuss bilateral economic issues.			X			FBIS (AP) 20 Aug 80
16 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio, in a commentary broadcast in Thai, blames the PRC for the tension existing along the Thai-Kampuchean border.		X				FBIS (AP) 18 Aug 80
16 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. USSR-PRK Friendship Association delegation arrives in Phnom Penh for a visit at the invitation of the KNUFNS Central Committee.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
16 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Imelda R. Marcos, wife of Philippine President Marcos and Minister of Human Settlements, at a press conference in Manila, says her 32-day trip abroad strengthened ties with the countries she visited, and meetings in Copenhagen with Kang Keqing, head of the Chinese delegation attending the world women's conference and other leaders, helped promote friendship between the Philippines and other developing countries.		X				FBIS (PRC) 21 Aug 80
17 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. <u>Nodong Simmun</u> (Pyongyang) delegation headed by <u>So Tong-pom</u> leaves Pyongyang by train for a visit to the Soviet Union.		X			X	FBIS (AP) 20 Aug 80
17 Aug 80	INDIA/USSR. Unattributed report entitled "Serious Concern," from the "World Today" feature compiled by K. Georgiyev in <u>Izvestiya</u> (Moscow), claims C. P. N. Singh, Indian Minister for Defense, has urged the country's armed forces to strengthen combat readiness in order to deal with any external aggression. The Indian press, politicians, and public figures have repeatedly pointed out that the rearming of Pakistan, helped by the United States and China, could lead to a repetition of recent events when Pakistan directed weapons received from abroad at India. Special concern is aroused in Moscow by reports of the Pakistani authorities' plans to acquire their own nuclear weapon as well as by China's war preparations in Tibet and "occupied regions" of the Indian State of Jammu and Kashmir.		X				FBIS (USSR) 20 Aug 80
17 Aug 80	INDIA/SRV/USSR. TASS reports P. V. Narasimha Rao, India's Minister for External Affairs, has stated that India will stand for participation of the PRK in the seventh nonaligned summit conference due to be held in Delhi and will abide by the line which led to the recognition of the Heng Samrin government.		X				FBIS (USSR) 18 Aug 80
18 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Zhao Puchu, Acting President of the Chinese Buddhist Association, welcomes to Beijing the fourth delegation from the Japan-China Friendship Buddhist Association led by the venerable Ryoshu Michibata. Leaders express wishes for growing contacts, cultural exchange, and friendship between fellow believers and other people in the two countries.					X	FBIS (PRC) 20 Aug 80
18 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports major Japanese trading firms have been revising downward their trade contract target with China in 1980 as China has decided to hold down plant construction and steel imports under an economic readjustment program. The trading houses, as a result, expect their deals with China will decline 20 to 35 percent. Nevertheless, custom cleared Sino-Japanese trade is still expected to reach a record high of more than \$8 billion in 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 20 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
18 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Government reveals it will allow Japanese missions to visit graves--in Khabarovsk, Nakhodka, Yushno-Sakhalinsk (formerly known as Toyohara), Kholmak (formerly Maoka), and Nevelsk. Khabarovsk and Nakhodka are accessible to tourists in general but special permission is needed to visit the other three. Similar missions of the Hokkaido Prefectural Government will be allowed to visit graves in Khabarovsk and Irkutsk in eastern Siberia, but Japanese requests for the collection of remains of Japanese dead were turned down.		X				FBIS (USSR) 29 Aug 80
18 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki tells a Japan National Press Club meeting that a "truly friendly relationship" with the Soviet Union can be achieved only when the Soviet-held northern islands are returned to Japan. The PM notes, however, that friendly relations should be restored not only for the sake of peace and stability in Asia, but also for the national interests of both nations.		X				FBIS (AP) 18 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 19 Aug 80
18 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet aircraft violates Japanese air space near the Goto Islands, Nagasaki Prefecture, on its way to Hanoi from Moscow via Khabarovsk.				X		FBIS (AP) 18 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 19 Aug 80
18 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan Defense Agency begins arming Japanese Air Self-Defense Force fighters with air-to-air missiles to cope with the "violation of Japanese air space by foreign military planes."				X		FBIS (PRC) 19 Aug 80; FBIS (AP) 20 Aug 80
18 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Four F-4 Phantom jet fighters of the Japanese Air Self-Defense Force, armed with air-to-air missiles, scramble on two occasions from the Komatsu base in Ishikawa Prefecture to intercept Soviet Tu-16 BADGER bombers over the Sea of Japan.				X		FBIS (AP) 20 Aug 80
18 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Tan Zhenlin, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee, and Huang Zhen, Minister of Culture, meet with Dr. Paz Cielo A. Belmonte and principal artists of the Philippine Barangay Folk Dance Troupe performing in Beijing.					X	FBIS (PRC) 21 Aug 80
18 Aug 80	ASEAN/USSR. Nation Review (Bangkok) editorial says there are no problems in Southeast Asia except those instigated by the Soviet Union through its surrogate, Vietnam. It stresses that the "explosive situation" in the region can be resolved "only when the Vietnamese troops leave Kampuchea and Laos," and notes that Vietnam's "visions of the greater Indochina federation" fit in with the global strategy of the Soviet Union which, "though embroiled in a very costly war in Afghanistan, is fueling the Vietnamese war machine." The editorial concludes that the Vietnamese "are trying to manipulate the UN to give them the international sanction to occupy Kampuchea because of the inability of the powerful Vietnamese troops to liquidate the Khmer Rouge despite the injection of Soviet military aid."		X				FBIS (PRC) 21 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
18 Aug 80	ASEAN/USSR. Singapore PM Lee Kuan Yew cancels his proposed visit to the Soviet Union following Soviet advice that PM Aleksei Kosygin is ill and unable to receive him.		X				FBIS (AP) 18 Aug 80; NYT 5 Sep 80
18 Aug 80	ASEAN/USSR. Moscow media, on the anniversary of Indonesian independence, notes that relations between the two countries are very good and "becoming even healthier." A spokesman for the Indonesian parliamentary Commission on Foreign Affairs agrees that the bilateral relationship is improving steadily because Indonesia is pursuing an active foreign policy which is truly nonaligned and based on mutual self-interests in the cause of world peace. The spokesman also affirms that relations between Indonesia and the Soviet Union are not completely normal because of the "unresolved problems" of Kampuchea and Afghanistan. He urges the Soviet Union as a nation "which opposes foreign intervention, hegemony, and expansionism and which has supported the cause of small nations for self-determination" to withdraw its military forces completely from Afghanistan so that relations with Indonesia will be fully restored to the desired level.		X				Harian Umum AB (Jakarta) 20 Aug 80
18 Aug 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. S. Shahid Hamid, Pakistani Minister for Culture, Sports and Youth Affairs, and Tourism, and Xu Yixin, Chinese Ambassador to Pakistan, sign the 1980-81 implementation program of the Sino-Pakistani cultural agreement on behalf of their respective governments.					X	FBIS (PRC) 19 Aug 80
19 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Li Xiannian meets in Beijing with Shigeichi Koga, Chief Adviser with Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Ltd of Japan, following the signing of a technical cooperation contract by Mitsubishi and the Jiangnan Shipyard under the China Corp. of Shipbuilding Industry. It provides that Mitsubishi will send experts and other technical personnel to the shipyard to help upgrade its technical processes, improve management, raise the quality of civilian vessels, increase productivity, and improve working conditions.			X			FBIS (PRC) 20 Aug 80
19 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC/USSR. Japan's blue book on diplomacy released after Cabinet approval says relations between Japan and China have widened and deepened in economic and other fields since the conclusion of the peace and friendship treaty. However, the book points out that incidents such as the Soviet military buildup on the northern territories, Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan, and the disclosure of a spy case involving a Soviet Embassy official have had "negative effects on Japanese-Soviet relations."		X				FBIS (PRC) 20 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
19 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) quotes Tokichiro Uomoto, Japanese Ambassador to Moscow, as saying to PM Suzuki in Tokyo that the Soviet Union is responsible for the cooling off of relations with Japan and thus it is not right for Japan to take the initiative to "warm up these relations." The ambassador reports there is "no basic change" in the Soviet attitude toward Japan. In view of the fact that the development of Siberia has been included in the 11th 5-year Plan of the Soviet Union, the impact of Japan's economic measures taken after the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan will be a major problem for the Kremlin.		X	X			FBIS (PRC) 20 Aug 80; FBIS (AP) 20 Aug 80
19 Aug 80	JAPAN/SRV/USSR. Following a visit to areas controlled by the Democratic Kampuchean Government, Hideo Den, head of a Japanese delegation for relief to Kampuchea, Dietman, and representative of the United Social Democratic Party, says Vietnam is employing all diplomatic means to seat its puppet Heng Samrin regime at the UN by replacing the "legitimate" seat of the Government of Democratic Kampuchea, but that it is not likely to succeed. He appeals to the Western nations, the ASEAN member states, and Japan to coordinate their efforts, win over the majority, and "frustrate the scene" of the Soviet Union and Vietnam.		X				FBIS (PRC) 21 Aug 80
19 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. DPRK fishery delegation headed by Kang Chom-ku returns to Pyongyang after attending the international fishery exhibition in the Soviet Union.			X			FBIS (AP) 20 Aug 80
19 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai Communications Minister Amon Sirikaya tells newsmen that Thailand and the PRC have concluded an agreement on aviation service. The PRC will fly its first flight to Thailand on 29 August and Thai Airways International will fly its first flight to China on 5 September.			X			FBIS (AP) 20 Aug 80
19 Aug 80	ASEAN/USSR/PRC. New York Times reports that Thailand has mounted a diplomatic offensive to persuade Western countries to maintain support of the deposed Cambodian Government of Pol Pot by voting to seat its delegation at the UN General Assembly.		X				NYT 19 Aug 80
19 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) reports customary trade between the people living in the border areas of Xigaze Prefecture, Xizang Province, and the people of Nepal, Bhutan, and Sikkim who live across the border was recently reactivated and has grown. Following the notice issued by the Xizang Autonomous Regional People's Government on 20 June previous regulations hindering border trade were no longer in force.			X			FBIS (PRC) 20 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
20 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC/USSR. Han Nianlong, Chinese Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs, in an interview with Kyodo News Service in Beijing, says Soviet strategy for world domination is a threat to both China and Japan. He also refers to the Soviet request for Japan's assistance in the development of Siberia as a "smoke screen to hide its aggressive intentions," and urges Japan to consider the Soviet request from a political standpoint. He states Japan should closely consider the possible effects of development in Eastern Siberia on the Pacific area should Japan help the USSR develop the Siberian region. Touching on Sino-Japanese relations, Han proposes a peaceful settlement of the bilateral territorial dispute over the Senkaku Islands and speculates that Japan and China should be able to settle the problem of development of the continental shelf between Japan and South Korea in the East China Sea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 20 Aug 80
20 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry official rules out the possibility that Japan and China will discuss a common position against the Soviet Union. He states that Japan's basic stand is to consider Japan-China and Japan-USSR relations separately. His remark is a response to reports of Chinese Vice FM Han Nianlong telling Kyodo (Tokyo) earlier in the day that there is a need for Japan and China to hold close discussion on the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Aug 80
20 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Han Nianlong, Chinese Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs, in an interview with Kyodo News Service in Beijing, notes that Sino-Vietnamese relations are in a "state of extreme tension." China has not changed its position and still reserves the right to attack Vietnam again if Vietnam dares to take similar armed actions. Further if Vietnam should invade Thailand, China will counterattack Vietnam. He does not specify, however, the manner in which this would be accomplished.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 20 Aug 80
20 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC. Forty Indian Army men, detained 7 August when they intruded into Yalong (Chomo) District, Tibet Autonomous Region, China, are released by Chinese frontier guards at the China-Sikkim border. The Chinese Foreign Ministry had lodged a protest with India over the intrusion, and India apologized, claiming bad weather conditions were responsible.		X		X		The Statesman (Calcutta) 21 Aug 80; Bangladesh Observer (Dacca) 22 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 25 Aug 80
21 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Ambassador to Moscow Umoto, in an interview with Asahi Shimbun (Tokyo), stresses the importance of dialog to mend Japanese relations with the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 28 Aug 80
21 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Fire occurs aboard a Soviet nuclear-powered cruise missile submarine of the ECHO-I Class in waters south of Okinawa. Japanese Maritime Safety officials report nine killed and three injured. Also possible radioactive leakage from the reactor is reported.				X		FBIS (AP) 21 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 22 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
21 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry calls the Soviet Embassy in Tokyo and offers Japan's help as a humanitarian for crew members on board a Soviet nuclear-powered submarine which caught fire earlier in the morning in waters south of Okinawa.				X		FBIS (AP), 21 Aug 80
21 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan asks the Soviet Union for a full report on the fire that took place on a Soviet nuclear submarine earlier in the day.				X		FBIS (AP) 22 Aug 80
21 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. SRV Foreign Ministry spokesman condemns the inherent threat of war apparent in Chinese Vice Minister for Foreign Affairs Han Nianlong's statement to Kyodo (Tokyo) that China reserves the right to attack Vietnam again.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Aug 80
21 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Yos Por, President of the Kampuchea-USSR Friendship Association, visits the Domodedovo region of the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80
22 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Agreement on cooperation in a technical survey of ships between the Register of Shipping of China and the Japan Marine Association (Nippon Kaiji Kyokai) is signed in Tokyo. An official of the Register of Shipping says the Japan Marine Association officially terminated its agreement with Taiwan's China Corp. Register of Shipping on 20 January 1980.			X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Sep 80
22 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Gu Mu meets in Beijing with an Industrial Bank of Japan delegation led by its President, Kisaburo Ikeura. Gu calls for broadening cooperation with a view to meeting not only the needs of the next 3 to 5 years but also to meeting long-term strategic interests.			X			FBIS (PRC) 26 Aug 80
22 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Daily Yomiuri (Tokyo) calls Japan's 1980 blue paper on diplomacy a "diplomacy switch" and reports that the paper abandons Japan's multidirectional peace diplomacy, where Japan sought to maintain friendly relations with every country, for a diplomacy which strengthens cooperation with other free countries in order to cope with threats to the world order.		X				FBIS (AP) 28 Aug 80
22 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Government announces that the Soviet nuclear-powered submarine that caught fire near Okinawa will not be allowed to be towed through Japan's territorial waters because of the danger of radioactive leakage.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Aug 80; NYT 23 Aug 80;
22 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Commentary by Xinhua (Beijing) correspondent Ji Ying entitled "Foil Soviet-Vietnamese Maneuvers Over Kampuchean Seat in UN," accuses Vietnamese leaders of proselytizing other nations to agree to support the seating of Kampuchea's Heng Samrin regime at the upcoming UNGA meeting and failing this to unseat the delegation of Democratic Kampuchea. Ji claims that allowing the Vietnamese to achieve their goal would be tantamount to recognizing the Soviet-Vietnamese invasion of Kampuchea as legitimate, inflating the "expansionist ambitions of the Soviet and Vietnamese hegemonists," and creating an explosive situation in Southeast Asia.		X				FBIS (PRC) 25 Aug 80 FBIS (PRC) 22 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
22 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet Ministry of Civil Aviation delegation headed by Deputy Minister Lev Ilchuk arrives in Phnom Penh at the invitation of the Kampuchean Civil Aviation Department.		X				FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80
22 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese scientific and technological cooperation delegation headed by He Bingzhang, Vice Minister of China's coal industry, arrives in Pyongyang to attend the 20th meeting of the Korea-China Commission for Scientific and Technological Cooperation.	X		X			FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 26 Aug 80
22 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Hong Xuezhai, Director of the Chinese PLA General Logistics Department, meets in Beijing with a Royal Thai Army medical delegation, led by Lt Gen Yong Vajragupta, Surgeon General of the Thai Army Medical Department.				X		FBIS (PRC) 25 Aug 80
22 Aug 80	BURMA/USSR. Burmese Government appoints U Hla Shwe, current Ambassador to the United States, to be Ambassador to the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Aug 80
22 Aug 80	INDIA/PRC. Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng, in a message to Indian PM Indira Gandhi, expresses his sympathy over the devastation caused by floods in India.		X				FBIS (PRC) 26 Aug 80
23 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan declines a Soviet request to allow its disabled nuclear submarine to be towed through Japanese territorial waters. Officials state that lack of a safe navigation guarantee is the reason for the rejection.		X		X		NVT 23 Aug 80; FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80
23 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet nuclear-powered submarine under tow following a disabling fire enters Japanese territorial waters.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80
23 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki states Japan will lodge a sharp protest with the Soviet Union against the passage of the disabled nuclear-powered submarine through Japanese territorial waters. When he is informed that the submarine passed through Japanese waters despite repeated Japanese requests not to do so, Suzuki remarks "this act is to be highly regretted."		X		X		FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80
23 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan asks the Soviet Union to withdraw its disabled nuclear-powered submarine from Japanese waters but the request is ignored.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80
23 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Government lodges a protest with the Soviet Government over the damaged Soviet nuclear-powered submarine having passed through Japanese territorial waters in disregard of repeated warnings.		X				FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 25 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
23 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Asahi Evening News (Tokyo) reports there are serious differences among the organizations which support the movement seeking the return of the Soviet-occupied northern islands off Hokkaido. The JCP has decided to participate for the first time in a rally that is to be held in Hokkaido on 23 August while the JSP has informed the organizing committee that it will not be participating. The paper reports that observers are concerned that a split in the movement could result.		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
23 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. TOHO reports from Tokyo that some 2,100 people in Hokkaido and Tohoku areas held a rally in Sapporo demanding the return of the Northern Territories occupied by the Soviet Union. The rally was sponsored by a working committee composed of 32 organizations in the two areas. Sixteen million signatures were collected demanding the return. A resolution unanimously adopted at the rally says, "The return of Habomai, Shikotan, Etorofu, and Kunshiri is a legitimate claim of the Japanese nation and also an indispensable prerequisite for lasting peace and friendly relations between Japan and the Soviet Union."		X				FBIS (PRC) 27 Aug 80
23 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. TASS (Moscow) report entitled "Aid to Kampuchea's Population," notes the Union of USSR Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies Executive Committee adopted a decision regarding aid to the population of the PRK. A new Soviet Red Cross mobile medical detachment will be sent to Kampuchea to offer preventive assistance and treatment to the population. The medics will work for 4 months in Kampuchea under the auspices of the International Red Cross Committee.	X					FBIS (USSR) 2 Sep 80
24 Aug 80	JAPAN/ASEAN/PRC. Japanese FM Masayoshi Ito leaves Tokyo for a 12-day trip to Thailand, Burma, India, Pakistan, and China. This is the first diplomatic tour by a member of the new Suzuki Cabinet and indicates Japan attaches importance to Asia and intends to play a positive role in the international situation. The trip is also considered in Tokyo as a preparation for the UNGA debate on the Kampuchean issue and the Prime Minister's planned visit to ASEAN countries in January 1981.		X				FBIS (PRC) 25 Aug 80
24 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC/USSR. Commentary by Xinhua (Beijing) correspondent Wu Xuewen entitled "Moscow's High-Handedness Toward Tokyo" decries Moscow's attitude toward Japan since the formation of the Suzuki Cabinet. It claims Moscow wants to "call the tune" for the planned talks between Soviet and Japanese foreign ministers at the UNGA session in September and to compel Japan to say nothing about the northern territories and the Afghan issue during the talks. The Soviet Union is also accused of wanting to take advantage of its geographical position and military strength to force Japan to give up its sanction measures so that Western unity regarding the Afghan situation will be disrupted.		X				FBIS (PRC) 25 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
24 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Maritime Safety Agency informs the 11th Regional Maritime Safety Headquarters that the Japanese Government does not regard the passing of a disabled Soviet submarine through Japanese territorial waters as a violation of territorial waters but as an "innocent passage." The change of position on the part of the government follows assurances made by the Soviet Union that there is no danger of the crippled submarine developing radioactive leaks.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80
24 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese Minister of Culture Huang Zhen arrives in Manila for a 5-day visit during which a Philippine-China culture agreement will be formalized.					X	FBIS (AP) 25 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 28 Aug 80
25 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan's Cabinet Legislative Bureau Director Reihiro Tsunoda and Chief Cabinet Secretary Kiichi Miyazawa discuss the legal aspects of the passage of the disabled Soviet nuclear submarine through Japanese territorial waters. Tsunoda tells Miyazawa that he has no objections to the Foreign Ministry's view that the Soviet submarine made a "harmless transit" through Japanese waters. He adds that since the submarine was reportedly not carrying nuclear weapons, the transit poses no problems in connection with Japan's three antinuclear principles opposing the possession, manufacture, and importation of nuclear weapons into Japan.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 26 Aug 80
25 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan asks the Soviet Union to lift the restricted zone established by Moscow in waters off the maritime province of Siberia for firing practice from 26 to 28 August. The request is made to the Soviet Foreign Ministry by the Japanese Embassy in Moscow which states that more than 300 Japanese fishing boats are operating in the area.				X		FBIS (AP) 26 Aug 80
25 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Press reports from Tokyo say 14 Japanese fishing vessels and 70 fishermen on board have thus far been seized in 1980 by the Soviet Union off Japan's southern Chishima Islands. The Choo Ryu Maru was seized on 24 August while operating off Japan's Habomai Island and the seizure was admitted by the USSR. Sankei Shimbun (Tokyo) describes the Soviet admission as unprecedented.				X		FBIS (PRC) 25 Aug 80
25 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng, meets in Beijing with Samdech and Mme. Norodom Sihanouk and commends Sihanouk's "principled stand" denouncing Vietnamese colonialism and calling on the UN not to recognize the Heng Samrin regime in Phnom Penh. Huang Hua and Han Nianlong, Chinese Minister and Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs, attend the luncheon honoring the guests, following the meeting.		X				FBIS (PRC) 25 Aug 80
25 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. Delegation of Communist (Moscow), the political-theoretical magazine of the CPSU Central Committee, arrives in Pyongyang.		X				FBIS (AP) 27 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
26 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Maritime Safety authorities call off their observations of the disabled Soviet nuclear-powered submarine in tow as it leaves Japanese territorial waters.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 27 Aug 80
26 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Mainichi Daily News (Tokyo) calls the Soviet Union's failure to abide by Japanese requests and continuing to tow a disabled nuclear-powered submarine through Japanese territorial waters "an act of arrogance on the part of a superpower."		X				FBIS (AP) 28 Aug 80
26 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Tokyo) reports the Soviet Union has asked Japan to undertake approximately one-third of a \$10 billion natural gas pipeline project linking western Siberia and West Germany.			X			FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
26 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio commentary urges the ASEAN nations to cooperate with Indochina against the PRC.		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
26 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. The Philippines and China sign in Manila an executive program under an existing cultural agreement signed earlier in Beijing for the exchange of artists and outstanding literary works from the two countries.					X	FBIS (AP) 28 Aug 80; FBIS (PRC) 28 Aug 80
26 Aug 80	ASEAN/USSR. Bangkok Post carries an exclusive interview between S. Rajaratnam, Singapore Deputy PM for Foreign Affairs, and The Chongkhadikij, Editor in Chief of the Post, wherein the Prime Minister says the USSR would like to be the No. 1 power, and it is using Vietnam as a proxy to establish dominance in Southeast Asia. He warns that the next few months are crucial for ASEAN countries as the Soviets will "try to take maximum advantage for themselves in this part of the world while the United States is preoccupied with elections."		X				FBIS (PRC) 28 Aug 80
26 Aug 80	ASEAN/USSR. Meeting is held between the CPSU Central Committee Institute of Marxism-Leninism and the CPSU Central Committee Academy of Social Sciences to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the formation of the Communist Party of the Philippines.		X				FBIS (USSR) 3 Sep 80
27 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports the Japanese National Police Agency intends to question former Japan Communist Party leader Ritsuo Ito when he returns to Japan on suspicion of illegally leaving the country. Ito has been missing since July 1950 and Chinese authorities recently revealed that he has been living in Beijing.		X				FBIS (AP) 27 Aug 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
27 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Asahi Shimbun (Tokyo) editorial addresses the case of the damaged Soviet nuclear submarine being towed through Japanese territorial waters and asks the Soviet Government to explain to the Japanese people why they failed to respond to Japanese warnings not to pass through Japanese territorial waters if there was any danger of nuclear contamination until after the ship had already passed. The paper adds that for the sake of good relations, it is necessary that the USSR explain why it trespassed through Japanese waters.		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
27 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio criticizes Beijing's authorities for trying to revive the "Pol Pot clique" in Kampuchea.		X				FBIS (AP) 28 Aug 80
27 Aug 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. GOP orders the closure of the Soviet Press and Information Office in Islamabad, imposes travel restrictions on Russian diplomats, and requests the USSR to reduce its diplomatic presence in Pakistan by 50 percent. The measures are part of the government's crackdown on the Soviet presence in Pakistan in an effort to quell a Moscow-inspired campaign against the regime of President Zia-ul-Haq. According to Western and nonaligned sources, the Soviets have been exceptionally heavy-handed in their dealings with Pakistan, with the Russian Ambassador reportedly trying to "bully" President Zia and making "threatening remarks" to other officials. The USSR is also alleged to have embarked on a campaign of subversion designed to destabilize the government, with repeated journalistic attacks on the Zia regime appearing in Soviet publications originating in Karachi or promulgated by TASS in Moscow.		X				Washington Post 31 Aug 80; The Guardian (London) 28 Aug 80
28 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Yoshinori Yoshioka, JCP Security and Foreign Policy Commission Chairman, tells the Japan National Broadcasting Corp. that the two conditions set by the Japanese Government for a disabled Soviet submarine to pass through Japanese territorial waters--that the submarine did not carry nuclear weapons and that there be no radioactive pollution--should be strictly applied to ships and submarines of all countries including the United States.		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
29 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Bank of Tokyo announces that convertible foreign currency notes issued by the Bank of China can be purchased at its head and branch offices in Japan effective 1 September.			X			FBIS (AP) 15 Sep 80
29 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Embassy in Moscow asks the Soviet Foreign Ministry to lift the restricted zone set up by the Soviet Union in the Soviet coastal waters facing the Sea of Japan for firing practice on 1 and 4 September. The Embassy points out the waters within the restricted zone are included in the area where Japanese fishermen are allowed to operate under the bilateral fishery agreement.		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
29 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev makes a speech in Kazakhstan in which he states that Moscow is prepared to develop further its "significant and profitable" relations with Japan but that it will depend on Japan.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Sep 80
29 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. An article entitled "What the Past Teaches," published in Izvestiya (Moscow), recounts the history of the Japanese defeat in World War II. It claims Japan tried to mislead the Soviet Union into signing the 13 April 1941 neutrality pact and prompt the USSR to weaken the defense of its Far Eastern borders. The article asserts that 35 years have not been enough time to conclude a Japan-Soviet peace treaty, as the "phony thesis" of the Soviet threat is enjoying renewed popularity in official Tokyo circles, and Japan's "military department" has openly declared the USSR to be a potential enemy. It warns that "lessons of the victory over the fascist-militarist bloc attest that no hostile actions with regard to the USSR can be successful just as their initiators cannot remain unpunished."		X				FBIS (USSR) 16 Sep 80
29 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Tokyo) reports the severe economic sanctions Japan is maintaining against the Soviet Union and Iran are seriously affecting its exports to the two countries. The newspaper reports that European companies have beaten their Japanese rivals to win at least four industrial plant export deals with the Soviet Union since the beginning of 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 29 Aug 80
29 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR/PRC. Preliminary conference of the international conference on Kampuchea, jointly sponsored by the Japanese organizing committee of the International Conference on Kampuchea, the Kampuchea Conference International Secretariat, and the Government of Democratic Kampuchea, opens in Tokyo. The conference calls for the immediate and unconditional withdrawal of Vietnamese troops from Kampuchea and appeals to all countries to continue to maintain the legitimate seat of the Government of Democratic Kampuchea in the UN.		X				FBIS (PRC) 4 Sep 80
29 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. Information Department of the Chinese Foreign Ministry delegation headed by its director Qian Qichen arrives in Pyongyang.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
29 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese forestry friendship delegation headed by Zhang Shijun, Vice Minister of Forestry, arrives in Pyongyang.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
29 Aug 80	ASEAN/PRC. Arrival of China's first aircraft at Don Muang Airport, Bangkok, signals the opening of air service between Thailand and China under a civil aviation traffic agreement signed by the two governments on 26 June. The route for Chinese flights goes from Guangzhou to Bangkok while that for Thailand goes from Bangkok to Guangzhou.			X			FBIS (PRC) 4 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Cul	
30 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Visiting Japanese Posts and Telecommunications Minister Yamanouchi and his Chinese counterpart and host Wang Zigang agree in Beijing that Japan and China will hold regular consultations on a working level in the future to discuss bilateral technological cooperation in the telecommunications sector. They also agree on China's conducting a study on the establishment of a telecommunications training center. Japan will send technicians to the projected center as lecturers and will provide necessary equipment. Seminars for Chinese officials will be held in Japan to help China in drawing up long-term plans such as those for establishing telecommunications networks in the country. Agreement is also reached on reciprocal exchange of visits by postal affairs officials to promote the mechanization and modernization of postal work in China. Similar exchanges will be promoted also in the telecommunications sector. Funds of the Japan International Cooperation Agency are to be used to supply equipment for the telecommunications training center and experts of the Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Public Corp. (NTT), Kokusai Denshin Denwa Co. (KDD), and the Japan Broadcasting Corps. (NHK) are to be dispatched to the center as lecturers.	X				FBIS (PRC) 2 Sep 80
30 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Chief Cabinet Secretary Miyazawa remarks that a statement made by Soviet Party leader Brezhnev on Japan-Soviet relations is worth studying. He points out that it is very rare for Mr. Brezhnev to devote part of any speech to Japan-Soviet relations.		X			FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
30 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet missile cruiser is observed sailing south near the Taushima Islands between Japan and South Korea.				X	FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
30 Aug 80	JAPAN/USSR. Mainichi Daily News (Tokyo) reports the Japanese Air Self-Defense Force (ASDF) will shortly deploy a "red aggressor" squadron to play the role of a Soviet Air Force unit, in order to carry out simulated combat with ASDF fighter squadrons.				X	FBIS (AP) 3 Sep 80
30 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. VNA (Hanoi) comments on recent "bellicose" statements by Chinese Vice Premier Deng Xiaoping and Vice FM Han Nianlong referring to China's right to "counterattack Vietnam in self defense." The news agency states "the warmongers in Beijing have exposed themselves as proponents of the policy of using violence to settle the relations among nations."		X			FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
30 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. Vietnam-USSR Friendship Association delegation departs Hanoi for a friendship visit to the Soviet Union to attend ceremonies marking Vietnam's 35th National Day.		X			FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
30 Aug 80	SRV/USSR. First station for vehicles and machinery maintenance built with Soviet assistance is completed in Giap Bat, Hanoi. The station is one of 22 planned, each of which will be able to handle 250 vehicles annually.			X		FBIS (AP) 10 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
30 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. DPRK VP Kong Chin-tae meets in Pyongyang with a Chinese scientific and technological cooperation delegation headed by He Pingzhang, PRC Coal Industry Vice Minister. A protocol is signed following the meeting.	X		X			FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80; FBIS (PRC) 4 Sep 80
30 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. Korean-Soviet Friendship Society delegation departs Pyongyang by train to attend celebrations of the 32d anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
30 Aug 80	DPRK/USSR. DPRK film delegation leaves Pyongyang by train to attend functions in the Soviet Union during a film week organized to mark the 32d anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.		X			X	FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
31 Aug 80	SRV/PRC. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) article entitled "Desperate Attempt--Commenting on the Vietnamese Foreign Ministry Memorandum" decries a 27 August Vietnamese Government memorandum as an attempt by Vietnamese authorities to legalize their "criminal invasion" of Kampuchea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 2 Sep 80
31 Aug 80	DPRK/PRC. Jilin Provincial Party Committee of China arrives in Pyongyang.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
1 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Toshihiko Yano, Vice Minister of Japan's International Trade and Industry Ministry, leaves Tokyo for Beijing to explain to Chinese officials Japan's industrial policy for attaining higher economic growth.			X			FBIS (AP) 3 Sep 80
1 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Long-term Credit Bank of Japan announces that the Bank of China will join a nine-member underwriting syndicate for a \$25 million note issue in Singapore in late September 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 15 Sep 80
1 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. IBM Japan Ltd, a Japanese subsidiary of International Business Machines Corp., announces it will take over all business activities related to exports of IBM computers to China from the New York-based IBM World Trade Americas-Far East Corp.			X			FBIS (AP) 15 Sep 80
1 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese Vice Premiers Yao Yilin and Kang Shien meet in Beijing with a delegation of Japanese experts in industrial quality and management, led by Yasuhira Suzue, Director General of the Japan Union of Science and Technology.			X			FBIS (PRC) 3 Sep 80
1 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports the opening in Beijing of the first official-level meeting between Japan and China to discuss scientific and cultural exchanges. Discussion at the meeting focuses on student exchange and cultural cooperation.	X				X	FBIS (PRC) 3 Sep 80
1 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Ranking Japanese Foreign Ministry official indicates that Japan will move to repair its relations with the Soviet Union which cooled following the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan. The official states that economic cooperation between the two countries is important and "mutually beneficial."		X	X			FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
1 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Two OSA-II Class fast attack missile craft of the Soviet Navy are observed being towed by a tugboat southward west of the Goto Islands, Kyushu, southwestern Japan.				X		FBIS (AP) 3 Sep 80
1 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Chinese NPC Standing Committee and Chinese State Council send a message to the Vietnamese National Assembly Standing Committee and the Vietnamese Government expressing warm greetings on the occasion of Vietnam's 35th National Day. Similar greetings are forwarded by the China-Vietnam Friendship Association to the Vietnam-China Friendship Association.		X				FBIS (PRC) 3 Sep 80
1 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Lao cultural delegation headed by Ounheuan Phounsavat, Acting Minister of Propaganda, Information, Culture, and Tourism, departs from Vientiane for an official visit to the USSR at the invitation of the Soviet Ministry of Culture.					X	FBIS (AP) 9 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
1 Sep 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet Journalists Union delegation arrives in Pyongyang for an official visit.		X			X	FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
2 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reporter Teiji Shimizu reports visiting Japanese FM Ito and Chinese FM Huang Hua held talks and reaffirmed Japan's and China's opposition to the Vietnamese intervention in Cambodia and the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan. Huang also proposed to Ito that a Sino-Japanese ministerial meeting on economic cooperation be held in November in Beijing; Ito made no definite commitment pending a special Diet session. Huang also was reported to have asked Japan to decide on the scale of Japan's second yen loan to China before the proposed ministerial conference. Ito suggested that Japan and China conclude an agreement on migratory birds and received Huang's promise to do so.	X	X				FBIS (PRC) 3 Sep 80
2 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Omron Tateisi Electronics Co. of Kyoto, Japan, announces that the China National Machinery Import and Export Corp. will produce its electronic control equipment with parts to be supplied from Japan.			X			FBIS (AP) 11 Sep 80
2 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Mainichi Daily News (Tokyo) reports that Soviet President Brezhnev's 29 August speech, in which he declared the Soviet Union was prepared to promote further exchanges with Japan in the economic and other fields, was his first official statement dealing with Japan in 4 years. The last was at the time a Soviet pilot, seeking asylum in the United States, flew a MiG-25 fighter to Hokkaido.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
2 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Zhao Ziyang, member of the Standing Committee of the CCP Central Committee Politburo and Vice Premier of the State Council, meets with Hoang Van Huan, former Minister of Justice of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam, and his wife, Truong Nhu Tang, recently arrived in Beijing from Paris.		X				FBIS (PRC) 3 Sep 80
2 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR. Philippine FM Carlos Romulo warns Western nations to "act now" against Soviet expansionism in the Middle East and Southeast Asia and cautions the United States against detente with Hanoi.	X					FBIS (AP) 2 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Foreign Ministry announces that China will establish a consulate-general in Sapporo, Hokkaido, on 10 September 1980.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. China's Premier Hua Guofeng and Vice Premiers Zhao Ziyang and Gu Mu meet with Japanese FM Ito and his party in Beijing. Premier Hua briefs Mr. Ito on the 3d Session of the 5th National People's Congress and assures the Japanese party that the policy of "advancing friendship with Japan will not change." Premier Hua formally introduces Mr. Ito to Zhao Ziyang, who will succeed Hua as China's new premier.		X				FBIS (PRC) 3 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	CuI	
3 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Yao Yilin meets in Beijing with Mr. Toshihiko Yano, Permanent Vice Minister of International Trade and Industry of Japan, and party for discussion on exchange of industrial technology and cooperation in exploiting energy resources.			X			FBIS (PRC) 4 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Mainichi Daily News (Tokyo) reports Japan will advise China to place its primary economic emphasis on expanding output of vital materials such as iron and steel in its modernization effort. Japanese Government sources state that increased production of essential materials will be instrumental in making China a stronger economic power.			X			FBIS (AP) 5 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Petroleum Corp. of China and its partner, Japan China Oil Development Corp., agree during negotiations in Tianjin that test drilling for oil in a joint oil development project will start in mid-October in the southern part of China's Bohai Bay.			X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. New York Times reports that Tateishi Electric of Japan has agreed to begin producing electrical parts and equipment in China.			X			NYT 3 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry official confirms that the Japanese Government will resume negotiations with the Soviet Union on extension of Export-Import Bank of Japan loans to two Siberian projects to develop natural resources. The projects concern the development of coking coal deposits in southern Yakutsk and the development of forestry resources in the Soviet Far East region.			X			FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry official, commenting on the 29 August speech of Soviet Premier Brezhnev, states Japan does not feel the need to change its policies toward the Soviet Union for the time being. Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo) reports the official's statement seems intended to reaffirm that Japan's decision to resume negotiations with the Soviet Union on two economic cooperation projects in Siberia was not made in response to the Brezhnev speech.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 5 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR/PRC. Rallies are held by various circles of Japanese people in Kansai and Tokai to welcome the delegation of the Government of Democratic Kampuchea and to support the Kampuchean people in their struggle against Vietnamese aggression.		X				FBIS (PRC) 5 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Lao Premier Kayson Phomvihane returns to Vientiane from Laos following a 1-month stay in the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	DPRK/USSR. Korean Architects Union delegation headed by Kim Ung-sang departs Pyongyang for a visit to the Soviet Union.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 5 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
3 Sep 80	ASEAN/PRC/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) Comprehensive Report attacks the Soviet Union for having launched unbridled propaganda attacks against Thailand after President Brezhnev met with leaders of the Vietnamese, Laotian, and Kampuchean regimes in the summer of 1980. The news agency suggests it is "an evil omen," for similar attacks were launched against Democratic Kampuchea on the eve of the Vietnamese march into Phnom Penh.		X				FBIS (PRC) 5 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	BURMA/PRC. Burmese agricultural delegation led by U Kyaw Htein, Deputy Minister of Agriculture and Forests, departs Rangoon for Beijing.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
3 Sep 80	PAKISTAN/PRC/USSR. Moscow World Service reports the Karakoram-80 expedition, allegedly organized by the secret services of the United States, China, Pakistan, and Britain, has begun to select sites for unmanned stations to be built for gathering espionage information about the Soviet Union, Afghanistan, and India. Press Asia International News Agency says China and Pakistan will simultaneously prepare for an underground test of a Pakistani nuclear device to be held at the end of 1982.		X		X		FBIS (USSR) 4 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese FM Ito talks about his recent trip to China in an interview on NHK television in Tokyo. The FM explains he was the first foreign dignitary to be introduced to Zhao Ziyang, the premier to be.		X				FBIS (AP) 5 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Deng Xiaoping meets in Beijing with Japanese FM Ito prior to the latter's departure from China.		X				FBIS (PRC) 4 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Foreign Ministry official states the return to Japan from Beijing on 3 September of Ritsuo Ito, former JCP Politburo member, reflects moves for normalization in China.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. China notifies Japanese clients that the supply price of crude oil will be lowered by \$1.50 to \$33.125 per barrel, effective 1 September.			X			FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. C. Itoh and Co. of Japan announces that it has won a \$150 million Chinese order to export incidental equipment related to a petrochemical plant now under construction in China's Shandong Province. The equipment includes water treatment and transportation systems for the plant with a planned annual production capacity of 300,000 tons of ethylene.			X			FBIS (AP) 11 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	CuI	
4 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that Kobe Steel Ltd. has received a Chinese order for an aluminum foil plant, the first plant of its kind ever to be shipped to China by a Japanese company. The deal is valued at \$14 million and calls for shipment of necessary machinery and equipment by November 1981.			X			FBIS (AP) 4 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese Vice Premier Gu Mu meets in Beijing with Yoshimi Furui, Chairman of the Japanese Dietmen's League for Japan-China Friendship, and his party. Views are exchanged on further development of Sino-Japanese economic cooperation and trade.			X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Tokyo) urges Japan to establish "a prudent yet flexible policy toward the USSR." With the decision to lift the ban on credits for Siberian development projects, the newspaper remarks that Japanese-Soviet relations, stalled since the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, appear to be improving.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	SRV/PRC/USSR. Commentary by Xinhua (Beijing) correspondent Yu Minsheng entitled "Vietnam's Rumor-Mongering Campaign at UN" scores Vietnam for circulating a rumor that Britain and other West European countries will agree at the 35th UNGA session that Kampuchea's seat at the UN will be taken by the Heng Samrin regime. The commentary suggests the effort is masterminded by the USSR to bring the Heng Samrin regime into the UN, since only a few states have recognized the regime.		X				FBIS (PRC) 5 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. Yu Kezhong, Military Attache of the Chinese Embassy in Pyongyang, visits the Wonhwa cooperative farm in Sunan District, Pyongyang, on the occasion of the 32d anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.		X				FBIS (AP) 5 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	DPRK/USSR. Communist (Moscow) delegation headed by L. K. Naumenko, its Deputy Editor in Chief, departs Pyongyang following an official visit.		X				FBIS (AP) 5 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	DPRK/USSR. Accord on cooperation between the Korean Journalists Union and the Soviet Journalists Union is signed in Pyongyang.		X				FBIS (AP) 5 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	ASEAN/PRC. VP Wan Li meets in Beijing with a delegation of public prosecutors from Thailand led by Suchin Timsuwan, Deputy Director General of the Department of Public Prosecution, Ministry of Interior of Thailand.		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
4 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR. GOS PM Lee Kuan Yew, at the opening session of the meeting of the Commonwealth Asian and Pacific regional meeting of chiefs of government, argues for a clearcut condemnation of the Soviet Union for its actions in Afghanistan and Kampuchea. He quotes from Moscow and Hanoi publications and broadcasts to demonstrate that Moscow and its allies "are establishing a new doctrine of justifiable intervention outside the framework of the UN Charter." He adds that because of "the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan," the Western powers have been forced to undertake "an urgent program to increase defense expenditures."		X				NYT 5 Sep 80; FEER (Hong Kong) 12 Sep 80
4 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR. Quoting a high officer of the Supreme Command of the Armed Forces of Thailand, Thai papers report Vietnam has moved artillery units into position along the Thai-Kampuchean border and trained their guns on Thailand. Ground-to-air rocket launching sites have been built in the area from Sisophon, Battambang Province, to Kampuchea's border with Thailand, and helicopter airports are being built close to the border area. According to another report, Soviet pilots are training Vietnamese and Heng Samrin pilots to operate MiG-21 planes. Training flights are taking place daily with two or three planes in each flight. The Soviet Union is helping Vietnam and the Heng Samrin regime to build airports in various provinces of Kampuchea and is supplying them with patrol boats.				X		FBIS (PRC) 5 Sep 80
5 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese FM Ito states the Japanese Government should respond positively to China's proposal to convene the first bilateral ministerial conference in mid-November.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Sep 80
5 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. JSP delegation, led by Shinnen Tagaya, Party Secretary General, leaves for Beijing on a 10-day visit to China.		X				FBIS (AP) 5 Sep 80
5 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Komeito Party of Japan announces that Yoshikatsu Takeiri, Komeito Chairman, will lead a group on a visit to China where they will meet Zhao Ziyang, Premier Hua Guofeng's intended successor.		X				FBIS (AP) 5 Sep 80
5 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Financial Times (London) reports that Chi-Hui Petrochemical Corp. of China awarded a \$152 million contract to C. Itoh (Japan) to help build an ethylene plant in Shangdong Province capable of producing 300,000 tons per year.			X			Financial Times (London) 5 Sep 80
5 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports unidentified sources as saying Chinese VP Yao Yilin told Toshihiko Yano, visiting Japanese Vice Minister of International Trade and Industry, that there is little chance China will develop new oil fields until 1987 and, therefore, it will be difficult for China to supply Japan with the targeted 8 million tons in 1980, 9.5 million tons in 1981, and 15 million tons in 1982.			X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Sep 80; FBIS (AP) 5 & 8 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
5 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnamese Committee for Investigation into the Aggressive War Crimes of Chinese Expansionists and Hegemonists publishes a report on the August "war crimes" of the PRC.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Sep 80
5 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Title of "Labor Hero" and the Ho Chi Minh Order, First Class, are conferred in Hanoi on Soviet cosmonaut V. A. Shatalov.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Sep 80
5 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. Kim Yong-nam, member of the Political Committee and Secretary of the Workers Party of Korea Central Committee, holds a friendly conversation in Pyongyang with the visiting Chinese Renmin Ribao (Beijing) delegation headed by Pan Fei, Deputy Chief Editor of the paper.				X		FBIS (PRC) 10 Sep 80
5 Sep 80	DPRK/USSR. Celebration of the 32d anniversary of the founding of the DPRK is held in Moscow.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Sep 80
6 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Government sources state that Japan will extend 50 billion yen (\$200 million) in credit to China in fiscal 1980, ending 31 March 1981.			X			FBIS (AP) 10 Sep 80
6 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Vietnamese PM Nguyen Co Thach departs Hanoi for an official friendship visit to the Soviet Union and other countries.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Sep 80
6 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries and the China-Korea Friendship Association arrange a reception in Beijing in celebration of the 32d anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Sep 80
6 Sep 80	ASEAN/PRC. Song Qingling, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee, meets in Beijing with M. L. Pin Malakul, former Minister of Education and Culture of Thailand, Mrs. Malakul, and their party.		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Sep 80
6 Sep 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai Airways International Ltd. "friendship flight" delegation is feted at a banquet in Beijing by the General Administration for Travel and Tourism of China (CATTC) and the Civil Aviation Administration of China (CAAC). Delegation is led by Air Chief Marshal Panteng Kantarat, Deputy Minister of Defense, Commander in Chief of the Royal Thai Air Force, and Chairman of the Thai Airways International Ltd.		X	X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Sep 80
6 Sep 80	BURMA/PRC. VP Wan Li meets with a Burmese agricultural delegation led by U Kyaw Htain, Vice Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, in Beijing and discusses the furthering of bilateral exchanges of experience and techniques in agriculture.			X			FBIS (PRC) 8 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	
7 Sep 80	JAPAN/USRR. Sankei Shimbun (Tokyo) reports a statement of Haruo Okada, Vice Speaker of the Japanese Lower House, calling for international solidarity to curb Soviet expansionism and hegemonism and thus reduce the danger of the outbreak of a third world war.		X			FBIS (PRC) 10 Sep 80
7 Sep 80	SRV/USRR. Nguyen Co Thach, member of the VCP Central Committee and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the SRV, arrives in Moscow on an official visit at the invitation of the Soviet Government. He talks with USSR Minister of Foreign Affairs Gromyko on prospects for further strengthening and developing links between the USSR and SRV.		X			FBIS (USSR) 10 Sep 80
7 Sep 80	SRV/USRR. Soviet aircraft carrier <u>Minsk</u> enters Cam Ranh Bay, Vietnam.				X	NYT 7 Sep 80
7 Sep 80	INDIA/USRR. More than 200 Soviet trade union delegates attend the first All-India National Conference on National Solidarity, Sovereignty, and Territorial Integrity in Nagpur. The purpose of the conference is to form a common front of all forces in favor of strengthening India's independence and friendship with the USSR and peace-loving nations.		X	X		FBIS (USSR) 8 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Jiji Press (Tokyo) writes that a JSP delegation, recently returned from Beijing, reported that the Chinese take a poor view of the normalization of relations between the Communist Parties of Japan and China. The delegates state that the CCP does not intend to establish relations with the JCP "for a considerably long period of time."		X			FBIS (AP) 12 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Government sources disclose that the first Japan-China ministerial conference is expected to be held in Beijing on 16 November.		X			FBIS (AP) 10 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	JAPAN/USRR. Japanese Foreign Ministry official states that Japan cannot separate economics from politics in sorting out its relations with the Soviet Union. The statement is made in reference to Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev's 29 August speech in which he said that the Soviet Union is ready to promote its economic exchanges with Japan.		X			FBIS (AP) 9 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	JAPAN/USRR. Xinhua (Beijing) reports from Tokyo that FM Masayoshi Ito, speaking on bilateral relations with the Soviet Union at a Liberal Democratic Party national meeting in Hakone, Kanagawa Prefecture, says Japan will not "bow down to make it up with the Soviets."		X			FBIS (AP) 8 Sep 80; FBIS (PRC) 10 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
8 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Vladimir Sushkov, Soviet Deputy Foreign Trade Minister, arrives in Tokyo following the Japanese Government's resumption of the issuance of entry permits to Soviet officials, suspended for many months in protest against Moscow's armed intervention in Afghanistan.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Embassy in Moscow asks the Soviet Foreign Ministry to lift the restricted zones set up at four places in waters off the maritime province of Siberia for firing practice to be conducted for 6 days until 13 September. The ministry is told that the waters included in the restricted zones cover part of the area where Japanese fishing boats are allowed to operate under the Japan-USSR fishery agreement.				X		FBIS (AP) 9 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. TASS (Moscow) report entitled "Conversation," published in Pravda, reports N. V. Martynov, Deputy Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, received in Moscow Tran Sam, SRV Minister of Supply.			X			FBIS (USSR) 19 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. PRC Chairman Hua Guofeng and Vice Chairman Ye Jianying send a telegram of felicitations to President Kim Il-sung and Premier Yi Chong-ok on the occasion of the 32d anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. Asian Commonwealth Prime Ministers Conference, meeting in New Delhi, issues a delicately worded communique which falls short of outright condemnation of Soviet actions in Afghanistan and Kampuchea. Because of PM Gandhi's willingness to work with the Soviets for a political solution vehemently opposed by other prime ministers at the conference, the final resolution signals an attempt to placate the Indian Government for its ambiguous policies toward the USSR. PM Gandhi resolutely declares, "We are not pro-Soviet or anti-American. We are merely pro-India."		X				Times (London) 9 Sep 80; NYT 9 Sep 80; The Statesman (Calcutta) 9 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. N. A. Tikhonov, member of the CPSU Central Committee Politburo and First Deputy Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, receives Indian Agriculture Minister R. Birendra Singh in the USSR on an official visit. Views are exchanged on the state and prospects of Soviet-Indian cooperation in agriculture and related areas.			X			FBIS (USSR) 15 Sep 80
8 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. Soviet-built KASHIN Class guided-missile destroyer sails through the Bosphorus en route to India for shipment to the Indian Navy. The new destroyer reportedly was built at Leningrad naval shipyards and underwent modifications at the Odessa facilities.				X		The Statesman (Calcutta) 9 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
9 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Top-level Japanese business mission leaves Tokyo for talks in Beijing with the new Chinese Government leaders on their economic policy. The mission is expected to discuss prospects for oil and coal supplies under the private long-term trade agreement, signed in 1978.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo) reports that Yamazaki Ironworks is to have 1,000 general-purpose lathes produced annually by China's Jinan Machinery Co. for 5 years beginning in October 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 12 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that Japan has decided to ask China to raise its coal shipments to Japan from mines under joint development by 2.5 million tons annually between 1983 and 1985 at negotiations to begin soon in Beijing.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Financial Times (London) reports that Japanese International Trade and Industry Vice Minister Yano will ask that China be "excused" from supplying all of the 9.5 million tons of oil to Japan in 1981 that it agreed to deliver in a 1978 cooperation agreement. China's onshore oil production is expected to remain static for several years and offshore exploration has slowed.			X			Financial Times (London) 9 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki agrees with the view that "Japan does not want to change its attitude toward the Soviet Union," after hearing a report on Japanese-Soviet relations by Masuo Takashima, Administrative Vice Foreign Minister, in Tokyo. According to Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo), Takashima stressed in his report that Japan should await the forthcoming US policy toward the Soviet Union and not propose regular negotiations between the Japanese and Soviet foreign ministers at the next UNGA session.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	SRV/USSR/PRC. PM Khieu Samphan of Democratic Kampuchea, in an exclusive interview with correspondents from Radio Beijing and China Central TV at the site of the Democratic Kampuchean Government in Cambodia, declares leaving the Kampuchean seat vacant at the forthcoming UNGA will only help the Soviet Union and Vietnam in their aggression and expansion. He links the Kampuchean and Afghan issues, warning that if the Soviet Union achieves supremacy in Southeast Asia and is successful in Afghanistan, there will be no way to stop its expansion in the Middle East and the Persian Gulf.		X				FBIS (PRC) 12 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi reports that Chinese armed forces fired over 700 mortar rounds on villages in Lang Son and Quang Ninh Provinces on 8 September.				X		FBIS (AP) 10 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
9 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. Zhang Xiangshan, Director of the Chinese Central Broadcasting Administration, fetes a visiting DPRK broadcasting and television delegation in Beijing.					X	FBIS (PRC) 10 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	DPRK/USSR. Leonid Brezhnev and A. Kosygin send a message to Kim Il-song, General Secretary of the KWP Central Committee and President of the DPRK, and Yi Chong-ok, Premier of the DPRK Administrative Council, on behalf of the CPSU Central Committee, USSR Supreme Soviet Presidium, USSR Council of Ministers and the Soviet people, warmly congratulating them, and the Korean people on the 32d anniversary of the DPRK's formation. A similar message is sent to Army Gen. O Chin-u, DPRK Minister of the People's Armed Forces, by Marshal of the Soviet Union D. Ustinov, USSR Defense Minister.		X				FBIS (USSR) 10 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	ASEAN/PRC. AFP (Hong Kong) reports that Indonesian leaders are following closely the change of leadership in China. Indonesian officials are quoted as saying, "We think that the change in China's leadership will not affect the country's foreign and domestic policies."		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. L. I. Brezhnev and A. N. Kosygin send a telegram to Neelam Sanjiva Reddy and Indian PM Gandhi expressing condolences to families of the dead in connection with the disaster which struck the States of Uttar Pradesh and Bihar.		X				FBIS (USSR) 15 Sep 80
9 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. New York Times reports that India's PM Indira Gandhi yielded to pressure from 15 other heads of government, gathered together in New Delhi for a conference of Asian and Pacific members of the Commonwealth, to join them in a veiled condemnation of the USSR and Vietnam for their roles in Afghanistan and Cambodia.		X				NYT 7 & 9 Sep 80
10 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that Japan reacted favorably to the election of Zhao Ziyang as China's new Premier at the close of the National People's Congress in Beijing.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Sep 80
10 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. PRC Consulate-General is inaugurated in Sapporo, capital of Hokkaido, and is the second Chinese Consulate-General in Japan, the first having been established in Osaka in March 1975. Chen Kang is named Consul General.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Sep 80
10 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. In talks between officials of China's State Energy Commission and a visiting Japan-China Association on Economy and Trade delegation in Beijing, China proposes negotiations with Japan on more joint coal development undertakings in China that will enable China to provide Japan with more than 10 million tons of coal annually between 1986 and 1990.				X		FBIS (PRC) 11 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	
10 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo News Agency (Tokyo), quoting diplomatic sources, reports from Beijing that China is expected to propose to Japan shortly that they hold negotiations for revision of the existing bilateral civil aviation agreement to grant Chinese airlines the right to fly beyond Japan to the United States. China and the United States have initiated an aviation agreement which will enable regular air services to be conducted between the two countries.			X		FBIS (PRC) 11 Sep 80
10 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry official discloses that the Soviet Union notified Japan in August of its intention to purchase large-diameter steel pipes and other materials needed for natural gas pipelines connecting Siberia with Western Europe. The amount of the purchase would equal \$3 billion.			X		FBIS (AP) 16 Sep 80
10 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Asahi Evening News (Tokyo) reports the Soviet Union has asked Japan to extend credit of between \$2 billion and \$3 billion from the Export-Import Bank of Japan. The credit will be used to buy construction materials and machines from Japan. These will be used to build a natural gas pipeline between western Siberia and Western Europe.			X		FBIS (AP) 12 Sep 80
10 Sep 80	ROK/USSR/PRC. Korea Herald (Seoul) reports that increasing contacts between North Korea and Japan and the United States are arousing serious concern in Seoul due to the absence of similar approaches toward South Korea by Communist nations such as the Soviet Union and China. The paper writes that in a major foreign policy statement on 23 June 1973 the Seoul Government proclaimed an "open-door" policy in its foreign relations, oblivious to ideology or social system. Despite these overtures, neither China nor the Soviet Union have ever responded.		X			FBIS (AP) 10 Sep 80
10 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR/PRC. Philippine FM Carlos Romulo states the Sino-Soviet conflict in Southeast Asia will be renewed on a greater scale as a result of the escalating tensions between China and Vietnam over Vietnam's invasion of Kampuchea.		X			FBIS (AP) 11 Sep 80
10 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. In a memorandum signed during the visit to the Soviet Union of a delegation led by Indian Agriculture Minister Rao Birendra Singh, both countries agree to collaborate on a wide range of agricultural projects. Among the areas identified for future cooperation are the exchange of plant material such as cotton, sunflower, and linseed; the supply of improved breeds of Karakul sheep, Pashmina goats, camels, and other animals; and the exchange of scientists to study pelt processing techniques. The two delegations also reviewed cooperation on inland fisheries and irrigation, including soil and water conservation.	X				Eastern Economist (New Delhi) 10 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
11 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Yu Quli meets in Beijing with a Japan-China Association on Economy and Trade delegation and exchanges views on extended cooperation in exploring energy resources. The long-term trade agreement signed in February 1978 is discussed during the delegation's visit to China.			X		
11 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Quoting informed sources, Kyodo (Tokyo) reports from Beijing that China has proposed a sharp cut in its crude oil supplies to Japan in 1981 and 1982 and sought Japanese agreement. The proposed cut for 1981 is 8.3 million tons, down 12.6 percent from the promised volume, and in 1982 to 8.3 million tons, down 44.7 percent. The proposal came at the end of a meeting between the visiting Japan-China Association on Economy and Trade mission led by Toshiwo Doko, association Chairman, and Chinese representatives.			X		
11 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese oil executives state that China's decision to cut crude oil supplies to Japan will have no major adverse effects on Japan's oil supplies in 1981.			X		
11 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Chief Cabinet Secretary Miyazawa remarks that the Soviet Union needs to be watched for its "adventurism" in the next few years.		X			
11 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Mainichi Shinbun (Tokyo) reports that Joji Omura, Director General of Japan's Defense Agency, while inspecting Hyakuri Base of the Air Self-Defense Force in Ibaraki District on 10 September, pointed out that the potential threat against Japan has been growing as a result of the Soviet military buildup in the Far East and the presence of Soviet ground forces in Japan's northern territories. Therefore, "it is necessary to train [the Self-Defense Forces] into real crack troops capable of responding promptly to any eventualities."				X	
11 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnamese Government informs China that it intends to turn over 17 "Chinese infiltrators" to the PRC.		X			
11 Sep 80	ASEAN/PRC. Wu Xiquan, Deputy Chief of the Chinese PLA General Staff and President of the PLA Armymen's Association, meets in Beijing and fetes a Philippine defense press delegation led by Cecilio Arillo, President of the Defense Press Corps of the Philippines. The Corps is made up of newspaper, radio, and television correspondents who cover military news.				X	
11 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Deputy PM Thanat Khoman, in an address at a dinner of the Thai Executive Relations Association in Bangkok, claims that the conflict in Kampuchea could be solved within a short time if Moscow stopped its assistance to Hanoi. He describes ASEAN as a barrier to the expansion of Hanoi's influence in Southeast Asia.		X			

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
11 Sep 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Bengali-language daily in Calcutta reports that Bangladesh has arranged the purchase of two squadrons of MiG-21s, 36 tanks, and other arms worth about 6 billion taka (\$400 million) from China. Delivery of the weapons is scheduled for January 1981. The Amrita Bazar Patrika article maintains that President Zia personally arranged the arms deal during a state visit to Beijing in July. China also agreed to send technical experts to Dacca, Chittagong, and Jessore cantonments to train Bangladesh personnel in use of the weapons. Though the arms agreement has been kept secret, Beijing has taken a highly visible profile of late in order to counteract Soviet influence on the subcontinent, particularly in India. Other recent agreements between China and Bangladesh include a \$42 million interest-free loan for economic development, frequent exchanges of technical and defense experts, and the naming of a new Chinese ambassador to signal Beijing's renewed interest in cordial relations with Bangladesh.		X		X	FBIS (South Asia) 25 Sep 80
12 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Ninth Japanese Komei Party delegation to visit China meets in Beijing with Liao Chengzhi, Vice Chairman of the NPC Standing Committee and President of the China-Japan Friendship Association. Delegation is led by the Party's Chairman, Mr. Yoshikatsu Takeiri.		X			FBIS (PRC) 16 Sep 80
12 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Mi Zhifu, President of the All-China Federation of Trade Unions, meets in Beijing with a delegation from the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan, led by Motofumi Makeida, General Council Chairman, and deputy leader Kanji Takayama, Vice Chairman.		X	X		FBIS (PRC) 16 Sep 80
12 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that the Japanese Post and Telecommunications Ministry decided to set up a Japan-China communication technology exchange and liaison council. The decision was made to facilitate the exchange of technology between Japan and China in the fields of postal services, telecommunications, and broadcasting.	X				FBIS (AP) 12 Sep 80
12 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Taro Nakayama, Director General of Japanese Prime Minister's office, begins an inspection tour of Hokkaido. Following a tradition established by his predecessors, he is to visit Nemuro to view the four nearby Soviet-held islands. The Director General is in charge of the Soviet-held northern territories problem.		X			FBIS (AP) 12 Sep 80
12 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan lodges a protest with the Soviet Union for what it calls "distorted and slanderous" reporting on Japan by the USSR's official press. The verbal protest is made by Toshiaki Muto, Director General of the Japanese Foreign Ministry's European and Oceanic Affairs Bureau, to Boris Zinoviev, Minister of the Soviet Embassy in Tokyo.		X			FBIS (AP) 12 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
12 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnamese Foreign Ministry proposes to the Chinese Embassy in Hanoi that the third round of the Vietnamese-Chinese talks begin on 6 October 1980.		X				FBIS (AP) 15 Sep 80
12 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR. Syed Nasir Ismail, Speaker of the Malaysian Parliament, at the closing session of the ASEAN parliamentarians meeting in Kuala Lumpur, says the unsettled conditions in Vietnam, Laos, and Kampuchea continue to pose the most serious threat to stability and peace in the ASEAN region.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 15 Sep 80
12 Sep 80	BURMA/PRC. Burmese agricultural delegation, led by the Deputy Minister of Agriculture and Forests, arrives in Shanghai and is met and feted by Vice Mayor Chen Zhonglie.			X			FBIS (PRC) 17 Sep 80
13 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. VP Gu Mu meets in Beijing with a delegation from the Sumitomo Bank in Osaka, led by the bank President, Mr. Ichiro Isoda.			X			FBIS (PRC) 16 Sep 80
13 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that a consortium of Japanese, American, and French banks and a Hong Kong-based US-China joint venture will extend a syndicated loan of \$42 million to China to help finance a hotel construction project in Guangzhou.			X			FBIS (AP) 19 Sep 80
13 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. of Japan announces it has agreed with China to complete installation of a black-and-white television picture tube plant in Shanghai by the end of 1980. The plant, capable of producing 1.6 million units of 12- and 14-inch tubes a year, will start operation in the spring of 1981.			X			FBIS (AP) 19 Sep 80
13 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Taro Nakayama, Director General of Japan's Prime Minister's Office, states he is in favor of promoting economic cooperation between Japan and the Soviet Union irrespective of the pending northern territories issue. "To demand the return of the islands and to extend economic assistance to the Soviet Union are not inconsistent," he says.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 15 Sep 80
12 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Economist (London) reports that Japanese public opinion is changing in favor of re-armament due to the Soviet Union's military buildup in the Far East.				X		Economist (London) 13 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
13 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. TASS (Moscow) report entitled "Plan Coordination" published in Pravda notes a protocol on the results of the coordination of the state plans of the USSR and the LPDR for 1981-85 was signed in Moscow on 12 September by N. K. Baybakov, Deputy Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, and Ma Khaikhamphithoun, Chairman of the LPDR National Planning Committee. During coordination of the plans, measures were outlined for the resolution of economic questions connected with insuring the stable development of the LDPR national economy, and the main directions of the two countries' economic cooperation were agreed on for the coming 5-year period.			X			FBIS (USSR) 19 Sep 80
13 Sep 80	ASEAN/JAPAN/USSR. Delegates to the 3d Japan-ASEAN forum jointly sponsored by the Mainichi Shimbun and the Asian Affairs Research Council in Singapore urge Japan to build up its military strength to fill the American decline as a power in the Southeast Asia region. Speakers at the forum express strong concern over Vietnamese aggression and the Soviet military buildup in Asia.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 15 Sep 80
13 Sep 80	ASEAN/SRV/PRC. Press reports in Manila note a statement of Gen. Wu Xiuquan, Deputy Chief of the Chinese PLA General Staff, before a Philippine delegation visiting Beijing, mentioning that Vietnamese patrols had been staging provocations through aggressive reconnaissance, sniper attacks, and artillery shelling of Chinese border towns and military targets. The possibility was raised therefore that China might "teach Vietnam another lesson." Wu also restated China's commitment to support ASEAN in case war erupts in the region, specifically mentioning Thailand. The nature of the support was not specified, however.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 15 Sep 80
14 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Radio Beijing presents a report from correspondents in Kampuchea on the the Kampuchean struggle against Vietnamese aggression, based on an interview with Sen, the Deputy Prime Minister in Charge of National Defense and Commander of troops stationed in Stung Treng and Ratanakiri. He describes developments in the war torn area and his army's determination to win freedom from Vietnamese aggression.		X				FBIS (PRC) 16 Sep 80
14 Sep 80	DPRK/USSR/PRC. North Korean President Kim Il-sung tells a visiting delegation of Japan's ruling LDP that the North Korean Government is ready to cancel its defense treaties with the Soviet Union and China on condition that the present cease-fire argument between the United States and North Korea be replaced by a bilateral peace treaty.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 15 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
14 Sep 80	ROK/PRC. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) commentator's article entitled "Kim Tae-chung Must Be Released Immediately" decries the actions of the Chon Tu-hwan regime against Kim Tae-chung and demands the release of the "well known South Korean patriot and former 'Presidential' candidate who enjoys tremendous popularity among the South Korean people."		X				FBIS (PRC) 16 Sep 80
14 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR. AFP reports that Soviet military advisers have arrived at Cambodia's border with Thailand and have moved into the Cambodian border town of Poipet.				X		FBIS (AP) 15 Sep 80
14 Sep 80	INDIA/PRC. In a message congratulating China's new PM Zhao Ziyang on assuming power, PM Gandhi expresses confidence that relations between the two Asian powers will improve. In a separate report, New Zealand PM Robert Muldoon, after talks with Deng Xiaoping in Beijing, quotes the Chinese leader as saying Indian support for the Heng Samrin regime in Kampuchea has severely damaged Sino-Indian relations.		X				Ceylon Daily News (Colombo) 15 Sep 80; The Statesman (Calcutta) 15 Sep 80; FBIS (PRC) 17 Sep 80
15 Sep 80	SRV/PRC/USSR. Singaporean PM Lee Kuan Yew declares in a Tokyo interview that Hanoi, which needs peace to build up its national economy, must convince China that Vietnam is not "the Cuba of Southeast Asia" for the Soviet Union. He adds pessimistically that as long as Hanoi believes it has something to gain in carrying on a war with Soviet backing, however, the confrontation with Beijing and the fighting in Kampuchea will continue.		X		X		Ceylon Daily News (Colombo) 16 Sep 80
15 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. AFP reports that China accused the Vietnamese authorities of having illegally detained 17 Chinese nationals whose impending release at the border of the two nations was just announced by Vietnam. Their release will mark the first proposed release in 1980 of prisoners detained either by the Chinese or the Vietnamese.		X				FBIS (PRC) 15 Sep 80
15 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Chinese PM Zhao Ziyang discloses in an interview with Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi that an initial withdrawal of Vietnamese troops from Cambodia is a precondition to the participation of China in any international conference concerning Cambodia. PM Zhao adds that such a gesture would allow China to "appraise the sincerity of Vietnam" on the matter. The latest statement by Zhao apparently contradicts an earlier Chinese position that there were no preexisting conditions to a conference on Cambodia. The SRV continues to oppose such a conference on the grounds that there is no such thing as "the Cambodian question."		X				FBIS (PRC) 16 Sep 80; FBIS (AP) 18 Sep 80; Le Monde (Paris) 18 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
15 Sep 80	SRV/ASEAN/USSR. Local papers in Bangkok, quoting a Thai military observer, report Soviet military aid to Vietnam since the beginning of 1980 to be estimated at \$1 billion, indicating the close military cooperation between the Soviet Union and Vietnam. The papers urge Southeast Asian countries and "peace-loving countries in other parts of the world" to follow the development of Soviet-Vietnamese military cooperation and their "expansionist ambitions."		X			FBIS (PRC) 16 Sep 80
15 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. <u>Business Week</u> reports that Southeast Asian intelligence circles believe the USSR is building a submarine base at Kompong Son, Cambodia, to bolster the Soviet Far Eastern fleet.				X	<u>Business Week</u> (New York) 15 Sep 80
15 Sep 80	ASEAN/SRV/USSR. The <u>Bangkok Post</u> reports that Thai military intelligence sources say their attention has been drawn to an inspection tour by Soviet officials of the Kampuchean-Thai border under a heavy escort of Vietnamese troops on the eve of the 35th UNGA session.		X			FBIS (PRC) 16 Sep 80
15 Sep 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Pakistan Foreign Secretary Riaz Piracha leaves Moscow after talks with Soviet Deputy FM Nikolay Firubin. According to AP, they discussed matters relating to the UNGA Session and the situation in Afghanistan.		X			FBIS (USSR) 22 Sep 80
16 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Mainichi Daily News (Tokyo) states China's new Premier Zhao Ziyang is reportedly enthusiastic about promoting bilateral ties with Japan. The newspaper expresses its hope that the "existing cooperative relationship will be promoted on a realistic and steady basis."		X			FBIS (AP) 19 Sep 80
16 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chairman Toshiwo Doko of the Japan-China Association on Economy and Trade discloses that Beijing has offered Japan additional coal supplies of 10 million tons a year beginning in 1990 as a possible substitute for an expected shortfall in future oil shipments to Japan.			X		<u>Financial Times</u> (London) 17 Sep 80; FBIS (AP) 19 Sep 80
16 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Export-Import Bank of Japan signs agreements with the Bank of China to extend four loans totaling \$200 million to help finance major Chinese coal projects.			X		FBIS (AP) 17 Sep 80
16 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Sakhalin Oil Development Cooperation Co. discloses that the Soviet Union has offered to supply Japan with natural gas produced not only in coastal waters as already agreed but also in inland areas for 20 years.			X		FBIS (AP) 26 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
16 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) correspondent Ji Ying commentary entitled "Soviet-Vietnamese Maneuvers Along Thai-Kampuchean Border" warns that the Soviet-Vietnamese military buildup along the Thai-Kampuchean border has accentuated the possibility of an impending offensive against the Democratic Kampuchean forces in the border areas and may even be a signal of another Vietnamese incursion into Thai territory during the 35th session of the UNGA.		X			FBIS (PRC) 17 Sep 80
16 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Lao Government awards 3d class ISSAS medals, friendship medals, and congratulatory certificates to Soviet experts who completed a feasibility study of Latsen state farm in Xieng Khouang Province.		X			FBIS (AP) 19 Sep 80
16 Sep 80	ASEAN/PRC. VP Gu Mu meets in Beijing with an industrial and commercial delegation from the Chinese Chamber of Commerce from Thailand, and gives them an account of the special economic zones in Guangdong and Fujian Provinces and encourages the further development of relations between the two countries.			X		FBIS (PRC) 17 Sep 80
16 Sep 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Yao Yilin, Vice Premier of the Chinese State Council and Minister of the State Planning Commission, meets in Beijing with a visiting Bangladesh planning study group led by Dr. Abdullah Farouq, member of the Bangladesh Planning Commission.			X		FBIS (PRC) 17 Sep 80
17 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that many Japanese firms have complained about dealing with China, particularly with respect to the lack of partners, the inadequate supply of commodities, and the long delays in concluding contracts.			X		FBIS (AP) 17 Sep 80
17 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. I. B. Usmankhodzhayev, Deputy Chairman of the USSR Supreme Soviet Presidium, in Moscow presents the Order of the Friendship of Peoples to Munenori Akagi, President of the Japanese-Soviet Friendship Society and prominent Japanese public figure and politician, visiting the Soviet Union. The award marks Mr. Akagi's great contribution to strengthening friendship and mutual understanding between the two countries' peoples and preserving and consolidating peace in the Far East.		X			FBIS (USSR) 25 Sep 80
17 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. TASS (Moscow) reports that a Soviet delegation headed by Deputy USSR Minister of Foreign Trade Vladimir Sushkov has returned to Moscow from Tokyo. The delegation held talks with the Japanese Sakhalin Kaihazu Kioriki Co. concerning the joint Soviet-Japanese project to develop oil and gas deposits on the coastal shelf of Sakhalin Island. Oil deposits exceeding 100 million tons as well as several large gas deposits have been discovered in the area.			X		FBIS (USSR) 18 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	
17 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Daily Yomiuri (Tokyo) reports the Soviet Union has proposed that an undersea pipeline be laid between Sakhalin and Hokkaido to pipe to Japan natural gas to be produced under the joint Japan-Soviet project for the development of oil and natural gas resources in the continental shelf extending from Sakhalin. If Japan accepts the proposal, the pipeline will run under the Soya Strait separating Sakhalin and Hokkaido and will be the first pipeline between the Soviet Union and a non-Communist country separated from the Soviet Union by a body of water. Under the joint project, production of oil and gas on the continental shelf will begin in 1985.			X		FBIS (AP) 19 Sep 80
17 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Liao Chengzhi, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee, in a meeting with a visiting Japanese LDP Afro-Asian study group mission, hints China has no intention of accepting at present a Vietnamese proposal for resumption of bilateral negotiations.		X			FBIS (PRC) 19 Sep 80; FBIS (AP) 22 Sep 80
17 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnam returns to China 17 Chinese fishermen and border residents detained by Vietnamese authorities.		X			FBIS (PRC) 18 Sep 80
17 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Vietnamese VP Vo Nguyen Giap meets in Hanoi with Soviet Ambassador B. N. Chaplin. Giap, who heads the Vietnamese committee in charge of the space flight jointly conducted with the Soviet Union, thanks the USSR for its contribution to the flight.		X			FBIS (AP) 19 Sep 80
17 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Lao Industry and Trade Ministry signs an agreement in Vientiane with the Technostriya Export Co. of the Soviet Union on the construction of a cement plant to be funded by the Soviet Government.			X		FBIS (AP) 19 Sep 80
17 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR. Singapore Foreign Ministry publishes a booklet entitled "From Phnom Penh to Kabul," which states that Afghanistan and Kampuchea are part of the same Soviet global strategy.		X			FBIS (AP) 18 Sep 80
17 Sep 80	PAKISTAN/PRC/USSR. TASS News Agency (Moscow) charges that a multinational consortium of the NATO countries, Japan, Saudi Arabia, and China is expected to be set up to finance the military upgrading of Pakistan's Armed Forces. TASS further reports that forthcoming talks between Presidents Carter and Gen. Zia-ul-Haq would cover "deliveries of up-to-date American military technology to Pakistan" and alleges that Gen. Zia's earlier rejection of US military aid was an indicator of "Islamabad's exorbitant military ambitions which by far exceed the country's defense requirements."		X		X	The Hindu (Madras) 18 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
18 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports the Soviet Union has asked Japan for an early decision on its attitude toward Japan's cooperation with the Soviet 11th five-year economic development program for 1981-85 on which the Soviet authorities are working. The request was made by Nikolay Baybakov, Vice Premier and Chairman of the State Planning Committee, in a meeting with Munenori Akagi, a senior Liberal Democratic Party Dietman visiting Moscow.			X			FBIS (USSR) 25 Sep 80
18 Sep 80	JAPAN/ROK/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) reporting from Hong Kong states China will meet Japan and South Korea in its two final matches at the eighth Asian basketball championship for women being played in Hong Kong.					X	FBIS (PRC) 25 Sep 80
18 Sep 80	ROK/PRC. Commentary by Xinhua (Beijing) correspondent Dong Fang entitled "Set Kim Tae-chung Free!" supports Kim Tae-chung as a "staunch opponent to fascist dictatorship" and "champion of democracy and peaceful reunification of Korea" and decries the death sentence which has aroused "vehement, universal, and instantaneous world reaction."		X				FBIS (PRC) 19 Sep 80
18 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. TASS (Moscow) announces that India has surpassed Iraq as the Soviet Union's major trading partner among developing nations. The report notes that total trade turnover for the first 6 months of 1980 amounted to 731.9 million rupees (\$91.5 million) compared to 379.3 million rupees (\$48.5 million) for the corresponding period in 1979.			X			FBIS (PRC) 22 Sep 80
18 Sep 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Ulanhu, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee, meets in Beijing with a Pakistan Islamic delegation led by Pir Mohammad Karam Shah al-Azhari and briefs them on China's economic situation and religious policy.		X				FBIS (PRC) 19 Sep 80
19 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese steel industry sources state that officials representing three Japanese steel producers will leave for Moscow in late September for a "courtesy" visit marking the 10th anniversary of the resumption of steel shape shipments to the Soviet Union.			X			FBIS (AP) 19 Sep 80
19 Sep 80	SRV/PRC/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) correspondent's commentary entitled "All-Round Cooperation or a Thorough Sell-out?" points out the complete economic dependency of Vietnam on the Soviet Union, claiming it has "sold out its independence and sovereignty" and must comply with Soviet global strategy.		X				FBIS (PRC) 23 Sep 80
19 Sep 80	ROK/PRC. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) commentator's article entitled "It is Impermissible to Kill Kim Tae-chung" warns the Chon Tu-hwan regime against killing Kim Tae-chung in defiance of the bitter opposition of the North and South Korean people and of world opinion.		X				FBIS (PRC) 22 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
20 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Government notifies the Japanese Government that two Japanese fishermen now in Soviet custody for violating Soviet territorial waters will be released on 25 September 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 22 Sep 80
20 Sep 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Sources in Peshawar report Soviet helicopter gunships have fired on Afghan rebel encampments within Pakistani territory. The most recent attack is said to have occurred near the border town of Parachinar. Knowing that Pakistan's armed forces are no match for the Soviets and fearing an escalation in hostilities, Islamabad has remained silent over the Soviet incursions.				X		Washington Post 21 Sep 80
20-27 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Delegation of the Japanese Socialist Party Special Committee on Questions of Japanese Soviet Relations headed by Committee Chairman N. Yamazaki visits the Soviet Union at the invitation of the CPSU Central Committee. Topical questions regarding the relations between the USSR and Japan in various spheres are discussed.		X				FBIS (USSR) 2 Oct 80
21 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Unattributed report entitled "Editors' Guests" published in Krasnaya zvezda (Moscow) notes the Chief of the Lao People's Liberation Army Main Political Directorate Propaganda Section and Chief Editor and Deputy Chief Editor of the newspaper People's Liberation Army [Kong Taap Pot Pot Pasason] have been guests of the Krasnaya zvezda editorial board for 10 days. They have studied the experience of the editorial collectives of Krasnaya zvezda and of Krasnyy voyn, the newspaper of the Moscow Military District, in their coverage of questions of combat and political training, socialist competition, and political and military education. They have also visited Moscow's higher combined arms command school and toured the M. I. Kalinin Tamanskaya Motorized Rifle Guards Division, becoming acquainted with the personnel's combat training, life, and daily routine.				X	X	FBIS (USSR) 2 Oct 80
21 Sep 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese health delegation headed by Zian Xinzhong, Minister of Public Health, leaves Beijing for a friendly visit to Singapore at the invitation of Toh Chin Chye, Singapore Minister of Health.	X					FBIS (PRC) 24 Sep 80
21 Sep 80	BURMA/PRC/USSR. Unattributed commentary from Moscow entitled "Continued Saboteur Activities in Burma," claims Beijing has given both material and moral support to insurgent activities in Burma. A clandestine broadcasting station, the Voice of the People of Burma, is said to be broadcasting destructive programs from Yunnan in China.		X				FBIS (USSR) 23 Sep 80
22 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan discloses a plan to establish a joint venture in Beijing with the China International Trust and Investment Corp. to cooperate in China's economic development.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
22 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan Iron and Steel Federation announces that it will send its third survey mission to China between 11 and 27 October at the request of the Ministry of Metallurgical Industry of China.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Oct 80
22 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Yu Qiuli meets in Beijing with a delegation from the Petroleum Association of Japan led by Tokio Nagayama Association President, and discusses developing petroleum trade between China and Japan.			X			FBIS (PRC) 23 Sep 80
22 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Siang Pasason (Vientiane), in an article entitled "Beijing Reaction-aries Implement Schemes of Division for Domination," criticizes the PRC for attempting to divide the countries of Indochina.		X				FBIS (AP) Sep 80
22 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. Kong Chin-tae, VP of Korea's State Administration Council, meets in Pyongyang with a visiting Chinese friendship group headed by Wu Hongxiang, Secretary of the Fujian Provincial CCP Committee and Vice Governor of Fujian Province.		X				FBIS (AP) 23 Sep 80; FBIS (PRC) 24 Sep 80
22 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. AFP quotes Jeth Malani Ramchand, Member of Parliament and Chairman of the Friends of Afghanistan Association of India, as saying the Soviet Union's entry into Afghanistan killed the UN Charter. He adds that the stand of the Indian Government on Soviet aggression in Afghanistan does not represent the feelings of the majority of the Indian people.		X				FBIS (PRC) 24 Sep 80
23 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Rong Yiren, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the China International Trust and Investment Corp., leaves Beijing for a tour of Japan as the head of his corporation's delegation at the invitation of Aiichiro Fujiyama, Chairman of the Japan Association for the Promotion of International Trade.			X			FBIS (PRC) 25 Sep 80
23 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito, during an address to the UN, calls on the Soviet Union to return to Japan Soviet-held northern territories and withdraw troops stationed there.		X				FBIS (AP) 24 Sep 80
23 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Chinese Foreign Ministry forwards a note to the Vietnamese Embassy in Beijing pointing out that present conditions are not suitable for commencing the third round of Sino-Vietnamese negotiations.		X				FBIS (PRC) 23 Sep 80; NYT 24 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
23 Sep 80	SRV/PRC/USSR. TASS (Moscow) news analyst Vasily Kharkov comments on Beijing's refusal to resume Vietnamese-Chinese negotiations unilaterally interrupted by China during the second round a half year ago. Kharkov states that China has done little to create conditions for resumption of the talks that it claims are necessary. Instead it has committed 250 armed provocations on the SRV-PRC frontier, systematically bombed Vietnamese territory, conducted bandit raids on frontier villages, and committed arson, destroying houses and crops. This "obviously aggressive course" is said to be Chinese hegemonism in action and a grave threat to independence, peace, and stability in Southeast Asia.		X				FBIS (USSR) 24 Sep 80
23 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. Hua Guofeng, Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, meets in Beijing with a Korean broadcasting and television delegation, led by Kim Si-hak, Chairman of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee.					X	FBIS (PRC) 24 Sep 80
23 Sep 80	ROK/PRC. All-China Federation of Trade Unions sends a message to the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea condemning the South Korean authorities for imposing the death sentence on Kim Tae-chung.		X				FBIS (PRC) 24 Sep 80
23 Sep 80	ASEAN/PRC. Bangkok Post reports that the PRC is allowing Thai trawlers to operate off the South China coast.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 23 Sep 80
24 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Mitsui Engineering and Shipbuilding Co. of Japan announces the conclusion of an agreement with Tianjin, China's Xingang shipyard, for cooperation in designing 7,000-dwt general cargo ships.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Oct 80
24 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito holds talks with Soviet FM Gromyko in New York. Gromyko states the war between Iraq and Iran is a surprise to the Soviet Union and that the Soviet Union has no intention of intervening. When asked about returning the northern islands to Japan, he brushes off the question, claiming that it is not a problem to be discussed and that the Soviet Union has no surplus territory to give away.		X				FBIS (AP) 25 Sep 80
25 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Ni Zhifu, President of the All-China Federation of Trade Unions, hosts a dinner in Beijing for Tomitaro Kaneda, Secretary General of the Japan-China Worker Exchange Association, and a delegation of veteran workers from Kyoto and Shiga, led by Koji Takeoka.			X			FBIS (PRC) 26 Sep 80
25 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese PM Suzuki tells a Xinhua (Beijing) correspondent in Tokyo that the Japanese people will cooperate with the Chinese people in developing the four modernizations and calls for consultations on matters of mutual benefit. He adds that Japan will develop further its relations with China.		X	X			FBIS (PRC) 26 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
25 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito states in reference to his 24 September talks with Soviet FM Gromyko, that he does not believe there is any need for Japan to change its policy toward the Soviet Union. He reveals that Japan intends to continue restricting visits of high officials and holding back on extension of new credits to the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 26 Sep 80
25 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Lao Patriotic Women's Association delegation headed by Lotsa Phongsa-van, Deputy Head of the Mother and Child Care Department, departs Vientiane for the USSR at the invitation of the All-Union Soviet Women's Committee.		X				FBIS (AP) 30 Sep 80
25 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet Ambassador to Laos Podolskiy holds a reception in Vientiane to mark the 20th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between the USSR and Laos.		X				FBIS (AP) 30 Sep 80
25 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Vice Premier and FM Huang Hua, Chairman of the Chinese delegation to the 35th UNCA session hosts a dinner in New York honoring Ieng Sary, VP in charge of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea, and Chairman of the Kampuchean delegation to the UN.		X				FBIS (PRC) 26 Sep 80
25 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. AFP reports the appointment of Ziu Lixing, former Deputy Director of the Foreign Ministry Asian Affairs Department, as new Chinese Ambassador to Vietnam.		X				FBIS (PRC) 25 Sep 80
25 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. Agreement on cooperation in broadcasting and television is signed in Beijing by Zhang Xiangshan, Director of the PRC Central Broadcasting Administration, and Kim Si-hak, Chairman of the DPRK Central Broadcasting Committee. The agreement envisages closer cooperation, including exchange of broadcasting and TV programs and visits.		X			X	FBIS (PRC) 26 Sep 80; FBIS (AP) 1 Oct 80
25 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR. Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev sends Philippine President Ferdinand Marcos a telegram conveying greetings on the occasion of the country's Independence Day.		X				FBIS (USSR) 2 Oct 80
25 Sep 80	INDIA/PRC. More than 100 persons, including professors and writers, attend a meeting organized by an Indian committee in New Delhi, to celebrate the birth centenary of the Chinese writer, Lu Xun. The committee will sponsor exhibitions, seminars, and publication of translations of Lu Xun's works in the coming year to commemorate the Chinese writer.					X	FBIS (PRC) 26 Sep 80
25 Sep 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Pakistani President Mohammed Zia-ul-Haq says that unless the conflict between Iran and Iraq is settled, the USSR will exploit the situation.		X				<u>NYT</u> 25 Sep 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
26 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC/USSR. New York Times reports that Japanese PM Suzuki, in a speech to the Foreign Correspondents Club, vowed that Japan would not change its military policy to one of rearmament. The Times states that apparently Tokyo will resist US and Chinese pressure to increase arms spending in the wake of the USSR intervention in Afghanistan.				X		NYT 26 Sep 80
26 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet space experts Y. G. Zurabov and V. A. Bogdanov, speaking at a conference of the International Astronautical Federation in Tokyo, call for the creation of a combined worldwide search and rescue system aided by space-borne satellites.	X					FBIS (AP) 1 Oct 80
26 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. L'Humanite Rouge reports from Paris that Hoang Van Hoan told Pierre Bauby, member of the Central Secretariat of the Marxist-Leninist Communist Party of France, that Vietnam had lost its independence and autonomy in the economic, political, diplomatic, and military fields to the Soviet Union. "It is depending entirely on a foreign power and is acting under Soviet orders." It is a "Soviet satellite in Asia."		X				FBIS (PRC) 30 Sep 80
26 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. Faced with serious power shortages at the important Heavy Engineering Corp. facility at Ranchi, India asks for and receives technical assistance from the Soviet Union. The Soviets agree to supply the plant with a 3,500-kw diesel generating set by early 1981.	X		X			JPRS 76618 15 Oct 80
26 Sep 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Two Pakistan soldiers are killed and one is wounded when six Soviet Mi-24 helicopter gunships open fire on a Pakistani border post in Northwest Frontier Province. Pakistan lodges formal protests with Afghanistan and the Soviet Union, claiming the Soviet incursion was unprovoked. During a press conference President Zia contends that over 200 violations of Pakistani airspace have occurred since the Soviet occupation began. Unsubstantiated reports say the helicopter was hit by Pakistani groundfire and crashed inside Afghan territory.				X		Washington Post 27 Sep 80; The Muslim (Islamabad), 27 Sep 80; Japan Times (Tokyo), 28 Sep 80; The Guardian (London) 28 Sep 80
27 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that New Nippon Electric Co. of Japan has decided to increase production of black-and-white television sets by 40 percent to cope with growing exports to China.			X			FBIS (AP) 8 Oct 80
27 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that Omron Tateishi Electronics Co. has signed a 3-year agreement with China to manufacture an electrical component in the PRC on a subcontract basis. The arrangement calls for China to assemble 10,000 units of a large-scale magnetic switch relay per month at a factory in Shanghai, using materials to be supplied by Omron Tateishi.			X			FBIS (AP) 8 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
27 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito states on his return to Japan from the United States that Japan has no intention of relaxing its economic sanctions against the Soviet Union brought about by the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (AP) 29 Sep 80
27 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. <u>Daily Yomiuri</u> (Tokyo) reports that the 24 September meeting between the Japanese and Soviet foreign ministers failed as expected to find a way of improving Russo-Japanese relations. The newspaper urges Moscow to reassess its relations with Japan and avoid attitudes or manners which will irritate or worry the Japanese people.		X				FBIS (AP) 30 Sep 80
27 Sep 80	ASEAN/USSR. <u>Bangkok Post</u> quotes Thai military sources as stating that the Soviet Union is mounting a huge military resupply program to Vietnamese forces in Kampuchea and along the Chinese frontier.				X		FBIS (AP) 29 Sep 80
27 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua and Renmin Ribao (Beijing), interviewing Khieu Samphan, President of the State Presidium and Prime Minister of Democratic Kampuchea, in a mountainous area of western Kampuchea, quote him as stating the convening of an international conference on the solution of the Kampuchean problem must be based on the withdrawal of all Vietnamese troops from Kampuchea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 29 Sep 80
28 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports the results of a Japanese Government survey show that the number of Japanese taking an unfavorable view toward the Soviet Union has increased during the past year due to the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and buildup of its military facilities in the northern island territories claimed by Japan.		X				FBIS (AP) 29 Sep 80
28 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. <u>Bangkok Post</u> , quoting "reliable Thai intelligence officers," reports new Soviet tanks, arms, and ammunition for Vietnamese forces have reached Phnom Penh and are beginning to move westward to new Vietnamese divisions close to Thailand. This is the largest resupply in the area by the Soviet Union in many years. A similar resupply and stockpiling of Soviet guns and ammunition is said to be underway along the Sino-Vietnamese frontier.				X		FBIS (PRC) 30 Sep 80
28 Sep 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Five helicopter gunships with Afghan Government markings cross into Pakistani territory and fire 10 rockets at a military outpost at Nowa, Mohmand Agency. A Pakistani Government spokesman blames the Soviet Union for the attack.				X		The Muslim (Islamabad) 8 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
28 Sep 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. President Zia-ul-Haq tells foreign correspondents in Rawalpindi that Pakistan will grant the Soviet Union "the privilege of having a friendly regime in Kabul" but that in return Moscow must create conditions for the return of Afghan refugees now in camps on Pakistani territory. He says the key to the Afghan crisis is in Moscow rather than Kabul because Afghan President Babrak Karmal came "riding on the Soviet horse and 80,000 Russian troops are occupying Afghanistan." Commenting on cross border attacks by Russian helicopter gunships against Pakistani frontier posts, President Zia declares, "I don't know whether they are trying to test our patience or our muscles. We have lots of patience and are not totally muscleless."		X		X		The Hindu (Madras) 29 Sep 80
29 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Hitachi Shipbuilding and Engineering Co. of Japan makes Japan's first "pay later" new ship export deal with China. The company's contracts with the Beijing-based China Ocean Shipping Co. call for the building of two 60,000-dwt tankers on a deferred payment basis.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Oct 80
29 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Ni Zhifu, President of the All-China Federation of Trade Unions, meets with a delegation of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan led by Mitsuo Tomizuka, Council Secretary General. The delegation is the first high-level delegation sent by the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan since the 9th Congress of Trade Unions of China was held in 1978.			X			FBIS (PRC) 1 Oct 80
29 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Tony Walker of the Financial Times (London) reports that China's Baoshan steelworks outside of Shanghai, under construction by Nippon Steel, is beset by problems arising from the steelworks' unstable marshy foundation, difficult access, and silting of the Baoshan port.			X			Financial Times (London) 29 Sep 80
29 Sep 80	JAPAN/PRC. Beijing Society of Sino-Japanese Cultural History is established at a meeting of 50 historians and specialists at Beijing University. The society will promote research into the history of Sino-Japanese cultural exchanges and encourage academic discussion.					X	FBIS (PRC) 7 Oct 80
29 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. Korean Committee for Foreign Cultural Relations and the Korea-China Friendship Association host a banquet in Pyongyang in celebration of the 31st anniversary of the founding of the PRC.		X				FBIS (PRC) 1 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
29 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. Indian President Reddy, heading a large delegation, arrives in Moscow for high-level discussions at the Kremlin. Reddy's highest priority is to persuade the Soviets to increase crude oil exports to India which have been threatened by the hostilities in the Persian Gulf. Petroleum Minister Virendra Patel's request for 6 million tons of crude in addition to the 1.5 million tons the Soviets already export is rejected by President Brezhnev, even though this increase represents only 1 percent of total Soviet production. Informed sources claim the Indian delegation is upset over the Soviet's reluctance to assist an ally that only recently invited international criticism for supporting Soviet-backed regimes in Kampuchea and Afghanistan. The Soviets are said to be considering the request "sympathetically" and indicate an interest in exchanging Soviet crude for Indian wheat. The Indian Government is unwilling to commit Indian food supplies until it can be assured that ample stocks exist. Reddy pledges to the Soviets an additional 300,000 tons of rice, 200,000 tons of potatoes, and 50,000 tons of onions.		X	X		FBIS (South Asia) 24 Jul & 1-6 Oct 80; FBIS (USSR) 29 Sep & 1 Oct 80; The Hindu (Madras) 30 Sep, 3 & 8 Oct 80; The Statesman (Calcutta) 5 Oct 80; FBIS (PRC) 6 & 20 Oct 80; The Economist (London) 11-17 Oct 80
30 Sep 80	JAPAN/USSR. Four Japanese specialty steel producers sign a long-term agreement to assure a stable supply of automobile alloy steel to the Soviet Union. The agreement calls for the shipment of 80,000 to 100,000 tons a year beginning in 1981.			X		FBIS (AP) 30 Sep 80
30 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. Deng Xiaoping, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, hosts a banquet in Beijing in honor of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Mme Sihanouk.		X			FBIS (PRC) 1 Oct 80
30 Sep 80	SRV/USSR. Protocol on trade cooperation for 1981-85 between the Lao People's Democratic Republic and the USSR is signed in Vientiane.			X		FBIS (AP) 2 Oct 80
30 Sep 80	SRV/PRC. National Assembly Standing Committee and the Government of Vietnam send a message to the National People's Congress and the State Council of China on the occasion of the 31st National Day of the PRC.		X			FBIS (AP) 1 Oct 80
30 Sep 80	DPRK/PRC. DPRK leader Kim Il-sung sends a message of greetings to Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of the founding of the PRC.		X			FBIS (AP) 2 Oct 80
30 Sep 80	BURMA/USSR. Vladimir Kuznetsov, newly accredited Soviet Ambassador to Burma, presents his credentials to President U Ne Win.		X			FBIS (AP) 30 Sep 80
30 Sep 80	INDIA/USSR. India agrees to purchase an unspecified number of Soviet-built SK-5 combines designed to harvest wheat and rice.			X		SWB 15 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
1 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese National Bureau of the Radio and Television Industry announces eight television factories have signed contracts to import color television production equipment from five Japanese companies. Shanghai No. 1 television factory will import an assembly line with an annual capacity of 200,000 color TV sets from Hitachi, Ltd. Beijing television factory and Tianjin radio factory will import assembly line equipment from Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. and the Victor Co. of Japan, Ltd. Suzhou TV component factory and the Beijing No. 3 radio and TV parts factory will import production equipment with an annual capacity of 500,000 feedback transformers from the Victor Co. and Tokyo Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd. Shanghai No. 20 radio factory will import equipment to make printed circuits from the Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. Shanghai No. 13 TV factory and Dandong TV parts factory will import a production line with an annual capacity of 1.5 million tuners and other key equipment from the Nippon Electric Co., Ltd. The imported equipment, together with the manufacturing equipment made in China, will go into production in 1981 and 1982. The Chinese firms are constructing more factory buildings and will send technicians to Japan to study.			X			FBIS (PRC) 3 Oct 80
1 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Embassy protests Soviet designation of waters west of the Russian-held northern Pacific Island of Etorofu for firing exercises and asks that the exercises be canceled.				X		FBIS (AP) 7 Oct 80
1 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Reception marking the 31st founding anniversary of the PRC is held at the Chinese Embassy in Vientiane, Laos.		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Oct 80
1 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Sergey Bulantsev, TASS (Moscow) news analyst, denies as a total fabrication the London Daily Telegraph allegation that the USSR sends large arms consignments to Kampuchea, for delivery to the frontier with Thailand. He denies that Kampuchea will attack anyone and claims the PRK already has everything necessary to repel encroachments on its independence and sovereignty.				X		FBIS (USSR) 2 Oct 80
1 Oct 80	BURMA/PRC. Burmese President U Ne Win sends a message of greetings to Ye Jianying, Chairman of the Standing Committee on the occasion of the PRC's 31st founding anniversary.		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Oct 80
1 Oct 80	BURMA/PRC. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) carries an article on the 20th anniversary of the signing of the Sino-Burmese boundary treaty, lauding it for establishing a boundary of peace and friendship over the 20 years since its conclusion, and looking toward the boundaries continued existence as an eternal "bond of friendship" between the Burmese and Chinese peoples.		X				FBIS (PRC) 6 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
1 Oct 80	BURMA/PRC. Burmese sports delegation led by Col. Kyaw Sein Tun, Director General of the Sports and Physical Education Department, departs for a visit to the PRC at the invitation of the Chinese Government.					X	FBIS (AP) 8 Oct 80
1 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. I. V. Arkhipov, Deputy Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, receives V. Pail, India's Minister of Petroleum, Chemicals, and Fertilizer.			X			FBIS (USSR) 6 Oct 80
1 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. USSR promises to honor its commitment of 1.5 million tons of crude oil to India during 1980 and agrees to make up oil supply shortfalls caused to India by the Iraqi-Iranian war. Moscow also agrees to consider sympathetically India's request for additional oil shipments in exchange for Indian wheat or rice.			X			The Hindu (Madras) 2 Oct 80; FBIS (USSR) 2 Oct 80
2 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. China Products (USA) Co., Ltd., a joint venture with equal shares of Chinese and Japanese investment, opens in New York. Investors are the Beijing branch of the China Handicraft Co., and the Japanese San Ichi Co. The newly established company will be engaged in the wholesale and retail sale of some 40 kinds of handicraft items.			X			FBIS (PRC) 3 Oct 80
2 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) reports Vietnamese armed personnel caused successive "bloody incidents" on the Chinese border in Maguan County, Yunnan Province, on 1 October during National Day festivities. Armed Vietnamese personnel intruded into China on 30 September, crossing at the No. 4 boundary marker of the second section of Jinchang Commune, Maguan County, and attacked frontier guards and militiamen.				X		FBIS (PRC) 3 Oct 80
2 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Peng Chong, speaking in Beijing at a meeting with a parliamentary delegation of Thai Social Action Party members led by Mr. Boonlert Lertpricha, restates China's support for world peace and reaffirms Chinese support for Thailand: "The Chinese people will surely stand by the people of Thailand if Vietnam invades that country again."		X				FBIS (PRC) 22 Oct 80
2 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Jiang Zemin, Chinese Vice Minister for Foreign Investment, states he would welcome Malaysian investment in China's industrialization and modernization efforts.			X			FBIS (AP) 2 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
2 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. President Sanjiva Reddy, in Moscow on an official visit, receives an "unintended" snub from CPSU General Secretary Leonid Brezhnev when the Soviet leader fails to attend a return banquet hosted by the Indian President. Soviet officials attribute Brezhnev's absence to pressing business surrounding the Iraqi-Iranian war, where the dispatch of US radar surveillance planes to the Gulf States has aroused momentary puzzlement in the Kremlin. FM Gromyko subsequently calls on President Reddy and General Secretary Brezhnev later accompanies the Indian leader to the airport in an apparent successful effort to smooth the ruffled feelings on the Indian side.		X				The Hindu (Madras) 4 Oct 80
3 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Union claims ownership over a czarist "treasure ship" being salvaged by a private Japanese company reported to have recovered a 10-kilogram platinum ingot from the vessel. The ship sank off Tsushima Island in the Korea Strait between Korea and Japan 95 years ago.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Oct 80
3 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki, addressing a Diet session, characterizes Japan's relations with the USSR as "extremely regrettable." He places the blame for this phenomenon squarely on the Soviet Union because of its military buildup on the four northern islands and for its military invasion of Afghanistan, an action which Suzuki labels "a great threat to international peace and stability."		X				The Hindu (Madras) 4 Oct 80
3 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Laos-USSR Friendship Association, in collaboration with the Soviet cultural center in Laos, holds a reception in Vientiane to mark the 20th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between Laos and the USSR.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Oct 80
3 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. India's PM Gandhi in response to an allegation by former PM Morarji Desai, denies at a press conference in Darjeeling that India's foreign policy has tilted towards the Soviet Union. She says, "There had been no such tilt in the past, there is no such tilt at present, and there will be no such tilt in the future." Mrs. Gandhi also states that there are no strings attached to the supply of crude oil that the USSR is furnishing to India.		X				JPRS 76799 S&EA Rept 12 Nov 80
3 Oct 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Indian sources report that President Carter assured Pakistan President Zia-ul-Haq during a White House meeting that the United States would "stand by" its 1959 commitment to aid Pakistan in a confrontation with the Soviet Union. President Zia, later addressing the UNGA, deletes critical references to the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan but censures the United States for "hostile confrontation with the Arab World" and for "backing Zionism in its usurpation of Palestinian rights."		X				The Hindu (Madras) 5 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
4 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Canon Inc. signs a contract with Beijing Optical Industry Corp. for the production by the corporation of 35-mm lens shutter cameras equipped with strobes and microfilm systems.			X			FBIS (AP) 10 Oct 80
4 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Miyazawa says reports of the Soviet Union building a heliport and large tunnel on Suisho Island in the Habomai group off eastern Hokkaido are unconfirmed.				X		FBIS (AP) 6 Oct 80
4 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. TASS (Moscow) correspondent V. Kuchko claims that the just completed Japanese 10-day "Self-Defense Forces" exercises, which involved over 40,000 members of the air force and navy, represent further evidence of the escalation of military preparations in Japan.				X		FBIS (USSR) 6 Oct 80
4 Oct 80	SRV/PRC/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) announces that China is worried about the increased number of Soviet naval vessels using the former US installation at Cam Ranh Bay, Vietnam. According to Xinhua, the number of Soviet vessels using the facility has doubled since 1979 to a present average of about 30 ships annually.				X		The Hindu (Madras) 5 Oct 80
4 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. In what is interpreted as another sign of a possible rapprochement between India's perennially feuding Communist Parties, the CPI(M) takes the occasion of the PRC's 31st anniversary to encourage the "restoration of friendship between China and the USSR." The Party's Central Committee cites China's more moderate leadership and constructive economic program as evidence that the PRC has abandoned its ultraleftist past and rejoined the mainstream of socialist solidarity. The Party goes on record as supporting PM Gandhi's recent overtures to Beijing.		X				The Statesman (Calcutta) 4 Oct 80
4 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Resuming her verbal attacks on the CPI(M) leadership in West Bengal, PM Gandhi tells a large public gathering in Malda that the choice for the state is simple--voters can choose democracy as represented by Congress (I) or the politics of violence as represented by the CPI(M). Although Mrs. Gandhi claims she will not declare President's Rule in West Bengal, CPI(M) leaders see such a move as imminent. West Bengal Chief Minister Jyoti Basu, sensing his government's days may be numbered, lashes out at Mrs. Gandhi's "authoritarian tendencies" and charges Congress (I)--as opposed to his party--with resorting to violence. The verbal sparring between the two parties sets the stage for a possible central government state confrontation.		X				JPRS 76805 13 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
5 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Soviet officials attached to the Asian Department of the Ministry of Foreign Trade arrives in India to conclude the terms of a bilateral trade agreement which would almost double the two-way trade between India and the Soviet Union by 1985. The talks center on Indian requests for increased Soviet export of petroleum for energy-starved Indian industries in exchange for stepped up shipments of food to the Soviet Union.			X			JPRS 76805 13 Nov 80
5 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Charles Antoine de Merciat, Hong Kong AFP correspondent, notes a Xinhua (Beijing) report stating that Trung Nhu Tang, former Justice Minister in the South Vietnamese Provisional Revolutionary Government now exiled in China, has called for a popular uprising against the Vietnamese Government. He claims Soviet advisers and soldiers have replaced the Americans in "trampling on" Vietnamese territory and accuses Vietnam of committing "acts of provocation" against Beijing.		X				FBIS (PRC) 6 Oct 80
5 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Bangkok press reports, quoting a news dispatch from the Thai-Kampuchean border, state the Soviet Union has sent a large number of military specialists and advisers to Kampuchea's Sisophon, over 50 km from the Thai border, to train Vietnamese officers. The training program, which will be completed in 1981, is to strengthen the Vietnamese troops' combat capability and tighten Vietnamese military control over Kampuchea.				X		FBIS (PRC) 6 Oct 80
6 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. LPDR Premier Kaysone and President Souphanouvong jointly send a message of greetings to Soviet Premier Brezhnev and President Kosygin on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between Laos and the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Oct 80
6 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Vladimir Korolev, commenting on Soviet economic assistance to Laos during the 20 years since the establishment of diplomatic relations, states the USSR has given Laos comprehensive aid and has helped to build various economic facilities in the past few years. It has also helped Laos to develop transport, build roads, and prospect for mineral resources.			X			FBIS (USSR) 7 Oct 80
6 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo) reports the Soviet Union is negotiating with Vietnam for permanent rights to the Cam Ranh Bay, Vietnam, naval base which it is already using. A Japanese Government source says the Soviet aircraft carrier Minsk's venturing into the Bay in mid-September was intended to demonstrate Soviet naval power in order to pressure Vietnam into compromise.				X		FBIS (PRC) 6 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
6 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Ye Jianying, Chairman of China's NPC Standing Committee, meets with Tun Omar Yoke Lin Ong, Malaysian Senate President, Mrs. Ong, and a Malaysian parliamentary delegation visiting China at the invitation of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee. He pays tribute to President Yoke for condemning the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and the Vietnamese invasion of Kampuchea and reiterates China's support for the ASEAN proposal of a zone of peace, freedom, and neutrality in Southeast Asia.		X				FBIS (PRC) 6 & 7 Oct 80
6 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. India and 15 other Socialist and nonaligned nations formally challenge the right of the Khmer Rouge to represent Cambodia in the United Nations.		X				The Hindu (Madras) 7 Oct 80
6 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. K. K. Sharma dispatch from New Delhi published in the London Financial Times reports the Soviet Union has told India that it will not be able to supply urgent additional supplies of crude oil and petroleum products requested by India's President N. Sanjiva Reddy during his recent state visit to the USSR. India faces serious shortages because of the Russian refusal to supply additional oil as a result of difficulties Moscow is facing in coping with its own needs.			X			FBIS (USSR) 7 Oct 80
7 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese trade sources report China will ask Japan for an additional \$1 billion loan for joint coal development projects in the latter half of the 1980s. Sources say China will make the request when Chinese Minister of Coal Gao Yangwen visits Japan beginning 21 October.			X			FBIS (AP) 8 Oct 80
7 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito, replying to questions raised by LDP member Takichiro Hatsumura, explains the progress in his talks with Soviet FM Gromyko on the return of the Japanese northern islands occupied by the Soviet Union. After expressing "regret" over the Soviet Union's failure to show a "sincere attitude," Ito says, "The government has availed itself of every opportunity to convey to the Soviet side that the resolution of this issue is indispensable to promoting a true mutual understanding between the two countries."		X				FBIS (AP) 7 Oct 80
7 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki tells the lower house that under the present circumstances "it would be irrational for our government to offer to mend fences [with the USSR] If we did the public would hardly approve." Responding to questions, PM Suzuki says Japanese-Soviet relations have cooled because of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and its military buildup on Japan's northern territories. Kyodo (Tokyo) points out that the PM's statement shows it is unlikely that Japan will take any action to initiate positive relations with the USSR unless the Soviets move first.		X				FBIS (AP) 7 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
7 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Leonid Brezhnev and Alexey Kogayin send greetings to Kayson Phomvihon, General Secretary of the Lao People's Revolutionary Party Central Committee and Prime Minister of the Lao People's Democratic Republic on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between the USSR and Laos.		X			FBIS (USSR) 8 Oct 80
7 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. India's State Commission for Oil and Natural Gas concludes a new agreement with the Soviet Union on carrying out test drilling in Tripura and the test drilling in Tripura and the West Bengal States in cooperation with specialists from the Indian Commission.			X		FBIS (USSR) 8 Oct 80
7 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. The Hindu (Madras) reports the Soviet Union is contracting the Indian-owned Heavy Engineering Corp. of Ranchi to supply 110,000 tons of metal castings for the Soviet nuclear development program.	X		X		The Hindu (Madras) 8 Oct 80
8 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Yu Ziuli, Vice Premier and Minister in charge of China's State Energy Commission, meets with a Japan Oil Public Corp. delegation led by Hisatsugu Tokunaga, the corporation's President.			X		FBIS (PRC) 9 Oct 80
8 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese business tycoon Ryochi Sasakawa, who is sponsoring efforts to recover treasure from the Russian cruiser Admiral Nakhimov sunk in the battle of Tushima during the Russo-Japanese War, states the treasure aboard the vessel is now estimated to be worth 8 trillion yen (\$32 billion). Sasakawa offers to give the treasure to the Soviet Union in exchange for the return of the four Soviet-held northern islands off Eastern Hokkaido. He points out that with 8 trillion yen the Soviets could develop Siberia on their own and it would be strange if they did not agree to the offer.		X			FBIS (AP) 9 Oct 80 NYT 7 & 9 Oct 80
8 Oct 80	ASEAN/USSR. Malaysia Government announces the appointment of K. Thamaratnam as new Malaysian Ambassador to the Soviet Union.		X			FBIS (AP) 16 Oct 80
8 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. China watchers in New Delhi express puzzlement at an apparent waning interest by the new government in Beijing over the normalization of ties between China and India. Although the border between the two countries remains quiet and Beijing Radio has been giving balanced treatment to news from India, newly appointed PRC VP Huang Hua departed from New York without seeking out his Indian counterpart and made no reference to a Sino-Indian reconciliation in his speech before the UNGA.		X			The Hindu (Madras) 9 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
9 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Government decides to provide China with an additional \$200 million loan to help six development projects underway. Tokyo supplied China with an initial \$200 million loan in fiscal 1979 to begin the projects.			X			FBIS (AP) 10 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. China proposes joint development with Japan and the United States of untapped oil resources in and around the disputed Sankaku Islands claimed by Japan, China, and Taiwan.			X			FBIS (AP) 14 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Deng Xiaoping, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, meets in Beijing with Konosuke Matsushita, Chief Consultant of the Matsushita Electric Industrial Company, Ltd. of Japan, and several associates, visiting China at the invitation of the China-Japan Friendship Association. Matsushita states he will continue to work for economic cooperation between Japan and China.			X			FBIS (PRC) 7 & 9 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. VP Yao Yilin meets in Beijing with a delegation from the Nomura Research Institute, led by Kiichi Saeki, Institute Chairman, visiting China at the invitation of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.	X					FBIS (PRC) 15 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. VP Fang Yi meets in Beijing with a group of professors of medical science, pharmacology, agronomy, law, and hydromechanics from Kyoto University of Japan led by Michio Okamoto, member of the Council for Science and Technology of Japan and former President of Kyoto University. The group arrived in Beijing on 6 October at the invitation of the Chinese Academy of Sciences.	X				X	FBIS (PRC) 10 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Foreign Ministry officials express deep concern over the signing of a Soviet-Syrian friendship and cooperation treaty, warning that it might become a "dangerous" factor in the Middle East situation.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry announces that the Soviet Union has promised to cooperate in facilitating the return to Japan via the USSR of Japanese evacuees desiring to leave Iran. Since the number of Japanese nationals wishing to leave Iran has increased due to the Iran-Iraq war, the Japanese Foreign Ministry requested Soviet cooperation in facilitating the transit of Japanese citizens across the Soviet Union and received the Soviet Government's promise to do so.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. AFP reports had an authoritative Vietnamese source denies there are any Soviet bases in Vietnam. The source describes the use of Vietnamese ports by Soviet vessels as "normal between countries with mutual relations of friendship and cooperation."				X		FBIS (AP) 10 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
9 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese delegation headed by Li Xiannian, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, arrives in Pyongyang to attend the 6th congress of the Workers Party of Korea and the celebrations of its 35th founding anniversary. Li later meets with Kim Il-song the Party's General Secretary.		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Oct 80; FBIS (AP) 10 Oct & 4 Nov 80
9 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) hails Korean people's economic, educational, and public health achievements in the past decade under the leadership of President Kim Il-song and the Workers Party of Korea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. Hua Guofeng, Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, sends a message to Kim Il-song, General Secretary of the Workers Party of Korea, warmly congratulating him on the Party's 6th Congress and its 35th founding anniversary.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. Yao Zhongming, Chinese Vice Minister of Culture; Han Nianlong, Chinese Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs; Wu Xueqian, Deputy Head of the International Liaison Department of the CCP Central Committee; and Lin Lin, Vice President of the Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries, attend a photo exhibition in Beijing marking the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Korean Workers Party.		X			X	FBIS (PRC) 10 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet delegation headed by V. V. Grishin, member of the CPSU Central Committee Politburo, arrives in Pyongyang to attend the 6th Congress of the KWP and the celebrations of its 35 anniversary.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Aug 80
9 Oct 80	ASEAN/USSR. Soviet Union expresses hope that the Philippines will act favorably in bilateral negotiations to grant landing rights to the Soviet airline, Aeroflot.			X			FBIS (AP) 15 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Indian media announces that Indian cosmonauts will take part in a joint space flight with the USSR and will shortly begin training in the Soviet Union.	X					The Hindu (Madras) 10 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Bangladesh-China Friendship Society holds a meeting in Dacca to celebrate the 31st anniversary of the founding of the PRC.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Oct 80
9 Oct 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Team of Chinese water conservation and irrigation experts visit the site of a 700 million rupee (\$70 million) dam construction project located outside Karachi. The Chinese mission is concluding a 3-week official tour of Pakistan.	X					The Muslim (Islamabad) 10 Oct 80
10 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese goodwill mission led by Peng Deqing, Vice Minister of Communications, leaves Beijing for Bangkok to mark the inauguration of the China-Thailand air route.			X			FBIS (PRC) 10 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
10 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. Indian Government registers its concern to the PRC Embassy in New Delhi over reports of the reappearance of Chinese patrols along disputed portions of the Sino-Indian border. According to press reports, troop movements have been sighted along the Uttar Pradesh border and in an area where India, Tibet, and Bhutan join. The Indian Government is short of registering a formal complaint with the PRC.		X		X	
11 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito states the Japanese Government will make an early decision on the disputed ownership of the sunken czarist Russian cruiser <u>Admiral Nakhimov</u> .		X			
11 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan and the Soviet Union agree in Tokyo to set their minke whale catch quotas in the southern hemisphere in the 1980-81 season at an equal number of 3,120 whales. Compared with last season's quotas, the figure means a drop of 159 whales for Japan and 759 for the Soviet Union.			X		
11 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki states the military reinforcement of the Soviet Union in the Far East and its strengthening of military establishments on the four northern islands off eastern Hokkaido pose a "potential threat" to Japan.				X	
11 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) reports Vietnamese armed personnel created a series of "bloody incidents" in the border areas of Guangxi's Fangcheng Multinational Autonomous County during the first 10 days of October.				X	
11 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. An accord on Soviet banking aid to Kampuchea is signed in Phnom Penh by Chan Phin, Minister of Finance and Director General of the Bank of Kampuchea, and A. N. Karpushkin, Economic Counselor to the Soviet Embassy in Kampuchea.			X		
11 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. Indian goodwill delegation, representing the India-China Friendship Association of the State of Karnataka, led by V. T. Rajshekar Shetty, arrives in Beijing for a 15-day visit to China.		X			
12 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Indian defense authorities report the government's original intention to purchase Soviet-built An-32 transport planes may now have changed. The Indian Air Force requires almost 95 medium tactical transport aircraft as part of a modernization and replacement program. Other planes under active consideration include the Canadian-made Buffalo, the G-22 (Italian), and the advanced version of the AVRO-748 (British).				X	
12 Oct 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Radio Moscow alleges that Pakistan and China had planned to air-drop troops in various cities of Afghanistan early in 1980 in a bid to divide the country between themselves. The broadcast asserts former Afghan President Hafizullah Amin had originally suggested the scheme.					

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
13 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan Airlines announces plans to open an air route from Tokyo to the northeastern part of China via North Korean airspace.			X			FBIS (AP) 14 Oct 80
13 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. First nongovernmental memorandum for scientific and technological exchange between China and Japan is signed in Tokyo by Zhou Peiyuan, Chairman of the Chinese Association of Science and Technology, and Doko Toshio, President of the Japan Techno-Economics Society. The principal task of the memorandum is to "promote the exchange of technical know-how and personnel in the field of science and technology and make contributions to peace, friendship, and scientific and technological development between the two countries on the basis of equality and mutual benefit."	X		X			FBIS (PRC) 15 Oct 80
13 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry announces the czarist Russian cruiser Admiral Nakhimov, sunk off Nagasaki Prefecture in the 1904 Russo-Japanese War, and its treasures belong not to the Soviet Union but to Japan.		X				FBIS (AP) 14 Oct 80
13 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Delegation of the PRK Trade Union for National Salvation led by its Vice Chairman, Heng Teay, returns to Phnom Penh following a 10-day visit to the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 16 Oct 80
13 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng sends a message of congratulations to Korean leader Kim Il-sung on the occasion of his reelection as General Secretary of the KWP Central Committee.		X				FBIS (AP) 31 Oct 80
13 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Supply agreement is signed in Manila between the China National Machinery and Equipment Import and Export Corp. (CMEC) and the National Electrification Administration of the Philippines (NEA) by NEA administrator Pedro G. Dumol and Lei Weizong, CMEC Deputy General Manager. CMEC offers \$30 million as seller's credit to finance the purchase by NEA of approximately 100,000 kw of minihydropower plants.			X			FBIS (AP) 15 Oct 80; FBIS (PRC) 15 Oct 80
13 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese Ministry of Agriculture hosts a banquet in Beijing honoring the visiting Philippine agricultural delegation led by Arturo R. Tanco, Jr., Minister of Agriculture.			X			FBIS (PRC) 15 Oct 80
14 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Hitachi Shipbuilding and Engineering Co. announces it has signed a modernization cooperation agreement with the Dalian shipyard of Luda, northeastern China. The agreement chiefly calls for technological cooperation in the construction and repair of ships, building main and auxiliary engines and other types of ship machinery, business management, ship design, and technological development.			X			FBIS (AP) 14 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
14 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Ryoichi Sasakawa, sponsor of a Japanese operation to salvage a sunken Russian cruiser laden with treasure, denies he offered to swap the treasure for the return to Japan from the Soviet Union of the four northern islands seized at the end of World War II. He tells journalists that "the islands were taken illegally, and therefore must be returned Following their return, he adds, "then I will pass the treasure to them as a token of Japan's appreciation for the Soviets' efforts in administering the islands for us since the war."		X				FBIS (AP) 14 Oct 80
14 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Article by N. Smolenskiy entitled "Truth and Fabrications," published in <i>Izvestiya</i> , decries Japan's anti-Soviet campaigns portraying the Soviet Union as "almost the only foreign country posing a special potential threat to Japan."		X				FBIS (USSR) 22 Oct 80
14 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) reports armed Vietnamese personnel killed a Chinese peasant and shelled a primary school and several houses in the past 2 days in the border area of Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region.				X		FBIS (PRC) 15 Oct 80
14 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. USSR declines to provide additional oil supplies to India to meet this year's petroleum requirements because of allegedly pressing Soviet difficulties in meeting its energy commitments elsewhere.		X				FBIS (South Asia) 28 Oct 80
15 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan-China Friendship Association sends a telegram to the Chinese Embassy in Tokyo, protesting Chinese aggression against Vietnam. The telegram calls for an immediate withdrawal of Chinese troops from Vietnam.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Oct 80
15 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnam reports Chinese shelling of Xin Man District in Ha Tuyen Province and occupation by a Chinese regiment of Can Co Thuong hamlet located 500 m inside Vietnam.				X		FBIS (AP) 29 Oct 80
15 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnamese troops that intruded into Luojiaping area of Jinchang Commune, Maguan County, Yunnan Province, launch an attack damaging Chinese border villages and killing and wounding a number of Chinese soldiers and civilians.				X		FBIS (PRC) 16 Oct 80; NYT 16 Oct 80
15 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Phnom Penh dispatch in <i>Pravda</i> (Moscow) cites examples of Soviet help in port construction, training of dock workers, and supply of goods to Kampuchea and stresses that the Soviet Union, Vietnam, Laos, and other Socialist countries were the first to extend the hand of brotherhood to Kampuchea after the Pol Pot regime had ended there.		X		X		FBIS (USSR) 24 Oct 80
15 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Meeting is held in the Kampuchean port city of Kompong Som to bid farewell to Soviet workers who have concluded a 177-day mission in Kampuchea.		X				FBIS (AP) 20 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	
15 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. India and the USSR sign a bilateral agreement for cooperation in various fields of the building material industry. Under the agreement, the USSR indicates its readiness to give technical aid to India to construct cement plants ranging in capacity from 250,000 to 600,000 tons a year.			X		The Statesman (Calcutta) 15 Oct 80; The Hindu (Madras) 16 Oct 80
16 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Ni Zhifu, President of the All-China Federation of Trade Unions, meets in Beijing with a Japanese Confederation of Labor (Domei) delegation, the biggest trade union organization in Japan, led by its Chairman, Tadanobu Usami. This is the first delegation sent to China by the organization.			X		FBIS (PRC) 20 Oct 80
16 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Chinese Foreign Ministry lodges a strong protest with the Vietnamese Embassy in Beijing against the repeated armed provocations and intrusions into Chinese border areas since late September.		X			FBIS (PRC) 16 Oct 80
16 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet envoy to the UN Troyanovskiy reports to the General Assembly that the Soviet Union has thus far provided Kampuchea with gratuitous aid worth \$200 million. Further aid worth \$70 million is planned.			X		FBIS (AP) 21 Oct 80
16 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Vladimir Sobchenko, new Soviet Ambassador to Laos, presents his credentials to LPDR President Souphanouvong.		X			FBIS (AP) 17 Oct 80
16 Oct 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet Premier Brezhnev sends a message of congratulations to Kim Il-sung on his reelection as General Secretary of the KWP Central Committee.		X			FBIS (AP) 31 Oct 80
16 Oct 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet delegation led by V. V. Grishin is in Pyongyang to attend the 6th Congress of the KWP. The delegation pays a courtesy call on DPRK leader Kim Il-sung.					FBIS (USSR) 16 Oct 80; FBIS (AP) 4 Nov 80
16 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR/PRC. Soviet naval squadron, headed by the guided missile cruiser Vladivostok, pays a (4-day) goodwill visit at Cochin (Kerala State). RADM G. I. Semenov, the squadron Commander, speaking during a press conference, warns Indians of the dangers posed by the "persistently increasing military presence of the United States in the Indian Ocean" and the "serious threat . . . posed by Chinese military aspirations" to countries of the region.		X		X	The Hindu (Madras) 17 Oct 80; FBIS (USSR) 17 Oct 80; The Statesman (Calcutta) 17 Oct 80; FBIS (PRC) 20 Oct 80
16 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Indian military strategists observing superpower naval flotillas in the Indian Ocean offer the view that Soviet warships in the area are not intended to confront US naval vessels but to establish an adequate Soviet presence in the region to warn the United States and its allies that any attempt to interfere directly in the Persian Gulf area, under any pretext, will bring a response from Soviet land-based forces that can be swiftly brought into action.				X	The Hindu (Madras) 18 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
17 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Vitaliy Korionov's Column in Pravda (Moscow) takes issue with Tokyo's announcement that Japan's possession of nuclear weapons will not contradict the Japanese Constitution. He suggests that the announcement not only confirms the revitalization and expansion of the Japanese Armed Forces but also the revitalization of the expansionist concepts of Japanese militarism.		X				FBIS (USSR) 23 Oct 80
17 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Yuriy Fedorovich Danilov, newly appointed Attache at the Soviet Embassy in Tokyo, pays a courtesy call on high-ranking officials of the Japan Defense Agency. Danilov succeeds Yuriy N. Kozlov who left Japan in January 1980 in the midst of an espionage scandal that involved the passing of Japanese defense secrets to the Soviets by Self-Defense Force personnel.				X		FBIS (AP) 17 Oct 80
17 Oct 80	DPRK/USSR. Delegations of the CPSU and the KWP issue a communique in Pyongyang following talks in which both sides stressed that the meeting between Kim Il-sung and L. I. Brezhnev in Belgrade earlier in 1980 made a great contribution to further developing Korean-Soviet relations.		X				FBIS (AP) 17 Oct 80
17 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Jiang Nanxiang, Chinese Minister of Education, meets in Beijing with a Philippine education delegation, led by Mr. Abraham I. Felipe, Vice Minister of Education and Culture.					X	FBIS (PRC) 21 Oct 80
17 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. United News of India and Xinhua News Agency (Beijing) reestablish communication links between the two countries following an agreement regarding the exchange of news.		X				FBIS (South Asia) 28 Oct 80
18 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. JSP protests to China over its nuclear test of 16 October, saying the test will increase tension in Asia.		X				FBIS (AP) 20 Oct 80
18 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Government announces that no radioactivity has thus far been monitored in Japan from the nuclear test conducted by China on 16 October.				X		FBIS (AP) 20 Oct 80
18 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Zhang Aiping meets in Beijing with Hiroomi Kurisu, former Chairman of the Joint Staff Council of the Self-Defense Forces of Japan.				X		FBIS (PRC) 20 Oct 80
18 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Washington Post reports the Laos Government is worried about bands of resistance fighters in Laos aided by China. The guerrillas are not seen as a threat to the Lao Government's stability, but their ties to China are seen as potentially dangerous.				X		Washington Post 18 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
18 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. Reports from New Delhi suggest the CPI(ML) is in the process of moderating its traditional hardline support of Beijing and is abandoning its calls for revolutionary violence. At a clandestine gathering of CPI(ML) leadership, Party spokesmen indicated that fraternal relations with the Chinese Communist Party will continue, although the CPI(ML) will seek a more independent course that is not subservient to any foreign power.		X			FBIS (South Asia) 28 Oct 80
18 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. India's Planning Minister, N. D. Tiwari, announces the Indo-Soviet Planning Committee, which has been defunct for more than 2 years, will be revived. A team of economic experts will consult with Soviet experts in Moscow about the upcoming sixth 5-year plan. India is expected to ask the Soviets for economic aid to cover expansion plans for the Bokaro steel complex, coal mining coking, and offshore oil exploration.		X	X		JPRS 944 28 Nov 80
18 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Report from New Delhi, quoting the National Herald (New Delhi), says India has offered the Soviet Union 200,000 tons of potatoes and 50,000 tons of onions to help meet the Soviet shortage. India is also ready to supply the USSR with an additional 300,000 tons of rice.			X		FBIS (PRC) 20 Oct 80
19 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Liao Chengzhi, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee and President of the China-Japan Friendship Association, meets in Beijing with Yanosuke Narazaki, Secretary General of the Social Democratic Federation of Japan.		X			FBIS (PRC) 20 Oct 80
19 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Foreign Ministry sources announce that a PRC-Japan ministerial conference will be held for 3 days in Beijing beginning 3 December and will center on problems of mutual concern to Japan and China.		X			FBIS (AP) 20 Oct 80
20 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese People's Institute of Foreign Affairs delegation led by Hao Deqing, Institute President, leaves Beijing for visit to Japan at the invitation of the Japanese National Policy Research Association.		X			FBIS (PRC) 21 Oct 80
20 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Deng Xiaoping, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, meets in Beijing with an economic delegation for Japan-China friendship led by Kenjiro Mitsuoka, leader of Japan's Forum on Chinese Politics and Economics.			X		FBIS (PRC) 20 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
20 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Top Japanese Foreign Ministry official describes as interesting a recent Soviet call for developing Russo-Japanese relations based on the principles of the 1956 Japan-USSR joint declaration. The official states, however, that it is a contradiction for the Russians to urge the conclusion of a good neighbor and cooperation treaty while proposing to cling to the declaration's principles. In the 1956 declaration, which opened diplomatic relations between the two countries, the Soviets pledged to return to Japan the northern islands they seized at the end of World War II.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Oct 80; FBIS (PRC) 21 Oct 80
20 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo) reports the Soviet Union has officially opened a long-distance air route between Moscow and Hanoi via Khabarovsk across the Sea of Japan causing concern among Japanese Government officials. They believe the new route represents a Soviet effort to carry out its air support strategy for Vietnam.			X	X		FBIS (PRC) 21 Oct 80
20 Oct 80	BURMA/PRC. President U Ne Win of Burma departs Rangoon for a goodwill visit to China at the invitation of the Chinese Government.		X				FBIS (PRC) 20 Oct 80; FBIS (AP) 20 Oct 80
20 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. Tibetan Youth Congress meeting in New Delhi passes a resolution discouraging the Dalai Lama from visiting China in 1981. The Congress also criticizes Nepal and Bhutan for agreeing to demarcate their northern boundaries with China since all the northern borders abut Tibet.		X				The Statesman (Calcutta) 21 Oct 80
20 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Ruling ministry of West Bengal State, the CPI(M) Left Front coalition, calls on residents and government workers to observe a 24-hour bandh on 27 November to protest the Union Government's attempts to "undermine" the Communist-led government. For months relations between West Bengal and the Center have been steadily deteriorating. CPI(M) Chief Minister Jyoti Basu cites the reasons his party has decided to take to the streets in opposition to the Congress (I). They include the cancellation of state by-elections in order to give a tactical advantage to Congress (I) candidates; the promulgation of the National Security Ordinance which is being directed against the CPI(M); a cutback in the center's food-for-work subsidies to West Bengal for political purposes; and reports that the center is reconsidering plans to relocate a major petrochemical complex originally slated for the state. West Bengal is one of only four states not ruled by a Congress (I) ministry.		X				The Statesman (Calcutta) 21 Oct 80
21 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Soviet Union informs the Japanese Government through the Japanese Embassy in Moscow that it will release a crewman of the 3.96-ton fishing vessel No. 21 Shoryu Maru, which was seized by the Soviets on 22 August.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
21 Aug 80	JAPAN/PRC. Ten-member Chinese group arrives in Tokyo for an exchange of views on Chinese coal shipments to Japan and other energy issues.			X			FBIS (AP) 21 Oct 80
21 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Fujitsu Ltd. of Japan reaches agreement with the Tianjin Municipal Scientific Commission of China to develop jointly a Chinese language data system.	X					FBIS (AP) 22 Oct 80
21 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan Defense Agency Director General Omura states the recent strengthening of the Soviet naval presence in the west Pacific and the Indian Ocean may seriously affect the safety of Japan's sea lanes during times of emergency.				X		FBIS (AP) 21 Oct 80
21 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Laotian Deputy Information Minister Sone Khamvanvongsa says the pro-Vietnamese Communist regime in Laos has uncovered an antigovernment plot by alleged Chinese sympathizers and that arrests of the alleged conspirators began on 9 October.		X				NYT 21 Oct 80
21 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet trade union delegation arrives in Vientiane for an official visit to Laos at the invitation of the Federation of Lao Trade Unions.			X			FBIS (AP) 24 Oct 80
21 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Laos and the Soviet Union sign an agreement on the construction in Laos of a vocational school for 600 students and on the provision of school equipment for three schools.					X	FBIS (AP) 27 Oct 80
21 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese trade union delegation led by Zhang Qi, member of the Secretariat of the All-China Federation of Trade Unions, arrives in Pyongyang for a friendly visit to Korea.			X			FBIS (PRC) 24 Oct 80
21 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Financial Times (London) New Delhi correspondent reports India proposes to seek large-scale Soviet assistance, particularly in the energy sector, during the 6th plan period, 1980-85. The aid is required for setting up super-thermal power plants, laying high voltage transmission lines, and coal mining. In a 15-year perspective, power generation is to be stepped up from the present capacity of 30,000 MW to 100,000 MW with an investment of some 700 billion rupees (\$87.5 billion). A Soviet team visited India recently for discussions on long-term economic planning. A delegation headed by N. D. Tiwari, India's Minister for Planning, is leaving for Moscow at the invitation of the Soviet planning organization, Gosplan. Another Soviet team is to visit India and a final agreement is likely to be signed when President Brezhnev visits Delhi in December.			X			FBIS (USSR) 23 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
21 Oct 80	PAKISRA/PRC. APP reports Muslims of a Chinese trade caravan celebrates the Islamic feast of sacrifice, 'Id al-Adha, on 20 October with Pakistani Muslims at 'Id Gab, an Imami Jamia mosque in the Pakistani border city of Gilgit. The caravan arrived in Gilgit on 17 October for a 1-week visit, bringing with it Chinese goods under the border trade protocol signed between China and Pakistan in June 1980. A Pakistani trade caravan is expected to leave for Xinjiang, China, in November.			X		X	FBIS (PRC) 22 Oct 80
22 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan National Oil Corp. announces it is ready to extend \$71 million in loans to China over 3 years to help finance oil exploration in the Dagang oil-field, south of Tianjin.			X			FBIS (AP) 22 Oct 80
22 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Oil industrial circles in Japan disclose that Japan has received an offer from China to sell crude produced from an undersea oilfield in West Bohai. China hoped to sell 80,000 tons to Japan but did not indicate a price.			X			FBIS (AP) 30 Oct 80
22 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Tokyo Shimbun reports the Japanese Maritime Self-Defense Force on 21 October sighted a Soviet fleet composed of a 2,850-ton KOTLIN Class missile destroyer, towed by a 6,800-ton DON Class submarine tender, and a 3,400-ton ALLIGATOR Class landing ship moving southward in the Sea of Japan apparently heading toward Vietnam. A 4,500-ton floating dock of the Soviet Pacific Fleet was spotted earlier in the day in the East China sea 180 kms southwest off Fukushima Island, Nagasaki Prefecture.				X		FBIS (PRC) 24 Oct 80
22 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. New York Times reports the Laos Government has arrested about 500 civil servants and Lao People's Revolutionary Party members in an apparent purge of Chinese-leaning officials.		X				NYT 22 Oct 80
22 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Lao delegation of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Irrigation led by its Vice Minister Latsami Khamphoui departs Vientiane for an official visit to the Soviet Union at the invitation of the Soviet Agriculture Ministry.			X			FBIS (AP) 24 Oct 80
22 Oct 80	ROK/USSR. Korolev (USSR) radio commentary denounces the South Korean referendum for a new Constitution conducted on 22 October as an attempt to give constitutional legitimacy to the current oppressive Seoul regime.		X				FBIS (USSR) 24 Oct 80
22 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese VP Fang Yi meets in Beijing with a visiting delegation of educators from the Philippines, led by Dr. Abraham I. Felipe, Acting Minister of Education and Culture.					X	FBIS (PRC) 24 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
23 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Christian Science Monitor (Boston) reports trade relations between China and Japan are suffering because China is unable to make use of industrial plants and machinery imported from Japan.			X			CSM 23 Oct 80
23 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. JSP Central Executive Committee decides to invite the Soviet Communist Party to send a mission for a 1-week visit to Japan.		X				FBIS (AP) 23 Oct 80
23 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Nippon Marine Development Co. of Tokyo which is engaged in salvaging the czarist Russian cruiser <u>Admiral Nakhimov</u> off Tsushima in the Sea of Japan claims that treasures aboard the ship belong to the company and are not state property.		X				FBIS (AP) 23 Oct 80
23 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. Wang Ping, member of the CCP Central Committee and Political Commissar of the Chinese PLA General Logistics Department, and Bai Jiefu, Vice Mayor of Beijing, leave Beijing for Pyongyang to attend the celebrations for the 30th anniversary of the Chinese People's Volunteers' entry into the Korean War and to pay a friendly visit.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 23 Oct 80; FBIS (AP) 24 Oct 80
23 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese Vice Chairman Peng Chong reaffirms China's support for Thailand in the event of a Vietnamese invasion.		X				FBIS (AP) 23 Oct 80
23 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese VP Wan Li meets in Beijing with the first railway delegation from Thailand led by Sirilak Chandransu, President of the Board Commission of Thai Railways.			X			FBIS (PRC) 24 Oct 80
23 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. Leader of the Tibetan Youth Congress (TYC) based in India seeks financial and arms assistance from the Soviet Union to start a guerrilla war aimed at liberating Tibet from Chinese control. The TYC consists of 10,000 Tibetan exiles in India, many of whom received guerrilla training after the 1962 Sino-Indian war. The TYC opposes efforts by the Dalai Lama to reopen contacts with the Chinese, and the organization reportedly has contacted underground nationalist organizations operating inside Tibet. The Indian Government reiterates it will not allow hostile activities to be undertaken by the Tibetan refugees from its soil against a third country.		X				FBIS (South Asia) 28 Oct 80
23 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Soviet Union offers sophisticated technology in coal mining to India. During a 10-day visit to India, Vladimir Belyy, Soviet Deputy Minister of Coal, formalizes a number of agreements dealing with large-scale mining projects in India.	X		X			SWB 5 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
24 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Yu Qiuli, Vice Premier and Minister in Charge of the Chinese State Energy Commission, meets in Beijing with a Japanese energy delegation, led by Dr. Jur Yutaka Iseda, Research Director of the Institute of Energy Economics. Experiences are exchanged in the exploitation and use of energy in China and Japan.			X			FBIS (PRC) 27 Oct 80
24 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese FM Ito meets in Tokyo with a visiting Chinese energy delegation, headed by Gao Yangwen, Vice Minister in charge of the Chinese State Energy Commission and Minister of the Coal Industry, and pledges further friendly cooperation with China.			X			FBIS (PRC) 27 Oct 80
24 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki states the Soviet Union may shift to detente in its policy toward Japan following the resignation of Premier Aleksey Kosygin. Kosygin's resignation and the selection of First Deputy Premier Nikolay Tikhonov as his successor was made public on 23 October.		X				FBIS (AP) 24 Oct 80
24 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Akira Shioda, Japan Defense Agency Bureau Chief, tells a House of Councilors committee meeting that he has noted a change in the potential Soviet military threat to Japan but has ruled out for the time being a review of Japan's general defense guideline.				X		FBIS (AP) 27 Oct 80
24 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan Defense Agency Director General Omura gives a detailed account of the latest Soviet military buildup in the Far East to a meeting of the House of Councilors ad hoc Committee on Security, Okinawa, and Northern Territories Affairs. Omura states that in recent years Soviet Far East forces have been reinforced in both quality and quantity, including the deployment of ground forces, which have grown close to the size of a division, to the northern territories.				X		FBIS (AP) 30 Oct 80
24 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. Pai Yong-Chai, DPRK Charge d'affaires ad interim, hosts a banquet at the Korean Embassy in Beijing commemorating the entry of the Chinese People's Volunteers into the Korean War. Guests include Li Xiannian, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, Yang Dexhi, member of the Secretariat of the CCP Central Committee and Chief of the PLA General Staff, Ji Pengfei, Vice Premier, and Huang Hua, Vice Premier and Foreign Minister.		X				FBIS (PRC) 27 Oct 80
24 Oct 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Soviet-built helicopter gunships kill three Afghan refugees and wound seven in a strafing attack on UN refugee camps inside Pakistani territory. The attacks occur between the villages of Miranshah and Datta Khel in the North Waziristan Agency, 100 miles south of the Khyber Pass.				X		Washington Post 27 Oct 80; The Guardian (London) 27 Oct 80; FBIS (South Asia) 29 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
25 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito, while in Hokkaido to tour the northern islands, states Japan cannot separate politics from economy in its foreign policy toward the Soviet Union. He tells reporters that he will continue to appeal to the world regarding the issue of the Soviet Union returning the northern islands to Japan.		X				FBIS (AP) 27 Oct 80
25 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Fifteen hundred delegates from 93 organizations attend a rally in Tokyo demanding the return of the Soviet-held northern islands east of Hokkaido.		X				FBIS (AP) 27 Oct 80
25 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. CPSU delegation headed by State Committee for Television and Radio Broadcasting Chairman Lapin arrives in Tokyo at the invitation of the JSP.		X				FBIS (USSR) 27 Oct 80
25 Oct 80	ROK/PRC/USSR. <u>Sinmun</u> (Seoul) editorial analyzes the motives of China and the Soviet Union toward the Korean Peninsula and concludes that the view that both China and the Soviet Union desire stability in Korea and will, therefore, check any North Korean provocations is too optimistic and should not be the basis for a South Korean security policy.		X				FBIS (AP) 28 Oct 80
25 Oct 80	INDIA/PRC. Defense authorities in Srinagar report that twice in October Chinese Air Force planes violated Indian air space over the border areas of Ladakh.				X		The Statesman (Calcutta) 26 Oct 80; FBIS (South Asia) 7 Nov 80
25 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. USSR and India sign a protocol coordinating bilateral efforts in the field of machine building and engineering. Members of a high-level Indian delegation including Planning Minister Tiwari initial the document in Moscow.	X					SWB 5 Nov 80
26 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Huang Hua, Chinese Vice Premier and Foreign Minister, meets in Beijing with Ieng Sary, Deputy Prime Minister of Democratic Kampuchea, and his party and later hosts them at dinner Ieng Sary is in China on his way home from the 35th UNGA.		X				FBIS (PRC) 27 Oct 80
27 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) in an analysis of trends in Japan's trade with China suggests the Chinese have overreached themselves in recent years, in attempts to move too fast in their economic expansion plans and now have to move more slowly in a "readjustment" period. For Japan this will mean a marked slowdown in trade between the two nations in the coming years following the phenomenal growth of the 1970s.			X			FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
27 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Foreign Ministry issues a statement expressing regret over China's atmospheric nuclear test on 16 October and requesting suspension of any planned future tests.				X		FBIS (AP) 27 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
27 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Mitsubishi Belting Ltd of Japan announces that it and six other rubber belt makers recently signed a contract with the Soviet Union's Razno Im-port for the export of \$8.4 million worth of rubber belts, the largest order in value ever received by Japanese rubber belt manufacturers.			X			FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
27 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Ministry of Construction delegation led by Minister G. A. Karavayev arrives in Hanoi for a visit at the invitation of the Vietnamese Ministry of Building.			X			FBIS (AP) 28 Oct 80
27 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. All-Union Central Council of Trade Unions delegation of the USSR led by G. Albov, President of the Aircraft Building Trade Union, arrives in Hanoi to attend the celebration of the 63d anniversary of the October Socialist Revolution in Vietnam.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 30 Oct 80
27 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC/USSR. Thai PM Prem leaves Bangkok for Beijing for a 4-day visit to China. Before leaving he tells newsmen at the airport that "a very top" Thai mission would be sent to the Soviet Union following his Beijing visit to help ease the situation in the region.		X				FBIS (AP) 27 Oct 80
27 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Bangkok Post associates Thai PM Prem's visit to China with a general peace campaign being carried on by the ASEAN nations. The newspaper writes it is hoped that as a result of Prem's visit there will be a lessening of the "Chinese threat" as perceived by Indonesia and Malaysia.		X				FBIS (AP) 27 Oct 80
27 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC/SRV. Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang, addressing a banquet in Beijing honoring Thai PM General Prem Tinsulanon, says the key to relaxing tension in Southeast Asia and a solution to the Kampuchea question lies in the complete withdrawal of Vietnamese troops from Kampuchea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 27 Oct 80
27 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Press Trust of India reports that Indian defense experts are evaluating the performance of the three main tanks manufactured by the Soviet Union, the United Kingdom, and West Germany before deciding to acquire the one most suitable for the Indian Army. Experts feel the Indian Vijayanta tank is lacking in firepower and will soon be out of date.				X		JPRS 76916 2 Dec 80
27 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. India and the USSR sign a protocol providing for the training of Indian geoscientists in new, specialized methods of exploration and detection of mineral deposits and for the exchange of specialists between the two countries. Indian scientists declare that India would like to make use of the expertise developed in the USSR to search for and extract coking coal which is in short supply in India.	X					The Hindu (Madras) 29 Oct 80; India News (Washington, DC) 3 Nov 80; SWB 5 Nov 80; FBIS (USSR) 6 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
28 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. China asks for Japanese cooperation in opening telecommunications channels linking China to the United States, the Philippines, Australia, and Hong Kong via the existing Japan-China undersea communications cable.	X					FBIS (AP) 6 Nov 80
28 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Delegation of Japanese immunologists hold an academic exchange on immunology and allergy with their Chinese counterparts in Beijing. Delegation is led by Yuichi Yamamura, President of Osaka University, with Hinemon Konishi as its chief adviser.	X					FBIS (PRC) 29 Oct 80
28 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan and the Soviet Union sign an agreement on an international observer scheme for factory ships in whaling operations in the southern hemisphere. The previous agreement expired on 13 August.			X			FBIS (AP) 28 Oct 80
28 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. Crew of motor vessel <u>Lyubov Orlova</u> and Far Eastern dock workers are welcomed on their return to <u>Vladivostok</u> after working in the PRK for 7 months assisting Kampuchean dock workers. During this period 72 vessels were unloaded and 172,000 tons of cargo were processed. Soviet workers also renovated a children's home and worked on other projects.			X			FBIS (USSR) 3 Nov 80
28 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese public health delegation headed by Yang Shoushan, Chinese Vice Minister of Public Health, arrives in Pyongyang.	X					FBIS (AP) 6 Nov 80
28 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Straits Times (Singapore) calls Thai PM Prem's mission to China one of the last chances for peace in the area.		X				FBIS (AP) 30 Oct 80
28 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Hua Guofeng, Chairman of the CPC Central Committee, meets in Beijing with General Prem Tinsulanon, Thai Prime Minister, and his party. Hua expresses support for Thailand and the other ASEAN countries in their efforts to safeguard peace and stability in Southeast Asia and to bring about a political settlement of the Kampuchea question.		X				FBIS (PRC) 29 Oct 80
28 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. New York Times reports that China's PM Zhao Ziyang has assured Thailand that it will have China's support if Vietnam again intrudes into its territory.		X				NYT 28 Oct 80
28 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. China sends a cable to the Thai Foreign Trade Department confirming its purchase of 100,000 tons of rice from Thailand.			X			FBIS (AP) 30 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
28&29 Oct 80	DPRK/USSR. Sixteenth session of the Soviet-Korean Intergovernmental Consultative Commission on Economic, Scientific, and Technical Questions takes place in Pyongyang. The commission examines (1) the fulfillment of each sides' reciprocal commitments in extending and constructing industrial enterprises and other projects in the DPRK within the framework of Soviet-Korean cooperation, (2) the fulfillment of the protocol on trade turnover and payments between the two countries in 1980, and (3) the progress on consultations between Soviet and Korean planning organs on questions of USSR-DPRK trade and economic cooperation in 1981-85. A joint protocol is signed as a result of the commission's work. The Soviet delegation is headed by K. F. Katushev, Deputy Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, and the Korean delegation, by Kye Ung-tae, Vice Premier of the DPRK Administration Council.	X		X			FBIS (USSR) 3 Nov 80
29 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Honda Motor Co. of Japan discloses it has been asked by China's State Economic Commission to assist in setting up motorcycle production in China. The Chinese hope to produce 150,000 motorcycles annually with Honda's cooperation.			X			FBIS (AP) 30 Oct 80
29 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Minister of International Trade and Industry Tanaka states the Japanese Government has no plan to develop unilaterally an oil field north of the disputed Senkaku Islands in the East China Sea. The proposed Sino-Japanese undersea oil development off the islands, now under the effective control of Japan, has been shelved due to Beijing's claim to the islands.			X			FBIS (AP) 6 Nov 80
29 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Moscow Radio Commentator Rodionov decries Japanese FM Ito's inspection visit of the Kuril Islands coinciding with a national convention for the return of the territories in Tokyo, and his unfriendly remarks against the Soviet Union while there. He calls the visit a clear indication that Japanese Government authorities are using every means to call the Japanese people's attention to a "fabricated territorial issue to pollute the atmosphere of Soviet-Japanese relations."		X				FBIS (USSR) 31 Oct 80
29 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) notes police investigating reports that fishery officials landed secretly on Soviet territory in September have learned that an earlier landing took place in May, also for the purpose of presenting gifts to Soviet officials. It had previously been alleged that eight officials of the Wakanai Fishing Cooperative and Nobuhiko Yamada, captain of a Hokkaido Prefectural Government fishery patrol ship, had landed on the island of Sakhalin on 25 September and presented cassette tape recorders, whisky, and fruit to Soviet officials.		X				FBIS (AP) 30 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	
29 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Nihon Keizai Shimbun (Tokyo) reports Japan's major coal importers from the Soviet Union, including Sumimoto Corp, Nichimen Co, and Nissho-Iwai Co, on a trial basis, have begun importing thousands of tons of oxidized coal produced in the Yakut mine in east Siberia. The oxidized coal, which can be used only for fuel, is a byproduct of the Yakut Mine where both the Soviet Union and Japan are engaged in a joint project to produce coking coal.			X		FBIS (AP) 7 Nov 80
29 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Chinese leaders Li Xiannian, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, and his wife Lin Jiamai; Deng Yingchao, Vice Chairman of the NPC Standing Committee; Ji Pengfei, Vice Premier, and his wife Xu Hanbing; and Huang Hua, Vice Premier and Foreign Minister, and his wife, He Liliang; call on Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Mme Sihanouk at their residence in Beijing to congratulate Sihanouk on his 58th birthday.		X			FBIS (PRC) 30 Oct 80
29 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. London Times editorial argues that China's insistence on complete withdrawal of Vietnamese troops from Cambodia before political settlement only reinforces Vietnam's determination to remain.		X			Times (London) 29 Oct 80
29 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Nation Review (Bangkok) reports that Thai PM Gen. Prem Tinsulanon told CCP Vice Chairman Deng Xiaoping in Beijing that Thailand and ASEAN partners will step up contacts with China to strengthen mutual understanding and relations. The question of the Communist Party of Thailand was also discussed with Chinese leaders, and China agreed to sell 750,000 tons of crude oil and 250,000 tons of high-speed diesel oil to Thailand at the "friendship price."		X	X		FBIS (PRC) 29 & 30 Oct 80
29 Oct 80	BURMA/PRC. Burmese youth delegation led by U Aung Khin, Secretary of the Mass and Class Organization Affairs Committee, departs Rangoon for an official visit to China at the invitation of the All-China Youth Federation.		X			FBIS (AP) 5 Nov 80
29 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. At the conclusion of a 2-week session of the joint Soviet-Indian working group on heavy machine building, the Soviet Union agrees to provide technical assistance to the Heavy Machine Building Plant at Ranchi and Allied Machinery Corp. in Durgapur. In return for the aid, India will supply the Soviet Union with some 15,225 tons of castings and forgings against Soviet orders in 1981-82.			X		The Hindu (Madras) 29 Oct 80; JPRS 76968 10 Dec 80
29 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Chairman of India's Atomic Energy Commission Dr. H. N. Sethi has discussion with Soviet officials in Moscow on programs of India-Soviet cooperation in the nuclear field.	X				FBIS (USSR) 5 Nov 80
30 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese fisheries surveillance ship captain admits that his vessel called on the Soviet Island of Sakhalin on 15 May and 25 September as well as once during the autumn of 1979 without having taken the necessary legal procedures.		X			FBIS (AP) 30 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
30 Oct 80	DPRK/PRC. DPRK VP Kye Ung-tae meets in Pyongyang with a delegation of the All-China Federation of Trade Unions headed by Zhang Qi, a member of its Secretariat.		X				FBIS (AP) 14 Nov 80
30 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Siam Rat (Bangkok) concludes that Thai PM Prem's visit to the PRC was successful and beneficial to Thailand and its ASEAN partners.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
30 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. Indian Planning Minister N. D. Tiwari returns from a week-long visit to Moscow where he renewed India's request that the Soviets increase crude oil shipments from 1.5 million tons to 2.5 million tons. Tiwari also discussed the extent and range of Soviet assistance in the sixth 5-year plan. Soviet planning authorities who accompanied the Indian delegation in their return to New Delhi are to begin a 1-week return visit.			X			FBIS (South Asia) 31 Oct 80; FBIS (USSR) 5 Nov 80
30 Oct 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. During an extended interview with a Chinese journalist, Pakistan President Zia spares no praise for the historic, friendly relations between China and Pakistan. Zia asserts that "we attach a very special attention to our relationship with China We are cooperating and collaborating in the economic field, in the social field, in the cultural field, and in the defense field." As evidence of their congruity of views on international questions, Zia cites Pakistan's hostility to Soviet inroads in Afghanistan and Kampuchea.		X				Dawn Overseas Weekly (Karachi) 29 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Liao Changzhi, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee and President of the China-Japan Friendship Association, meets with Masaharu Yasuda, Secretary to the President of the Japanese Liberal Democratic Party, and Masamitsu Fukushima, member of the board for the publication of Masayoshi Chira's memoirs.		X				FBIS (PRC) 3 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports Mitsui and Co. of Japan has agreed with the China National Chemicals Import and Export Corp. for the import of 2 tons of heavy water, subject to Japanese Government approval.	X		X			FBIS (AP) 31 Oct 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Gu Mu meets in Beijing with a Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Public Corp. delegation led by Dr. Yasusada Kitahara, Executive Vice President of the corporation. PRC Vice Minister of Posts and Telecommunications Li Linchuan and Dr. Kitahara sign a memorandum on the exchange of telecommunications techniques between the Chinese Ministry of Posts and Telecommunications and the Nippon Corp. on behalf of their respective governments.	X		X			FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80; FBIS (PRC) 3 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/PRC. Financial Times (London) reports the Honda Motor Co. of Japan will build a motorcycle plant in Tianjing, China, with an annual production capacity of 150,000 units. Honda notes that it has not decided if the project will be a joint venture or a technology transfer.			X			Financial Times 31 Oct 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Union informs Japan it will release two Japanese fishermen captured for allegedly operating within the Soviet territorial waters off eastern Hokkaido in August.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Government sources state Japan will coordinate views with the United States and West European nations after the US presidential election to decide what to do about the economic measures taken against the Soviet Union following its military intervention in Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese-Soviet Friendship Dietmen's League, a supraparty organization formed by Japan's Dietmen, opens its 8th plenary meeting in Tokyo.		X				FBIS (AP) 6 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Ambassador to Japan Polyanskiy requests the cooperation of the Japanese-Soviet Friendship Society in Tokyo in achieving an early realization of a Soviet parliamentary mission's visit to Japan to help improve Japanese-Soviet relations.		X				FBIS (AP) 31 Oct 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Mitsui Co. of Japan discloses that it has resumed trade negotiations with the Soviet Union on exporting a \$200 million polyester plant. The negotiations were suspended earlier when Japan imposed economic sanctions against the Soviet Union.			X			FBIS (AP) 6 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito, in his public reply at the House of Councilors Special Committee on Security, Okinawa, and Northern Territories Affairs, says the Soviet refusal to return the northern territories to Japan, their increased armament there, and their threat to world peace by military intervention in Afghanistan are behind the present cold relations between Japan and the Soviet Union. He noted that Japan hopes to resume a warm relationship with Moscow, but the Soviet Union should create a climate for this change.		X				FBIS (PRC) 4 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito states that Japan will not ease economic sanctions imposed against the Soviet Union to protest its invasion of Afghanistan.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 31 Oct 80
31 Oct 80	SRV/PRC. Quan Doi Nhan Dan (Hanoi) commentary strongly condemns the "Bangkok-Beijing collusion" against the Kampuchean and Vietnamese peoples represented by Thai PM Prem's visit to China.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	SRV/USSR. International meeting of representatives of societies of friendship between Socialist countries and the Soviet Union ends in Hanoi. A joint communique adopted by the participants notes with satisfaction the increasing role of friendship societies in the cause of developing and strengthening close ties and solidarity with the Soviet people. A delegation of the Union of Soviet Societies for Friendship and Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries takes part.		X				FBIS (USSR) 4 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
31 Oct 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai PM Prem returns to Bangkok following a 5-day official visit to the PRC. He briefs newsmen saying that he was accorded great honor by the Chinese leaders in their welcome as well as during the talks. In his talks with Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang, the two agreed that China would follow the ASEAN stand in its approach to the Kampuchean problem, a position which calls for the withdrawal of Vietnamese troops from Kampuchea and a UN-supervised free and honest election in that country.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Navy reconnaissance planes are dispatched into the Gulf of Thailand to maintain surveillance of a fleet of three Russian warships, including an aircraft carrier and an oceanographic survey ship, spotted near Thai territorial waters.				X		FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	ASEAN/USSR/SRV. News reaching Beijing states Singapore Foreign Minister Dhana-balan told Parliament that the Soviet Union had obtained the use of naval and air facilities at Cam Ranh Bay from Vietnam. Soviet strategic capability both in the Pacific and Indian Oceans was enhanced as a result and if left unchecked would "eventually tilt the power balance in Asia to Soviet advantage." When asked whether Singapore would initiate moves in cooperation with other ASEAN countries to balance the Soviet military presence, Dhana-balan said that although ASEAN "had no military dimension," this did not preclude the five member countries from instituting bilateral defense cooperation to enable them better to withstand threats to their security.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 6 Nov 80
31 Oct 80	INDIA/USSR. India and the USSR sign a protocol in New Delhi to identify specific projects to augment coal production for which India will receive technical help from the Soviet Union. Under the agreement, covering the period 1980-85, the Soviet Union will make available technical documents and other assistance for the manufacture of spare parts for coal mining machinery of Russian origin. In addition, Soviet experts will assist in controlling underground coal fires and in expanding production in various Indian coalfields.			X			The Hindu (Madras) 1 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
1 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. V. Rodionov commentary entitled "Groundless Claims" published in Sovetskaya Rossiya (Moscow), decries Japan's unfriendly propaganda campaign against the Soviet Union and classifies Japan's claim to the Kurils as groundless. The USSR is holding neither anyone else's lands nor any surplus land. The issue of the borders was definitely and irrevocably resolved by the results of World War II and has been "enshrined in appropriate international agreements which must be observed."		X				FBIS (USSR) 6 Nov 80
1 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. AFP reports an authoritative Vietnamese source denied that there was a Soviet military base on Vietnamese territory.				X		FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
1 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Bangkok Post reports China has agreed in principle with the ASEAN proposal that a new Democratic Kampuchea leadership be found before the next UNCA meeting.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
1 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Nation Review (Bangkok), summarizes Thai PM Prem's visit to China as reasonably successful on the grounds that Premier Prem and China's leaders were given the opportunity to assess one another and lay the groundwork for further deliberations.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
1 Nov 80	BURMA/PRC. Liao Chengzhi, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee, meets with a Burmese youth delegation led by U Aung Khin.		X				FBIS (PRC) 3 Nov 80
2 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Anan Buranawanit, Secretary General of the Thai House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee, announces that he will call an urgent meeting of his committee if the reports of a Soviet naval fleet plying the waters of the Gulf of Thailand are true.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
2 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Frontline Daily (Bangkok), quoting Thai naval command sources, reports a Soviet aircraft carrier and three other warships were plying 20 nautical miles south of Kut Island of Thailand or 94 nautical miles off the Thai naval base at Sattahip on 31 October and military activities were conducted there by helicopters from the vessels. Thai armed units were ordered by defense authorities to be ready to retaliate if the vessels intruded into Thai territorial waters. Thai military authorities held that the ships were probably intended to intimidate Thailand since both the Soviet Union and Vietnam were displeased with PM Prem Tinsulanon's visit to the PRC.				X		FBIS (PRC) 3 Nov 80
2 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. Indian press sources report Chinese military aircraft violated Indian airspace twice during late October in the Ladakh area of Jammu and Kashmir near the town of Chusul. There is no information that the Indian Government lodged a protest with the PRC.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 7 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
2 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. President Zia renews his call for an immediate withdrawal of foreign troops from Afghanistan and a restoration of Afghan independence. During an address in Peshawar, he states that recent air attacks on Pakistani soil were carried out to provoke Pakistan and pressure it with changing its stand on Afghanistan. He declares that Pakistan will not be "browbeaten" and will not be intimidated into "bartering away its national sovereignty."		X				Khyber Mail (Peshawar) 3 Nov 80; FBIS (South Asia) 7 Nov 80
3 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. AUCCTU Chairman A. I. Shibayev receives a delegation of the Lao Trade Union Federation headed by its Deputy Chairman Bountham Khounlapvisetakhom. Opinions are exchanged on the further development of ties and cooperation.	X					FBIS (USSR) 10 Nov 80
3 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. Moscow Domestic Service International Diary program, presented by Vadim Volkov and Vitaliy Sokolov, marks the 2d anniversary of the signing of the friendship and cooperation treaty between the Soviet Union and the SRV and notes the development of Soviet-Vietnamese relations in the political, economic, and cultural spheres.	X					FBIS (USSR) 4 Nov 80
3 Nov 80	ROK/USSR. TASS (Moscow) news analyst Vasily Kharkov scores the Seoul Military Court of Appeal's Confirmation of Kim Tae-chung's death sentence. He writes that the arbitrariness in respect to Kim and other South Korean public figures is a "vivid example of the suppression of any actions in support of human rights in South Korea."	X					FBIS (USSR) 4 Nov 80
3 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. State-owned Philippine National Oil Co. discloses that China has turned down official feelers for the importation of coal because it runs counter to Chinese official economic policy.			X			FBIS (AP) 4 Nov 80
3 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC/USSR. Bangkok Post reports that a new policy of "balancing the interests" of the major powers fashioned by Thai PM Sitthi was launched with the visit to China of PM Prem and will be continued with an anticipated "peace mission" to the Soviet Union.	X					FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
3 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai PM Prem holds a news conference with respect to the sighting of Soviet naval ships in the Gulf of Thailand. PM Prem comments that he does not know why the ships are in the area but that Thailand will remain "vigilant."	X					FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80
3 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. In an article referencing the sighting of Soviet warships in the Gulf of Thailand, the Nation Review (Bangkok) concludes that the sending of a naval fleet into the Gulf of Thailand is certainly not a way for Moscow to demonstrate its claim of seeking to reduce tension in the Southeast Asia region.	X					FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
3 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Singapore FM Suppiah Dhanabalan, in Bangkok for a 1-day visit to Thailand, says the presence of a Soviet fleet in the Gulf of Thailand near Thai waters must be a calculated move and constitutes a threat to this region. He claims the Soviet Union is attempting to fill the vacuum left by another super-power.				X		FBIS (PRC) 5 Nov 80
3 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Arsa Sarasin, Director General of the Thai Foreign Ministry Political Department, in a statement issued by the Foreign Ministry in Bangkok, expresses the Thai Government and people's concern about the presence of Soviet warships in the Gulf of Siam to Soviet Ambassador to Thailand Yuriy Kuznetsov, who was summoned to his office. The Thai official also demands that the Soviet Union give advance information to Thailand on Soviet warships sailing into waters close to Thailand's territorial sea. The Soviet Ambassador denies any intention to threaten Thailand by the ships' presence, but agrees to send a report to his government on Thailand's views.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 3 Nov 80; FBIS (PRC) 5 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan pledges to extend to China low-interest loans totaling 56 billion yen (\$225 million) in fiscal 1980 for six major construction projects. The amount exceeds the 50 billion yen originally extended in fiscal 1979, the initial year of Japanese financial cooperation with China. The Chinese projects involve three rail lines, two ports, and a hydroelectric power station.			X			<u>Japan Economic Journal</u> (Tokyo) 4 Nov 80; FBIS (AP) 5 Nov 80; <u>Wall Street Journal</u> 5 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese FM Ito meets in Tokyo with Xie Beiyi, Vice Minister in Charge of the State Capital Construction Commission of China, on matters concerning Sino-Japanese economic cooperation and the supply of coal from China to Japan.			X			FBIS (PRC) 6 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. PM Suzuki, at a committee meeting of the Japanese House of Representatives in Tokyo, reiterates that Japan will continue to maintain its economic sanctions against the Soviet Union to counter its invasion of Afghanistan. To make the sanctions effective, it is important for the United States, Western Europe, and Japan coordinate their steps; Japan has no intention of changing its present policies.		X				FBIS (PRC) 5 Nov 80; FBIS (AP) 6 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Ambassador to Japan Polyanskiy states the Soviet Union is ready to resume Japanese-Soviet working level consultations, shelved since May 1979, if Japan shows interest.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kiichi Miyazawa, Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary, states the Japanese Government should avoid specifying any nation as a military threat, as it might be misinterpreted by that country as meaning Japan regarded it an enemy.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
4 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry sources commenting on Soviet Ambassador to Japan Polyanskiy's statement of the USSR's willingness to resume working-level consultations with Japan, remarks that Japan will not embark on a second round of consultations with the Soviet Union until formally approached to do so by the Soviet side.		X			FBIS (AP) 4 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan Economic Journal (Tokyo) reports that C. Itoh & Co. of Japan is reacting cautiously to an inquiry from Sovracht (Soviet Ship Import Corp.) for \$200 million worth of offshore oil drilling machines and equipment. Itoh's hesitation stems from consideration for Japan's support of US sanctions against the USSR.			X		Japan Economic Journal (Tokyo) 4 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki states Soviet military deployment in the Far East has come to pose a "potential threat" in recent years.				X	FBIS (AP) 4 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR/PRC. Kiichi Miyazawa, Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary, tells a session of the House of Representatives Cabinet Committee that the Soviet Union poses a "potential threat" to Japan but that China does not.		X			FBIS (AP) 6 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. USSR-Laos Friendship Association delegation headed by its President, Maslin Vladimir Petrovich, arrives in Vientiane for an official visit to Laos at the invitation of the Laos-USSR Friendship Association.		X			FBIS (AP) 5 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. USSR Culture Minister Demichev, receives Keo Chanda, Minister of Information, Press, and Culture of the PRK.					FBIS (USSR) 5 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Singapore FM Suppiah Dhanabalan tells Xinhua (Beijing) in an interview in Bangkok that although Singapore and China have no diplomatic relations, they have cordial relations, good trade relations, and links in other fields.		X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Cabinet approves the Foreign Ministry's proposal to send a high-level delegation to visit the Soviet Union, Poland, the GDR, Romania, Sweden, Yugoslavia and Austria. The delegation will be headed by Deputy FM Arun Phanuphong and will depart for Moscow on 10 November.		X			FBIS (AP) 5 Nov 80
4 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. PRC VP Wan Li declares to visiting Indian Minister of Agriculture, Rao Birendra Singh, in Beijing that China is ready to develop friendly relations with India. He adds that both China and India are large, populous, agricultural countries in Asia and have broad prospects for cooperation in agricultural technology. Rao Birendra Singh responds that India will strengthen exchanges in agriculture with China.		X		X	FBIS (PRC) 5 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
4 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. V. V. Beliy, USSR Deputy Coal Minister, concludes a 10-day visit to India with agreement to help India increase coal production.			X			Wall Street Journal 4 Nov 80
5 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Director General Akitane Kiuchi of the Japanese Foreign Ministry's Asian Affairs Bureau reveals the agenda for a Japan-China ministerial meeting to be held in Beijing from 3 to 5 December. The topics to be discussed are the international situation, trade, resources and energy, economic cooperation, technical collaboration, and cultural exchange.		X				FBIS (AP) 7 Nov 80
5 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry officials relate that the Foreign Ministry is expected to begin talks with the United States and West European nations on possible easing of credit restrictions for the development of Siberia. The ministry favors relaxation of the restrictions on Siberian development on a case-by-case basis. In the wake of the victory of Ronald Reagan over Jimmy Carter in the US presidential election, the Foreign Ministry plans to review Japan's sanctions by studying the US Republican administration's Soviet policy.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 5 Nov 80
5 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Marubeni Corp. of Japan discloses that the Marubeni group and the USSR State Committee for Science and Technology have extended a comprehensive private science and technology agreement for 5 years. The extension of this agreement is the first case of an extension out of many such private agreements between Japanese trading houses and the USSR since Japan imposed economic sanctions against Moscow in the spring of 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 6 Nov 80
5 Nov 80	SRV/PRC. Australian overseas aid official states that Vietnamese authorities are still forcing hundreds of ethnic Chinese to flee into southern China each day. The official, who just returned to Australia from China's southern Guangdong Province, adds that it is obvious that the Vietnamese Government is continuing a campaign to drive ethnic Chinese from the country.		X			X	FBIS (AP) 12 Nov 80
5 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. Film showing is held in Moscow by the Soviet-Vietnamese Friendship Society in honor of the second anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Soviet-Vietnamese Friendship and Cooperation.		X			X	FBIS (AP) 7 Nov 80
5 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese VP Wan Li meets in Beijing with a labor delegation from Thailand led by Vijit Sangtong, Director General of the Thai Department of Labor of the Ministry of Interior.			X			FBIS (PRC) 6 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
5 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Kuala Lumpur report states Malaysian FM Tengku Ahmad Rithauddeen, at a Malaysian investment seminar in Kuala Lumpur on 3 November, called on Vietnam to participate in the proposed international conference on Kampuchea. He noted that ASEAN did not defend the regime of Pol Pot but was committed to uphold the right of self-determination for the Kampuchean people. Any effort by Hanoi to embark on ambitious adventures would not only be resisted by ASEAN but would be counterproductive to Vietnam's own interest.		X				FBIS (PRC) 5 Nov 80
5 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Bangkok newspapers, quoting eye-witnesses in Nong Khai City, Thailand, report that two Soviet-made MiG fighter-bombers from Laos flew across the Mekong River into Thai airspace on 4 November.				X		FBIS (PRC) 5 Nov 80
5 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Pakistani press accounts, quoting official government sources, accuse the USSR of outright annexation of the Wakhan Corridor of Afghanistan. The Pakistani report of the Soviet action states the annexation was carried out by the "large-scale induction" of Russian troops and the gradual improvement of the communications infrastructure in the area.		X		X		FBIS (South Asia) 7 Nov 80
6 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese and Chinese Posts and Telecommunications Ministries decide to intensify patrols for the protection of a Japan-China submarine cable that has so far been cut six times. Causes are unknown.				X		FBIS (AP) 7 Nov 80
6 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. In an interview with NHK, Soviet Ambassador to Japan Polyanskiy states that although the Japanese believe the Soviet Union to be responsible for the "complicated" state of relations between the two countries, it was not the Soviet Union who imposed "any sanctions, restrictions, or other measures against Japan by using as a pretext some nonexistent questions or some matters which have nothing to do with bilateral relations."		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80
6 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR/PRC. Renmin Ribao (Beijing) commentary says the presence of a Soviet fleet in the Gulf of Thailand threatens the peace and security of Thailand and the whole of Southeast Asia and is a "significant move of the Kremlin in its southward drive in collaboration with the Vietnamese authorities." The commentary notes both Moscow and Hanoi have long considered ASEAN states as obstacles in their efforts to seek hegemony in Southeast Asia.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 6 Nov 80
6 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. While on an inspection tour of defense installations of the northern border areas of Kashmir, Indian PM Gandhi reminds the press that it was India that made the first overtures toward normalizing relations with China, implying the next move must come from the Chinese side.		X				FBIS (South Asia) 7 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
7 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Showa Aluminum of Japan announces it has signed a contract with Kobe Steel to supply know-how for operating an aluminum foil plant to be built in suburban Beijing. Under the contract Showa Aluminum will advise on plant operation, train Chinese workers, and send technicians to China. Kobe Steel will deliver rolling machines and other equipment.			X			FBIS (AP) 13 Nov 80
7 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan and China end 3 days of civil aviation negotiations in Tokyo without reaching agreement on China's request for the right to serve four destinations in Japan beyond Tokyo.			X			FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80
7 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese ambassadors stationed in the Soviet Union and East European countries conclude a 2-day conference in London after agreeing that Japan should exert efforts to promote relations further with East European nations while generally continuing to maintain the policies taken after the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan in respect to the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80
7 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Officials of the Japanese Foreign Ministry and the Defense Agency attend a reception at the Soviet Embassy in Tokyo to commemorate the 63d anniversary of the Russian Revolution.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80
7 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Asahi Evening News (Tokyo) features an article by Soviet Ambassador to Japan Dmitriy Polyanskiy entitled "USSR Dedicated to Ideals for Peaceful Co-existence," in which the ambassador weighs Soviet-Japanese relations and concludes, quoting President Brezhnev, by saying, "We would like to conduct our affairs with Japan honestly on the basis of neighborly collaboration and mutual advantage."		X				FBIS (AP) 13 Nov 80
7 Nov 80	DPRK/PRC. The 1980-81 plan for the implementation of the agreement on cooperation in public health between China and Korea is signed in Pyongyang by Yang Shoushan, leader of the Chinese public health delegation and Vice Minister of Public Health, and Choe Won-sok, Korean Vice Minister of Public Health. Under the plan, the two countries will exchange medical personnel, medical achievements, and medical literature.	X	X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Nov 80; FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80
7 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai FM Sitthi discloses that Thai PM Prem has informed Malaysian FM Rithauddeen of the results of his trip to China and that both the Indonesian and Philippine ambassadors to Thailand were briefed on the prime minister's visit.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80
7 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Prasong Sunsiri, Secretary General of the Thai National Security Council, accuses the Soviet Union of posing a "direct threat to Thailand and the region."		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
7 Nov 80	BURMA/USSR. Burma's President U Ne Win sends a message of greetings to Soviet leader Brezhnev on the occasion of the 63d anniversary of the Russian Revolution.		X				FBIS (AP) 14 Nov 80
7 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. In what is viewed as a major reformulation of Party doctrine within India's largest Communist organization, the CPI(M) announces it will shortly open direct party-to-party links with the Communist Party of China. Two senior Politburo members will be selected to hold talks with Communist Party leaders of China and the Soviet Union in an effort to position the Party more neutrally vis-a-vis the two Communist giants. Party sources stress that India's close links with the Soviet Union should not deter China from seeking better relations with New Delhi.		X				The Statesman (Calcutta) 7 Nov 80
7 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. India and the Soviet Union sign a memorandum of understanding to enlarge their cooperation in the sphere of power development. Besides an exchange of technical know-how from each side, the memorandum also envisions an increase in the supply of Soviet-made spare parts and heavy machinery used in the power industry.			X			FBIS (South Asia) 12 Nov 80; India News (Washington DC) 17 Nov 80; JPRS 76968 10 Dec 80
7 Nov 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Chinese VP Wan Li meets in Beijing with a delegation from Bangladesh led by Dr. Yusufzei that is studying people's commune management in China. Views are exchanged on strengthening agrotechnical cooperation, developing agricultural production, and improving people's living conditions.			X			FBIS (PRC) 12 Nov 80
8 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Liao Chengzhi, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee, meets in Beijing with a delegation from the Japan Institute on Sea Power led by Mr. Motoyoshi Hori.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Nov 80
8 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Second annual report of the privately run Japan Institute for Peace and Security Studies of Tokyo concludes that the Soviet Union's military buildup, especially the increasing capabilities of its naval force, has gone far beyond the needs of the defense of Moscow itself and aims at further expanding the Kremlin's influence in the rest of the world.				X		FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80
8 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. United News of India reports Pakistan has begun receiving from China the first shipment of three squadrons of FANTAN fighter aircraft and modified ground-to-air missiles. The arms deal, reportedly signed in Beijing in June, will upgrade Pakistan's air attack and ground defense capabilities. The fighter is considered an improvement over the MiG-19 which is now the backbone of the air force. In addition, the F-6 ground attack capability has been revamped and its armament upgraded by the Chinese. New Chinese SAM-2s are likely to be developed developed around Pakistani nuclear facilities and other strategic sites.				X		The Statesman (Calcutta) 8 Nov 80; The Guardian (London) 10 Nov 80; FBIS (South Asia) 13 Nov 80; Flight International (Geneva) 15 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
9 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Lee Kuan Yew, Prime Minister of the Republic of Singapore, arrives in Beijing for a 15-day friendship visit to China, his second China visit since 1976.		X				FBIS (PRC) 10 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that Yang Keng, Chinese Vice Minister of the First Ministry of Machine Building, proposed that China produce Japanese machinery under subcontract and that Japan import more Chinese machinery to help solve a chronic trade imbalance between the two countries.			X			FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki discloses that he does not regard the withdrawal of Russian troops from Afghanistan as an absolute prerequisite for lifting Japan's measures against the Soviet Union for its military invasion of that country.		X				FBIS (AP) 13 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) correspondent Wu Xuewen reports Japanese politicians, commentators, and correspondents are discussing the international environment surrounding Japan and the changes in Japan's defense concept in the wake of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and its constantly expanding military presence in the Far East. Japanese officials have conceded that the "potential Soviet threat" to Japan has been growing.		X		X		FBIS (PRC) 13 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet scientific and technological cooperation delegation headed by M. G. Kruglov, Vice Chairman of the USSR State Committee for Science and Technology, arrives in Pyongyang to attend the 13th meeting of the permanent Subcommittee for Scientific and Technological Cooperation of the Intergovernmental Economic and Scientific-Technical Consultative Committee of the DPRK and the USSR.	X					FBIS (AP) 14 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet fisheries delegation headed by A. N. Gulichenko, Vice Minister of fisheries, arrives in Pyongyang to attend the 11th meeting of the Korean-Soviet Joint Fishery Committee.	X					FBIS (AP) 14 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	DPRK/USSR. Delegation of the magazine Soviet Union (Moscow), headed by its Deputy Chief Editor, Izrail Ljadov, arrives in Pyongyang for an official visit.					X	FBIS (AP) 14 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Parliamentary delegation led by Boontheng Thongsawasdi, Speaker of the Thai House of Representatives, arrives in Beijing for a friendly visit to China at the invitation of the NPC Standing Committee.		X				FBIS (PRC) 12 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Deputy FM Arun Phanuphong, preparing for a visit to Moscow and other East European capitals, states he will sound out "how rigid or flexible" Moscow is in playing a constructive role toward seeking a political solution to the Kampuchean conflict.		X				FBIS (AP) 10 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sc1	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
10 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. Senior officers of the Press Trust of India arrive for talks in Beijing at the invitation of Xinhua (Beijing) news agency. During an interview with Peng Chong, Vice Chairman of the NPC Standing Committee, the journalists are told, "There is no reason why [China and India] should not develop friendly relations."		X			X	FBIS (PRC) 17 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. Spokesman for the Indian Air Force reveals that a substantial number of MiG interceptor-fighters which were manufactured domestically with basic materials imported from the Soviet Union are being grounded due to structural defects in the wing span and frame. The aircraft is being built under license by state-owned Hindustan Aeronautics.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 14 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. High-level Indian scientific delegation will hold talks with its Soviet counterparts in November to explore possibilities for cooperation in the field of nuclear engineering. Soviet scientists reportedly have shown a keen interest in Indian technology in the field of radioactive waste management.	X					FBIS (South Asia) 12 Nov 80
10 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. Soviet delegations begin arriving in India to celebrate the "month of friendship" being observed in anticipation of Brezhnev's state visit next month. The first delegations include a committee of youth organizations from the USSR and a delegation led by the Deputy Minister of Food Industries.		X				JPRS 77071 26 Dec 80
10 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. AFP reports from Beijing that Mohammed Yunus, Pakistan Ambassador to China, denied reports that a first delivery of Chinese F-9 fighter bombers had been made to his country. He also denied reports of the existence of a new agreement on Chinese arms deliveries between Pakistan and China. According to reports from London and New Delhi a secret agreement was signed in June during the visit to China of Air Marshal Anwar Samin, Pakistan's Air Force Chief of Staff.				X		FBIS (PRC) 12 Nov 80; Dawn Overseas Weekly (Karachi) 22 Nov 80
11 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Ambassador to Japan Polyanskiy states the Soviet Union will not object to the holding of meetings between top-level officials of his country and Japan. He thus indicates that the Soviet Union is ready to agree to the holding of a foreign ministers conference or a summit between PM Suzuki and President Brezhnev.		X				FBIS (AP) 12 Nov 80
11 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan Economic Journal (Tokyo) reports that major Japanese companies have resumed trade negotiations with the USSR in anticipation of the lifting of US trade sanctions against the USSR which are also followed by Japan. The sanctions are reported to have thus far cost Japanese industrial exporters \$4 to \$5 billion.			X			Japan Economic Review (Tokyo) 11 Nov 80; Wall Street Journal (New York) 14 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
11 Nov 80	JAPAN/SRV. Yuso Komine, Secretary General of the Kampuchea Rescue Center's delegation of Japan, in an interview with Xinhua (Beijing) in Bangkok, praises the high morale, the spirit of self-reliance, and the spirited outlook of the people and army in the Democratic Kampuchean Government control area. The delegation is convinced that Democratic Kampuchea will win wider support at home and abroad. The delegation, headed by Takeshige Torada, donated funds and materials valued at \$26,000 to Democratic Kampuchea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 14 Nov 80
11 Nov 80	DPRK/PRC. Li Xiannian, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, meets and later hosts a banquet for a KWP delegation in Beijing. Speaking at the banquet, Ji Pengfei, head of the International Liaison Department of the CCP Central Committee, reaffirms China's firm support of the Korean people in their struggle against foreign interference and for independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland.		X				FBIS (PRC) 12 Nov 80; FBIS (AP) 13 Nov 80
11 Nov 80	DPRK/PRC. Delegation of Chinese museum directors headed by Sun Tiejing, First Deputy Director of the State Administrative Bureau of Museums and Archeological Data, arrives in Pyongyang for an official visit.					X	FBIS (AP) 14 Nov 80
11 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Parliamentary delegation of the Thai House of Representatives is honored with a banquet in Beijing given by the NPC Standing Committee. The delegation also meets with Chairman Ye Jianying, Vice Chairman Deng Yingchao, and Liao Chengzhi of the NPC Standing Committee.		X				FBIS (PRC) 12 Nov 80
11 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Deng Xiaoping, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, meets in Beijing with visiting Singapore PM Lee Kuan Yew. They exchange views on international issues of mutual concern.		X				FBIS (PRC) 12 Nov 80
11 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Mutual deposit facility arrangement between China and the Philippines is signed in Manila by Chinese Ambassador Chen Xinren and G. V. Licaros, Governor of the Central Bank of the Philippines. Under the arrangement each party may request from the other a deposit placement in the total amount of \$20 million in order to promote closer economic and trade relations between the two countries. The facility will remain in operation for 5 years.			X			FBIS (AP) 12 Nov 80; FBIS (PRC) 13 Nov 80
11 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Royal Thai Army Wives Association delegation, led by Mrs. Khunying Varee Chitpatima, Acting Chairman of the association, arrives in Beijing for a visit to China at the invitation of the Chinese PLA Armywomen's Association.				X		FBIS (PRC) 14 Nov 80
11 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR/SRV. Thai Deputy FM Arun Panuphong leaves Bangkok for Moscow, leading a high-ranking delegation to explore prospects for a political solution to the Kampuchean problem.		X				FBIS (AP) 12 Nov 80; FBIS (PRC) 13 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
11 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. Ngari Prefecture, Xizang Province, China, is reported to have extensively promoted small-transaction border trade with India since the beginning of the second half of 1980 in an effort to implement the instructions of the Chinese central authorities and carry out policies to invigorate the economy.			X			FBIS (PRC) 17 Nov 80*
11 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Pakistan President Gen. Mohammad Zia-ul-Haq receives in Rawalpindi a Chinese Government goodwill delegation headed by Wang Dinglie, Chief of Staff of the Chinese PLA Air Force. The president expresses a wish for better and more pronounced Pakistan-China cooperation and states that Pakistan will make still greater efforts to promote the development of cooperation. On 3 November the delegation attended the opening ceremony of the trial-production of the Kamra aircraft rebuilding factory, built with Chinese help. The Chinese guests also called on Deputy Chief of Army Staff Sawar Khan and the Chiefs of Air and Naval Staff. A TASS (Moscow) article reports Wang Dinglie was accompanied on a tour of Afghan refugee camps by ADM Robert Long, Commander of the US Forces in the Pacific.				X		The Muslim (Islamabad) 4 Nov 80; FBIS (PRC) 12 Nov 80; FBIS (USSR) 14 Nov 80
12 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. PRC Chairman Hua Guofeng meets in Beijing with visiting Singapore PM Lee Kuan Yew and notes continuing development of relations between the two countries. He reiterates Beijing's consistent support for ASEAN.		X				FBIS (PRC) 13 Nov 80
12 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Singapore PM Lee Kuan Yew, on an official visit to Beijing says, after talks with Chinese leaders, that the PRC is willing to accept and support non-Communist anti-Vietnamese resistance forces although it considers the Khmer Rouge Vietnam's main opponent in Kampuchea. On bilateral matters, Lee does not see his visit as foreshadowing the opening of full diplomatic relations with China. The Prime Minister is on record as declaring that Singapore will be the last ASEAN state to recognize China. This official position is due principally to China's refusal to cease support of revolutionary Communist parties in Southeast Asia and matches Indonesia's determination not to proceed with any haste in the resumption of relations with Beijing. In the meantime, economic cooperation and trade are expected to continue undiminished between Singapore and China.		X	X			Times (London) 15 Nov 80; CSM 26 Nov 80
13 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Government sources say Japan has decided to ease economic sanctions taken against the Soviet Union for its military intervention in Afghanistan and will agree, in principle, to the extension of new suppliers credits to that country through the Export-Import Bank of Japan if the amount involved is less than \$100 million per case. At the same time it will continue to respect the agreements of the Coordinating Committee for Export Control and approve such loans on a case-by-case basis.			X			FBIS (AP) 15 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
13 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito states the Japanese Government is prepared to hold regular Japan-Soviet foreign ministers consultations, if proposed on the Soviet side.		X				FBIS (AP) 14 Nov 80
13 Nov 80	SRV/PRC. Nation (Bangkok) reports that Pol Pot, top military leader of the Khmer Rouge, has left his jungle base in western Kampuchea for a secret visit to Beijing.		X				FBIS (AP) 14 Nov 80
13 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Agreement stipulating that the National Electrification Administration of the Philippines will purchase \$30 million worth of minihydropower equipment and ancillary equipment and parts from China is signed in the Philippines. Another agreement is signed under which the Hangzhou power-generating equipment plant is to transfer the technology for manufacturing seven kinds of turbines to the Philippines.			X			FBIS (PRC) 13 Nov 80
13 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. V. S. Smirnov, Soviet Ambassador to Pakistan, indicates his government's willingness to provide funds and technical expertise in setting up textile, leather, and electronics industries in Pakistan on a joint cooperation basis. Ambassador Smirnov also reveals that 6,000 Soviet tractors have been supplied to Pakistan in 1980.			X			JPRS 76992 12 Dec 80
13&14 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Soviet-Thai consultations are held in Moscow by USSR Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs Nikolay Firyubin and Thai Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs Arun Phanuphong. Questions of mutual interest are discussed. Arun is also received by USSR Minister of Foreign Affairs Andrey Gromyko.		X				FBIS (PRC) 17 Nov 80; FBIS (USSR) 17 Nov 80
14 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese steel industry sources disclose that Japan's six largest steelmakers will send a joint mission to Beijing on 26 November for talks with the China National Metals and Minerals Import and Export Corp. on steel exports to China in the first half of 1981.			X			FBIS (AP) 17 Nov 80
14 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese PM Suzuki calls for financial assistance to support the sagging economy of the Nemuro area in northeastern Hokkaido, suffering from a tighter Soviet control on Japanese fishing in Soviet-controlled waters. His remarks are made amid growing disaffection among inhabitants of the region who are urging the government to make greater efforts to achieve the return of the four Soviet-held but Japanese-claimed islands located near the area.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 14 Nov 80
14 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. USSR and the PRK sign an agreement at the Ministry of National Education in Phnom Penh on the training of industrial technicians and skilled workers.			X			FBIS (AP) 17 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
14 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. Radio Democratic Kampuchea reports a Soviet "advisers convoy" traveling from Phnom Penh to Kompong Som along Highway 4 was ambushed in Sre Khlong by units of the Kampuchean national army and local guerrillas on 8 November. Two advisers were killed and 40 wounded.		X		X		NYT 14 Nov 80; FBIS (PRC) 17 Nov 80
14 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Singapore PM Lee Kuan Yew, on an official visit to China, states that his talks with Chinese leaders in Beijing provided a serious definition of China's position on the Vietnamese occupation of Kampuchea. He adds that he agrees with the Chinese view that the Vietnamese occupation would take several years to resolve and that no solution could be expected in the immediate future.		X				FBIS (AP) 17 Nov 80
14 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai FM Sitthi Sawetsila tells newsmen in Bangkok that ASEAN countries are working for an international conference on Kampuchea. He believes that China is an "important country which can play an important role . . . Thailand and China have adopted an identical policy on such major issues as the search for a peaceful solution to the Kampuchean problem [but] there may be some differences with regard to the means to attain the aim."		X				FBIS (PRC) 17 Nov 80
14 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo) dispatch from Bangkok reports that nearly 20 Soviet warships are cruising on Southeast Asian waters. The Gulf of Siam is now within the area of operation of Soviet fleets as shown by the presence of the aircraft carrier Minsk and three other warships. It is believed that the Soviet naval buildup in this region is a show of force in view of the Iraq-Iran war and the overall Middle East situation. This steady buildup has aroused the vigilance of ASEAN countries.				X		FBIS (PRC) 18 Nov 80
14 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. Peng Chong, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee, meets in Beijing with P. K. Roy, Chairman of the Board of Directors, and N. R. Chandran, General Manager of the Press Trust of India, in China at the invitation of the Xinhua News Agency (Beijing).					X	FBIS (PRC) 17 Nov 80
14 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. Youth wing of the opposition Janata Party announces in New Delhi that it will hold protest demonstrations during the official visit to India by Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev in December. Party officials declare that the demonstrations will be held to protest the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and the discourteous treatment of India's President Sanjiva Reddy during his recent Moscow trip.		X				FBIS (South Asia) 12 & 14 Nov 80
14&15 Nov 80	SRV/PRC. AFP reports from Beijing that Chinese authorities are withholding comment on a Bangkok press report that former leader Pol Pot is in Beijing attempting to persuade Chinese leaders to maintain their support for his ousted regime. On 15 November an official Chinese spokesman again refused to confirm or deny reports that Pol Pot is in China.		X				FBIS (PRC) 14 & 17 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
15 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Yosoji Kobayashi, President of the Nippon Television Network Corp., speaking at a meeting with Li Xiannian, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee in Beijing, proposes a joint study by Chinese and Japanese scholars of ways to simplify Chinese characters used by both peoples even though they speak different languages.					X	FBIS (PRC) 17 Nov 80
15 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC/SRV. Chinese Vice Chairman Li Xiannian, in an interview granted Yosoji Kobayashi, President of the Nihon Television Network, and his party in Beijing, says while China is not opposed to a political settlement on Kampuchea, it holds that the withdrawal of Vietnamese forces should be made a prerequisite and that the Pol Pot troops fighting the Vietnamese should be given support. He also agrees to support the idea of holding talks for cooperation between China and Japan on the question of creating a common kanji system.		X			X	FBIS (PRC) 26 Nov 80
15 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry source reports the Soviet economy is seriously deteriorating as a result of the Russian military intervention in Afghanistan. He states that Japan's position is "not necessarily weak" in its relations with the Soviet Union because of Russia's difficult position economically.			X			FBIS (AP) 17 Nov 80
15 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. JIJI Press (Tokyo) reports Japan is certain to lose another big plant export contract with the Soviet Union to a European maker because of its ban on new credit facilities for the Soviets. The Soviet Technashinport Corp. was initially considered likely to award a \$250 million contract for a polyester plant to Japan but is now considered likely to go with West Germany as a result of Tokyo's suspension of new export credits to the Soviet Union as part of measures imposed against Moscow for its military involvement in Afghanistan.			X			FBIS (AP) 17 Nov 80
15 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. Agreement is signed in Phnom Penh on Soviet aid to the PRK in the form of training of skilled personnel for the national economy. Young Kampuchean will be trained in the Soviet Union and a vocational training center will be set up in Phnom Penh with the assistance of Soviet specialists.			X			FBIS (USSR) 17 Nov 80
15 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. In an interview with a visiting Indian journalist, Chinese Deputy FM Han Nianlong assures India that China "would never provoke any incident along the border." Asked if China would consider leasing Aksai Chin from India on a long-term basis, Minister Han maintains the area "has always been Chinese territory. So how can the question of compensation arise?" The deputy foreign minister says China supports PM Gandhi's suggestion that the two countries improve bilateral relations in other areas before attempting to negotiate the thorny border dispute. He cites PM Gandhi's contacts with Chinese leaders in Belgrade and Salisbury in 1980 and recent visits to China by Indian journalists and artists as evidence that Sino-Indian relations are improving.		X				Times of India (Bombay) 20 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
16 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. SPK correspondent in Moscow reports the arrival in Moscow of a high-ranking Kampuchean delegation headed by President Heng Samrin on its way to pay official friendship visits to Czechoslovakia, Bulgaria, and Hungary.		X				FBIS (USSR) 19 Nov 80
16 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. The Hindu (Madras) reports the USSR has agreed to take urgent measures to complete from its own stocks its deliveries to India of crude and diesel oil. Under an agreement signed in June, the USSR was to deliver to India an extra 200,000 metric tons of crude oil and 500,000 metric tons of diesel oil in exchange for 500,000 tons of Indian rice. The Soviet oil was to be routed to Iraq which would then ship an equivalent quantity to India. The Gulf War between Iran and Iraq interrupted the flow of oil from these two countries and compelled the Soviet Union to make alternate arrangements so that its oil shipments to India would continue unimpeded.			X			The Hindu (Madras) 17 Nov 80
17 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan-Soviet Fishery Committee meets in Tokyo to evaluate fishery resources in the northwestern Pacific in preparation for negotiations to set each nation's catch quotas in the other's 200-mile economic zone.			X			FBIS (AP) 18 Nov 80
17 Nov 80	SRV/PRC. KNUFNS central organ, Kampuchea (Phnom Penh), condemns China for its "crimes" against Vietnam.		X				FBIS (AP) 18 Nov 80
17 Nov 80	DPRK/USSR. North Hamyong Provincial KWP Committee delegation headed by Kang Hui-won departs Chongjin for a visit to the USSR.		X				FBIS (AP) 20 Nov 80
17 Nov 80	DPRK/USSR. CPSU delegation headed by V. G. Arkhipov, Deputy Director of the Heavy Industrial Department of the CPSU Central Committee, arrives in Pyongyang for an official visit.		X				FBIS (AP) 20 Nov 80
17 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. First trade mission of the Federation of Malaysian Manufacturers ever to go overseas returns from a trip to China with \$5 million worth of orders for refined palm oil. The returning delegates report the Chinese also expressed interest in bleached and deodorized palm oil and related products plus raw rubber processing machinery and equipment, cigarette tipping materials, heavy duty truck tires, plywood, blockboard, and asphalt.			X			JPRS 77191 16 Jan 81
17 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Minister of Science, Technology and Energy, Dr. Anuwat Watthanaphongsiri departs Bangkok for an official 10-day visit to the Soviet Union, where he will inspect modern techniques in the development of basic weapons.	X			X		FBIS (AP) 18 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
18 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. TASS (Moscow) news analyst Aleksandr Stroganov notes the opening in Moscow of the second "round-table" conference of representatives of the Soviet and Japanese public. Taking part on the Soviet side are prominent scientists, heads of ministries, departments, and public organizations. A representative Japanese delegation includes heads of societies and associations of friendship with the Soviet Union, prominent political and public figures, representatives of the business world, deputies of parliament, and workers in science and culture. The conference will consider problems of insuring peace and security in Asia, and developing political, economic, cultural and scientific-technical links between the USSR and Japan.		X			
18 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Masahiro Nishibori, Japanese Ambassador to the UN, expresses regret to the UNGA that despite every effort for a peaceful solution to the Afghan issue, the Soviet Union has showed no sign of withdrawing its troops from Afghanistan. The ambassador explains that Japan has not changed its position of demanding an immediate, unconditional withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan.		X			
18 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Union orders 60,000 tons of steel angles from Japanese steel mills for shipment in January through March 1981. The amount is 5,000 to 10,000 tons larger than orders in recent quarters and the increase is regarded as reflecting Soviet fears that West European steel producers may be forced to cut their own shipments to the Soviet Union as a result of the European Common Market imposing production quotas on its member nations.			X		
18 Nov 80	DPRK/PRC. DPRK Academy of Sciences delegation headed by Choe Hwa-chun departs Pyongyang for a visit to China.	X				
18 Nov 80	DPRK/USSR. DPRK Foreign Ministry delegation headed by Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs Yi Chong-mok leaves Pyongyang for a visit to the Soviet Union and Romania.		X			
18 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai FM Sitthi states that talks between Thai Deputy FM Arun and Soviet FM Gromyko in Moscow were "frank and useful," although both countries continue to hold divergent views on the Kampuchean issue. He notes that Gromyko, who usually refuses to meet with visitors of a deputy ministerial rank, met with Deputy FM Arun twice.		X			
18 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Pakistan FM Agha Shahi at a UNGA session calls for the immediate, total withdrawal of foreign troops from Afghanistan and for a peaceful and political solution to the crisis in that country. He states that the turmoil in the country is not a bilateral matter between Afghanistan and its neighbors but concerns "the nonuse of force, nonintervention, and noninterference, all of which have been violated in the case of a nonaligned Islamic state--Afghanistan."		X			

FBIS (AP) 18 Nov 80;
FBIS (USSR) 19 Nov 80

FBIS (AP) 19 Nov 80

FBIS (AP) 18 Nov 80

FBIS (AP) 20 Nov 80

FBIS (AP) 20 Nov 80

FBIS (AP) 19 Nov 80

FBIS (South Asia)
21 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
19 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. New York Times report states that strains in Japanese-USSR relations are continuing despite talk of a bilateral Moscow conference. The USSR charges Japan with deliberately raising barriers to good relations via a Japanese military-industrial complex supporting militarist policies while Japan claims the USSR is deliberately attempting to separate Japan from its Western allies.		X				NYT 19 Nov 80
19 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. AFP (Hong Kong) reports that Philippine garment manufacturers have contracted with China for the purchase of high quality textile materials which are expected to boost the competitiveness of the Philippines' garment exports.			X			FBIS (AP) 28 Nov 80
19 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. Brajesh Mishra, Indian Ambassador to the UN, explains India's controversial position on the Soviet occupation of neighboring Afghanistan. India, he points out, has consistently urged restraint by all parties in attempting to negotiate the dispute peacefully. Mishra voices India's fear of the region turning into a hotbed of super-power rivalries when he states, "Suspicious generated by the harboring and encouragement of dissident elements and the consequent buildup of tensions could only heighten the risk of great power confrontation closer on our doorsteps." Unwilling to endorse the Soviet occupation and equally unwilling to jeopardize its close links with Moscow, India abstains on the motion to condemn the Soviets, raised by the Islamic Conference.		X				Dawn Overseas Weekly (Karachi) 29 Nov 80
19 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. To publicize Moscow's firm commitment to India prior to President Brezhnev's state visit to New Delhi in December, Izvestiya (Moscow) issues a stinging denunciation of Washington's and Beijing's policies in the subcontinent. The paper contends that Chinese operatives have established bases against India in the Chittagong Hills and that Washington is arming Pakistan with weapons to be trained on India. Furthermore, China is sending massive arms aid to Afghan "bandits" through the Karakoram "road of aggression" and threatening Indian Kashmir. The article concludes that this "international freebooting" on the part of the United States and China "is flagrantly at variance with the developing countries' interests."		X				FBIS (USSR) 26 Nov 80
19 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. TASS (Moscow) intensifies its criticism of Pakistan, reporting that 1,600 "criminal elements" drawn from "so-called" Afghan refugees were arrested in the past month. TASS claims Peshawar suffers a high crime rate and "all-out moral degradation" caused by "smugglers, opium traffickers, and keepers of gambling houses."		X				FBIS (USSR) 20 Nov 80
20 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. London Times reports that Soviet Merchant Marine Minister Timofei Guzenko, in an address to the USSR-Japan Friendship Society in Moscow, accused Japan of joining the United States and China to destroy detente and accused the Japanese Government of blocking contacts between USSR and Japanese businessmen.		X				Times (London) 20 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
20 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet trade delegation headed by V.M. Ivanov, Soviet Deputy Foreign Trade Minister, arrives in Tokyo for talks with the governmental Export-Import Bank of Japan. The official is expected to negotiate with the bank on terms of loans for the third Far Eastern forest development program and the southern Yakutsk coalfield development project. He is also likely to seek a new credit to help finance the West Siberia-Europe natural gas pipeline project.			X			FBIS (AP) 21 Nov 80
20 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Joji Ohura, Director General of Japan's Defense Agency, reports the Soviet military buildup on the Russian-held islands off Hokkaido poses an increasing potential threat to Japan.				X		FBIS (AP) 20 Nov 80
20 Nov 80	DPRK/USSR. A. A. Gromyko, member of the CPSU Central Committee Politburo and USSR Foreign Minister, receives Yi Chong-mok, member of the KWP Central Committee and DPRK Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs. Bilateral relations are discussed.		X				FBIS (USSR) 28 Nov 80
20 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. In an interview with an Indian journalist, Chinese Deputy FM Han Nianlong describes as "absurd" recent Soviet charges that China was encouraging the unification of Indian-held Jammu and Kashmir and Pakistani-held Azad Kashmir into a people's republic. Han stresses the Chinese are anxious to put relations with India back on a cordial note.		X				Times of India (Bombay) 21 Nov 80
20 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. PM Gandhi announces that India has selected the Soviet-built An-32 as the medium-haul transport aircraft for the Indian Air Force. The Soviet aircraft is expected to be produced in India by Hindustan Aircraft Ltd. under a licensed coproduction arrangement and will replace the aging fleet of Packet and Dakota transports. Mrs. Gandhi declines to state precisely how many aircraft the USSR will provide to India.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 21 Nov 80; The Hindu (Madras) 21 Nov 80; Times of India (Bombay) 21 Nov 80
20 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Within hours after the passage of the UN resolution calling for the withdrawal of foreign troops from Afghanistan, Pakistan FM Agha Shahi, the chief architect of the resolution, meets with his Soviet counterpart, Andrei Gromyko. Under questioning by reporters after the meeting, Mr. Shahi signals Pakistan's readiness to compromise its hardline stance against the Soviets. He suggests Islamabad might be willing to consider conditional or partial Soviet troop withdrawal as the basis for recognizing the legitimacy of the Karmal regime in Kabul.		X				FEER (Hong Kong) 4 Dec 80
21 Nov 80	Japanese Government decides to have FM Ito and five other Cabinet members participate in the first Sino-Japanese ministerial meeting, to be held in Beijing for 3 days beginning 3 December. The five others are identified as Finance Minister Michio Watanabe, International Trade and Industry Minister Rokusuke Tanaka, Economic Planning Agency Director General Toshio Komoto, Transport Minister Masajuro Shiokawa, and Minister of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries Takao Kameoka.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
21 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Wall Street Journal reports China's abrupt decision to terminate several contracts with Japanese companies has discouraged Japanese business executives from investing in China.			X			Wall Street Journal 21 Nov 80
21 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese Vice Premier Gu Mu meets in Beijing with a delegation from the Group of Japan, led by Mr. Minoru Segawa, adviser of the Nomura Securities Corp. of Japan, to discuss economic cooperation.			X			FBIS (PRC) 24 Nov 80
21 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan's lower house Special Committee on Okinawa and the Northern Territories unanimously adopts a resolution calling for the return of the four Soviet-held Japanese islands east of Hokkaido.		X				FBIS (AP) 26 Nov 80
21 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) reports from Tokyo that the Moscow communique on the Japanese-Soviet round table conference has drawn little public attention in Tokyo, but the Soviet proposal for improvement of Soviet-Japanese relations in three stages has been severely criticized by commentators. Areas of firm disagreement are the Afghanistan crisis and Japan's northern territories. The three stages of the Soviet proposal are (1) both sides should see that the political confrontation between the two countries should not affect the economic, cultural, and sports domains; (2) based on "trustful relations" both sides should discuss and conclude a Japanese-Soviet treaty of good neighborliness and cooperation or any treaty the Japanese side may propose; (3) the two sides should conclude a Japanese-Soviet peace treaty.		X				FBIS (PRC) 24 Nov 80
21 Nov 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio commentary entitled "We Sternly Condemn Beijing's Provocative and Land-Grabbing Acts," accuses the Chinese Government of committing crimes against the Vietnamese people by their armed incursions across the Vietnam-China border.		X				FBIS (AP) 26 Nov 80
21 Nov 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnamese Foreign Ministry sends a note to the Chinese Foreign Ministry protesting recent Chinese incursions along the Vietnamese border.		X				FBIS (AP) 21 Nov 80
21 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet technicians arrive in Phnom Penh for a friendship visit to the PRK.		X				FBIS (AP) 25 Nov 80
21 Nov 80	DPRK/PRC. Deng Yingchao, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee, meets in Beijing with Chon Myong-su, DPRK Ambassador to China. Deng tells him that China will ever support the cause of the peaceful reunification of Korea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 24 Nov 80
21 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. India and the Soviet Union sign a protocol for the exchange of solar energy expertise. The agreement calls for cooperation in the development of solar collectors and the use of selective coatings, solar thermoelectric generators, and experimental powerpacks based on the Stirling engine.	X					FBIS (South Asia) 26 Nov 80; SWB 3 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
21-22 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs says questions related to the continental shelf of the East China Sea and its joint development were discussed by experts of the Chinese and Japanese Governments in Beijing. Present at the meeting were Yoshiya Kato, Minister of the Japanese Embassy in Beijing and head of the Japanese delegation attending the talks; Chuse Yamada, Deputy Director General of the Treaty Bureau of the Japanese Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Xiao Xiangqian, head of the Chinese delegation to the talks and Deputy Director of the First Department of Asian Affairs of the Foreign Ministry; and Shen Weiling deputy head of the delegation and Deputy Director of the Department of Treaties and Law of the Foreign Ministry.		X	X			FBIS (PRC) 2 Dec 80
22 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports China took a positive position toward Japan-China joint development of the continental shelf in the East China Sea during a 2-day working level meeting ending 20 November. Yoshiya Kato, Japanese minister to China, tells reporters after the talks that China said it will go ahead with the project if Japan is willing. Chinese remarks are believed to signal China's intention to promote the project while shelving the territorial dispute over the Senkaku Islands and other pending bilateral issues. Both countries agreed to study possible cooperation in the project in deference to each other's position, but failed to agree on how to divide the shelf between them.			X			FBIS (PRC) 24 Nov 80
22 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. CPSU announces it will send a six-man delegation to Japan for a meeting with officials of the JCP to be held in Tokyo in early December. It will be the first official meeting between the two Communist parties since JCP Chairman Kenji Miyamoto held talks with Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev in Moscow in December 1979, only weeks before the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan.	X					FBIS (AP) 24 Nov 80
22 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan-Soviet Union Fishery Committee closes its third regular session. Each side continues to differ in its assessment of fishery resources in the northwestern Pacific.			X			FBIS (AP) 25 Nov 80
22 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. Working program for cooperation by India and the USSR in food processing and canning is signed in New Delhi. The program envisages Soviet assistance in setting up a pilot unit in India for canning processed fruits and vegetables and for extracting essential oils. In exchange, the Soviets agree to purchase the processed food from India.			X			FBIS (South Asia) 26 Nov 80; SWB 3 Dec 80
22 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. President Zia-ul-Haq declares at a civic reception in Quetta that Pakistan is maintaining its contact with the USSR and is trying to find a political solution to the Afghan problem in accordance with the resolution of the 11th conference of the Islamic foreign ministers.	X					FBIS (South Asia) 26 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
23 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Chief of the International Information Department of the CPSU Central Committee Zamyatin tells a group of Japanese reporters attending a Japanese-Soviet roundtable conference in Moscow that Japan's claim to the northern territories is "an unwarranted demand which has no legal grounds." According to Zamyatin, a realistic relationship between Japan and the Soviet Union is impossible as long as Japan continues to claim the northern islands.		X			FBIS (AP) 3 Dec 80
23 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. Soviet-Indian trade agreement is signed in Delhi. India in 1981 will send goods made of bronze, elephant tusks, wood, stone, and other products to the USSR. New agreement is concluded between the Soviet foreign trade association Novoekeport and local firms under the aegis of the Export Corporation of Goods of the National Industry of India. Export of National Industry of India Goods to the USSR has almost doubled in the past year.			X		FBIS (USSR) 2 Dec 80; SWB 3 Dec 80
24 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Singapore FM Dhanabalan, on returning from a trip to China with PM Lee Kuan Yew, tells newsmen, "We know a little better now why they (the Chinese) feel they cannot cut off the support for the Communist parties in Southeast Asia." He adds, "My impression is that they are probably going through a process of rethinking on this subject." Singapore PM Lee said he did not expect China to disavow Southeast Asian Communist parties but he gained the impression that China wanted to suspend or discontinue active involvement with them.		X			FBIS (AP) 25 & 26 Nov 80
24 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. The Hindu (Madras) reveals that Burmese President Ne Win told PM Gandhi during recent talks in New Delhi that Chinese leaders are anxious to improve relations with India despite persisting differences over border issues. Ne Win reportedly was given this information when he paid a visit to Beijing recently.		X			The Hindu (Madras) 24 Nov 80
24 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. Team of Soviet experts arrives in Tripura to undertake drilling operations in cooperation with the Indian Oil and Natural Gas Corp. at Rokhia.	X				Eastern Economist (Delhi) 28 Nov 80
24 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/PRC/USSR. Government sources in Islamabad deny Soviet allegations that Chinese nuclear missiles and army units are stationed on Pakistani soil. In an oblique reference to Afghanistan, the press release chides the Soviets by reminding them that Pakistan is "fully opposed to the presence of any foreign troops or bases of any kind on the territory of another country."				X	FBIS (South Asia) 26 Nov 80; FBIS (PRC) 26 Nov 80; Dawn Overseas Weekly (Karachi) 29 Nov 80
24 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Diplomatic observers in Islamabad rule out the possibility of direct contact between Pakistan and the Karmal regime because of the strong international backing of Pakistan's position at the UN. The same observers, however, note that contacts between Islamabad and Moscow have been increasing for several weeks in an effort to negotiate a political settlement of the Afghan impasse.		X			The Muslim (Islamabad) 25 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
24 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. TASS (Moscow) News Agency launches a defamatory rhetorical attack against Pakistan charging, against a backdrop of Chinese naval and air force delegation visits to Islamabad, that the Pakistan Government is undertaking "war preparations" aimed against both Afghanistan and other unspecified neighboring countries. The TASS article accuses Pakistan of increased military cooperation with China and alleges that Chinese military equipment for the Afghan rebels is being brought into Pakistan via the Karakorum Highway. TASS also alleges that China is providing weapons to the Pakistani Army "whose units quite often coordinate the operations of counterrevolutionary detachments" of insurgents in Afghanistan. The Soviet news agency denounces "Chinese-Pakistani subversive actions against India" and charges that they are related to "the coordination of US Chinese efforts" in their escalation of war preparations in the Indian Ocean.		X		X	FBIS (USSR) 25 Nov 80
25 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. China International Trust and Investment Corp., Beijing Machinery and Equipment Co., and the Orient Leasing Company Ltd. of Japan sign an agreement in Beijing to set up China's first leasing company since the founding of the PRC. Wei Bo of China International Trust, Xie Lin of Beijing Machinery, and Sachio Hata of Orient sign the agreements. The leasing company will be known as the China Orient Leasing Company Ltd. and will engage in leasing, releasing, rental of machinery, equipment and transport facilities, among others, and sales of leased assets. The new company has assets of \$3 million and the agreement runs for 20 years during which time all partners will share profits and losses in proportion to their investments.			X		FBIS (AP) 26 Nov 80; FBIS (PRC) 26 Nov 80
25 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Daiwa Bank of Japan announces it will sign business tie-up agreements with China International Trust and Investment Corp., the Economic Construction Corp. of Beijing, and the Tianjin Branch of Bank of China in December. The agreements will call for an exchange of information of business customers. Daiwa Bank will also help the Chinese corporations raise funds for their operations and promote personnel exchange.			X		FBIS (AP) 26 Nov 80
25 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Nippon Steel Corp. of Japan announces that China has decided to postpone the second phase of construction work at the Baoshan steelworks in Shanghai and has given no indication of when work will be resumed. Asahi Shimbun (Tokyo) states that the Baoshan steel mill is the central project in Japan-China economic cooperation and the Chinese postponement is a great blow to the Japanese side.			X		FBIS (AP) 25 Nov & 3 Dec 80
25 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Murata Mfg. Co. of Osaka, Japan, announces that it has concluded a contract with the No. 3 Beijing wireless equipment factory for production of ceramic condensers for audio equipment and television receivers. Under the contract, the Chinese factory will produce 30 million ceramic condensers a month for delivery to Murata's subsidiary in Hong Kong for 3 years beginning in June 1981.			X		FBIS (AP) 2 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
25 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan and the Soviet Union open negotiations in Tokyo to set fishery quotas for 1981 inside each other's 200-mile zone. The negotiations relate to the length of extension and terms of provisional agreements due to expire at the end of 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 25 Nov 80
25 Nov 80	DPRK/PRC. Journalist delegation of the Korean People's Army headed by LTG Yun Chi-ho departs Pyongyang for a visit to China.		X				FBIS (AP) 26 Nov 80
25 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Yuriy I. Kuznetsov, Soviet Ambassador to Thailand, calls on Thai Deputy Premier Pramant to reaffirm his government's invitation to Thai ministers to visit the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 28 Nov 80
25 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/PRC/USSR. ADM Karamat Rahman Niazi, Pakistan Chief of Naval Staff, speaking at a dinner honoring a visiting Chinese delegation headed by Liu Dao-sheng, First Deputy Commander of the PLA Navy, says the visit of the delegation will strengthen ties of neighborliness, friendship, and mutual trust and cooperation between the two countries. During their stay, Niazi says, he hopes to show them something of Pakistan and its navy, industrial installation, and an Afghan refugee camp. Soviet press reports interpret the visit as proof that the PRC is arming Pakistan to undo the Afghan revolution and undermine Indian control of Jammu and Kashmir.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 4 Dec 80; FBIS (USSR) 25 Nov 80; FBIS (PRC) 26 Nov 80
25 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. Pakistan FM Shahi discusses with UN Secretary General Waldheim the appointment of a special negotiator as envisioned in the UN mandate calling for the withdrawal of foreign troops from Afghanistan. Although the Soviets have steadfastly refused to yield in their proposals of 14 May, Minister Shahi believes the Soviets do have incentives to bargain. He informs Secretary Waldheim that Pakistan is anxious to explore possibilities for a political settlement with Moscow.		X				The Muslim (Islamabad) 27 Nov 80
26 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. JIJI Press (Tokyo) reports China is expected to request another \$1 billion in credit from the Export-Import Bank of Japan for eight new coal development and export projects at the first Japan-China ministerial conference in Beijing, 3-5 December.			X			FBIS (AP) 5 Dec 80
26 Nov 80	DPRK/PRC. Han Ying, First Secretary of the Chinese Communist Youth League Central Committee, honors a delegation of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, led by Nam Chae-hwan, Vice Chairman of the League's Central Committee, with a banquet in Beijing.		X				FBIS (PRC) 28 Nov 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
26 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. Indian PM Gandhi, responding to questions in the Lok Sabha, says China has admitted violations of Indian air space and has promised to take steps to prevent any recurrence. According to Mrs. Gandhi and External Affairs Minister Narasimha Rao, the Chinese have also advised India of their intent to carry out aerial surveys on their side of the Sino-Indian border and have given assurances that their aircraft will not violate Indian airspace while conducting such surveys.		X		X		FBIS (South Asia) 3 Dec 80
26 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Pakistan President Mohammad Zia-ul-Haq receives in Rawalpindi Liu Daozheng, First Deputy Commander of the Chinese PLA Navy visiting Pakistan as the head of a PLA naval delegation. Haq expresses certainty that the friendly cooperation between the governments and armies of the two countries will continue to advance.				X		FBIS (PRC) 28 Nov 80
26 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. New York Times reports that eight Pakistanis, including a former diplomat and a civil servant, are held by Pakistani authorities for allegedly passing state secrets to the USSR.		X				NYT 26 Nov 80
27 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese steel mill sources say Japan's major electric furnace steel-makers and specialty steel mills have contracted to import about 300,000 metric tons of pig iron from China at a price of \$150 per metric ton.			X			FBIS (AP) 3 Dec 80
27 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese-Soviet talks on government-to-government loans for the economic cooperation projects--the South Yakut coal development and the third Far East forest resources development project--end in Tokyo without having reached agreement.			X			FBIS (AP) 3 Dec 80
27 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan and the Soviet Union reach de facto agreement on their total 1981 catch quotas inside each other's 200-mile zones. Agreement is reached with unusual rapidity as both delegations seek the same total haul quotas for 1981 as for 1980.			X			FBIS (AP) 1 Dec 80
27 Nov 80	SRV/PRC. Quan Doi Nhan Dan (Hanoi) in an article entitled "Beijing's Special Units in Border Areas," report the Chinese authorities have organized special units purportedly to protect crops in the border areas of Yunnan and Guangxi Provinces but which are in fact special commando units charged with carrying out territorial encroachments.				X		FBIS (AP) 28 Nov 80
27 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. Delegation of the Association of Volunteers for Assistance to Soviet Infantry, Air, and Naval Forces, led by MG A. L. Mavyev, member of the Association's Presidium, arrives in Vietnam for a friendship visit at the invitation of the Ministry of National Defense.				X		FBIS (AP) 2 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
27 Nov 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet book exhibition opens in Pyongyang under the sponsorship of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and the central library.					X	FBIS (AP) 1 Dec 80
27 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Deputy PM Bunchu Rochanasathian instructs the Commerce Ministry to announce that the government does not intend to export raw sugar to the Soviet Union. His instruction follows a report that the ministry had given permission to the private sector to export 11,569 tons of raw sugar to Russia despite the scarcity of sugar in local markets.			X			FBIS (AP) 1 Dec 80
27 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. PM Gandhi confirms before the Rajya Sabha that India has indicated its willingness to accept the Soviet Union's offer to prepare Indian nationals for space flights.	X					FBIS (South Asia) 3 Dec 80; <u>India News</u> (Washington) 8 Dec 80
28 Nov 80	JAPAN/USSR. The two houses of the Japanese Diet unanimously approve their respective resolutions calling for the Soviet Union to return to Japan the northern islands seized at the end of World War II.		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Dec 80
28 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. USSR party and government delegation headed by K. F. Katushev, President of the Soviet-Lao Committee for Economic, Technical, and Scientific Cooperation, arrives in Vientiane to attend the celebration of the fifth founding anniversary of the LPDR on 2 December.		X				FBIS (AP) 1 Dec 80; FBIS (USSR) 1 Dec 80
28 Nov 80	DPRK/PRC. Peng Chong, member of the CCP Central Committee Politburo, meets with a delegation of the DPRK League of Socialist Working Youth headed by Nam Chae-hwan, Vice Chairman of the league's Central Committee.		X				FBIS (PRC) 2 Dec 80
28 Nov 80	DPRK/PRC. DPRK Academy of Sciences delegation visits the Chinese University of Science and Technology and the Hefei branch of the Chinese Academy of Sciences to promote scientific and technological cooperation between the PRC and the DPRK.	X		X			FBIS (PRC) 19 Dec 80
28 Nov 80	ASEAN/PRC. Indonesian Observer (Jakarta) reports that Indonesian FM Mochtar is doubtful that China intends to cut links with Communist parties in Southeast Asia.		X				FBIS (AP) 28 Nov 80
28 Nov 80	Pranab Mukherjee, Indian Minister of Commerce, reveals China has signed contracts with nine Indian exporters for the purchase of over 800,000 tons of Virginia tobacco for the fiscal year 1980.			X			<u>SWB</u> 10 Dec 80
29 Nov 80	JAPAN/PRC. China tells Japan that it is ready to explore jointly with Japan copper reserves in Anqing, Anhui Province. Copper ore deposits at the mine are estimated at 18 million tons.			X			FBIS (AP) 2 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
29 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. Lao Ministry of Communications, Public Works, and Transport holds a ceremony to award medals to Soviet engineers who have contributed to the construction of a petroleum reservoir and garage in Dong Chong, Laos.		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Dec 80
29 Nov 80	SRV/USSR. London Times reports that Soviet tourists from Siberia are flocking to the beaches of Vietnam but are receiving a poor reception from local Vietnamese who call them "dollarless Americans."				X		Times (London) 29 Nov 80
29 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Bangkok Post reports the Soviet Union has offered to assist in the development of the Pha Mong Dam, a huge dam planned for the Mekong River that would have a power generating capacity of 4,800 MW; act as a control of flooding in Northeastern Thailand, Laos, Kampuchea and Vietnam; and provide dry-season water to irrigate large tracts of land in the four countries.			X			FBIS (AP) 1 Dec 80
29 Nov 80	INDIA/PRC. In an apparent attempt to reap political benefits from the ongoing agitation of militant farmers, the CPI(M) further modifies its radical program and announces it will champion the cause of middle farmers in their bid to receive higher prices for their crops. Admitting that identification with Naxalite violence had caused the property-owning classes to stop supporting the CPI(M) in the past, a Party spokesman in Calcutta maintains there are no ideological problems in expanding the Party's rural base beyond landless laborers. The spokesman denies charges that the Party's latest permutation amounts to a "pro-kulak" stance.		X				The Statesman (Calcutta) 30 Nov 80
29 Nov 80	INDIA/USSR. Soviet medical scientist delegation arrives in New Delhi on a 10-day visit. The scientists will discuss future Indo-Soviet cooperation in the fields of reproductive biology, virology, genetics, and neurophysiology.	X					FBIS (South Asia) 3 Dec 80; India News (Washington DC) 8 Dec 80
30 Nov 80	ROK/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) article entitled "The Chou Tu-hwan Clique Is Speeding up the Construction of a Fascist Dictatorial System" criticizes Chon Tu-hwan's usurpation of the presidency in South Korea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 2 Dec 80
30 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai FM Sitthi states the Soviet Union is not a threat to Thai security despite its support to Vietnam.		X				FBIS (AP) 1 Dec 80
30 Nov 80	ASEAN/USSR. Prasong Sunsiiri, Thai National Security Council Chief, returns from a 2-week visit to the Soviet Union and East European countries and says their leaders assured him of their readiness to help reduce tension in Southeast Asia.		X				FBIS (AP) 1 Dec 80
30 Nov 80	PAKISTAN/PRC/USSR. Moscow media labels a visit by a Chinese military delegation, including the Acting Chief of the PRC Navy, to Peshawar and nearby Pakistani border areas as "an outright incitement" of Pakistan by China "to carry out further interference in the internal affairs of Afghanistan."				X		FBIS (USSR) 1 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category				Source	
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
30 Nov 80	<p>PAKISTAN/USSR. Indian journalist interviews members of a London-based separatist organization calling for the creation of an independent Baluchistan straddling the borders of Pakistan, Afghanistan, and Iran. The Baluchistan People's Liberation Front (BPLF) claims the support of 60,000 Baluch tribesmen and a trained force of 15,000 to 20,000 guerrilla fighters. The BPLF, headed by Mir Hazar Khan, is avowedly Marxist and is openly courting the Soviet Union. Besides a broad base of popular support, the BPLF claims the support of the more moderate Baluchistan National Party headed by Ghous Bakhsh Bizenjo and the radical Baluchistan Students Organization. The organization has recently made overtures to various Western governments as well as to Libya. Leaders stress they are not receiving support from India but India will not come to President Zia's aid when the tribes rise in revolt. The Kabul regime, they claim, is firmly committed to an independent Baluchistan and is training Baluch tribesmen in guerrilla warfare. BPLF leaders are confident the Soviets will assist in carving out the new state from the already destabilized areas in Iran and Pakistan.</p>	X			X		India (New Delhi) 3, 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	
1 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. PRC Government sends a message of greetings to the LPDR Government, on the occasion of the fifth anniversary of the LPDR founding.		X			FBIS (PRC) 2 Dec 80
1 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kenzo Yoshida, Japanese Ambassador to Beijing, in Tokyo for a meeting of ambassadors to East Asia and Oceania, predicts that economic adjustments in China will be prolonged and not concluded by 1981 as scheduled. Thus new projects involving Japanese cooperation are unlikely for the time being.			X		FBIS (AP) 3 Dec 80
1 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Laos and the Soviet Union sign an agreement and protocol on economic, scientific, and technical cooperation, trade exchanges, and financial settlement for 1981-85. On the same occasion, the Lao Industry and Trade Ministry and the Soviet International Trade Ministry sign a protocol on cooperation between the two countries.	X		X		FBIS (AP) 2 Dec 80; FBIS (USSR) 2 Dec 80
1 Dec 80	DPRK/PRC. Scientific cooperation plan for 1981-82 involving the Chinese Academy of Sciences and the DPRK Academy of Sciences is signed in Beijing by Yan Jixi, Vice President of the Chinese Academy, and Choe Hwa-chun, Vice President of the Korean Academy.	X				FBIS (PRC) 2 Dec 80; FBIS (AP) 4 Dec 80
1 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Nation Review (Bangkok) reports that China has further opened up its territorial waters for Thai fishing trawlers. A new fleet of 20 Thai fishing boats will be operating there under a new agreement with a Thai company.			X		FBIS (AP) 1 Dec 80
1 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Protocol, geared toward implementing the 1978 agreement on scientific and technical cooperation between China and the Philippines, is signed in Manila. It provides for the exchange in 1981 of study groups and in-service trainees in various science and technology fields, including industry, agriculture, fisheries, and medicine, as well as technical information and data on topics of mutual interest. Also covered are exchanges of seeds, seedlings, specimens and similar materials for scientific experiments. The protocol is signed by Jose D. Ingles, Foreign Minister of the Philippines, and Cheng Fei, Chinese Vice Minister for Economic Relations with Foreign Countries, on behalf of their respective governments.	X		X		FBIS (PRC) 3 Dec 80; FBIS (AP) 10 Dec 80
1 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese Vice Premier Ji Pengfei holds a cordial talk in Beijing with a Thai public health delegation led by Thongytd Chittawira, Thai Minister of Public Health.	X				FBIS (PRC) 2 Dec 80
2 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese Vice Premier Bo Yibo meets in Beijing with a visiting Japanese electronic industry delegation led by Mr. Sadakazu Shindo, President of the Electronic Industries Association of Japan.	X		X		FBIS (PRC) 3 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
2 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. JIJI Press (Tokyo) reports that Japanese steelmakers have started negotiations with the Soviet Union to export large-caliber steel pipes. The Japanese Government has decided to approve new credits from the Export-Import Bank of Japan for the Soviet purchases.			X			FBIS (AP) 4 Dec 80
2 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Han Nianlong, Chinese Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs, attends a reception honoring the fifth anniversary of the LPDR given in Beijing by Vang Rattanavong, Charge d'affaires of the LPDR.		X				FBIS (PRC) 3 Dec 80
2 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Guangming Ribao (Beijing) article by Chen Tiqiang and Zhang Hongzeng entitled "Questions on the Demarcation of the Boundary Line in Beibu Wan . . ." attempts, on the basis of historical grounds and international law, to refute Vietnam's claim that the Sino-Vietnamese sea boundary across Beibu Wan (Tonkin Gulf) was set at longitude 108°03'13" during the Sino-French special treaty on boundary discussions of 26 June 1887. The article recommends the two sides negotiate the delineation of the marine regions for the "rights and benefits of both countries on the basis of equality and in accordance with the new trend of the law of the sea."		X				FBIS (PRC) 3 Dec 80 & 5 Jan 81
2 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet Ministry of Transport Construction delegation led by Vice Minister V. M. Kozlov arrives in Hanoi at the invitation of the Vietnamese Ministry of Communications and Transport.		X				FBIS (AP) 4 Dec 80
2 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet President Brezhnev and N. Tikhonov send national day greetings to Kaysone Phomviharn, Prime Minister of the LPDR, and LPDR President Souphanouvong.		X				FBIS (USSR) 11 Dec 80
2 Dec 80	ASEAN/USSR. Nation Review (Bangkok) looks at Soviet policy toward Thailand and agrees with Thai FM Sidthi that it is not a threat. The USSR does not have any designs on Thailand although it is conceivable that as a part of Russian global strategy, "Moscow might decide to unleash her proxy, Vietnam, on Thailand, underwriting her military needs."		X				FBIS (AP) 2 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
2 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. PM Indira Gandhi, addressing Soviet journalists on the forthcoming trip to India of Soviet leader Brezhnev says the President of the USSR will be welcomed very warmly and that "at this juncture of this changing world, it is very important to exchange views. Leonid Brezhnev's visit will give us an opportunity of knowing better the Soviet stand on many matters. The Soviet leader will be able to see what we are trying to do, what are our difficulties, and what we have been able to achieve." Gandhi stresses that "friendship between the Soviet Union and India is one of the important factors for world peace. The friendship has been based on principles and also on the fact that the Soviet Union has helped us in moments of need--economically and morally." Gandhi conceded that some differences in viewpoint exist between India and the USSR on various world issues, but that both sides are eager to continue to strengthen their friendship.		X				FBIS (USSR) 3 Dec 80
3 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Kenzo Yoshida, Japanese Ambassador to China, reports on the situation in China to several of his colleagues assembled in Tokyo for a 3-day meeting of Japanese Ambassadors to the Asia-Pacific region. Yoshida states that Deng Xiaoping's course of action is taking root in China and as long as his modernization program remains on a realistic course, Japan should continue to cooperate.		X		X		FBIS (AP) 3 Dec 80
3 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Minister of Foreign Affairs Masayoshi Ito, Minister of Finance Michio Watanabe, Minister of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries Takao Kameoka, Minister of International Trade and Industry Rokusuke Tanaka, Minister of Transport Masajuro Shikawa, Director General of the Economic Planning Agency Toshio Komoto, and 53 other officials of Japan's ministries and agencies arrive in Beijing for the opening session of the first ministerial conference involving members of China's State Council and Japan's Cabinet. The 13 Chinese delegates include Vice Premiers Gu Mu, Yao Yilin, and Huang Hua.		X				FBIS (PRC) 3 Dec 80
3 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that a panel of US and Japanese foreign policy experts proposed that Japan offer major noncombatant contributions for a force in the Middle East to be set up by the Western allies to deter the Soviet Union from threatening that area.					X	FBIS (AP) 3 Dec 80
3 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Junya Yano, Secretary General of Japan's opposition Komeito Party, tells his party gathered for its 18th regular convention that it is natural that there be uneasiness in Japan over Soviet expansionist military activities but that the problem is to cope with the issue peacefully.					X	FBIS (AP) 3 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
3 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Asahi Shimbun (Tokyo) reports Joji Omura, Director General of the Japan Defense Agency, during his first inspection tour of the Self-Defense Force units in Hokkaido after becoming Defense Agency chief, said the potential threat to Japan from the USSR was growing. The Soviet Far East Air Force he continued is equipped with sophisticated BACKFIRE bombers and up-to-date missiles and has been strengthened significantly. Japan will therefore, expand defense spending to build effective defense systems.				X		FBIS (AP) 3 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 5 Dec 80
3 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnamese Ministry of Foreign Affairs requests the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs to clarify its attitude regarding China's 6 March 1980 proposal to open the third round of Sino-Vietnamese talks in Hanoi in the second half of 1980.		X				FBIS (AP) 3 Dec 80
3 Dec 80	INDIA/PRC. Representatives from over 45 nations gather in New Delhi to discuss the contribution of scientific and engineering societies to development. Chen Xiaoyuan, the Chinese delegate to the conference, says there is great scope for collaboration with India on science and industry. Chen tells the Press Trust of India that he hopes scientific exchanges between the two countries will be more frequent in the future.	X		X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Dec 80
3 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. In preparation for the summit conference with Soviet leaders, PM Gandhi recalls J. S. Teja, the Indian envoy to Afghanistan, for consultations. Western press reports say Mrs. Gandhi has grown disenchanted with Soviet actions in Afghanistan and is considering voicing strong opposition to the continued Soviet presence. For their part, the Soviets reportedly are coming to New Delhi to smooth over strained relations with their most important non-Communist supporter.		X				Washington Post 4 Dec 80; FBIS (South Asia) 4 Dec 80
3 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. India and the Soviet Union sign an agreement on the textile trade between the two countries. Under terms of the agreement, India will export about 100 million meters of cotton cloth worth 800 million rupees (\$88 million) to the Soviet Union in 1981.			X			The Hindu (Madras), 4 Dec 80; JPRS 77191 16 Jan 81
3 Dec 80	BANGLADESH/USSR. Government sources in Dacca report Bangladesh will soon repay a debt of 200,000 tons of foodgrains to the Soviet Union. The loan, incurred during the 1974 famine, will be paid back in rice in two 40,000-ton installments by the end of fiscal 1980.			X			JPRS 962, 28 Jan 81

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
4 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Deng Xiaoping, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, meets with six Japanese ministers attending the first meeting of the Sino-Japanese Government Member Conference in Beijing. He notes that similar conferences will be held annually, and if they continue, relations and cooperation between China and Japan will be promoted.		X				FBIS (PRC) 5 Dec 80
4 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Government officials announce that China has accepted a Japanese request for a drastic cut in its raw silk and silk fabric exports in fiscal 1980. Under an agreement reached between the two nations, the import quota for Chinese raw silk and thrown silk for the fiscal year ending in March 1981 was set at 20,000 bales, a 50 percent cut from fiscal 1979.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
4 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Hirohide Ishida, Japanese LDP Diet member, criticizes Japan's sanctions against the USSR and calls Japan "foolishly honest" for following the US-initiated sanctions. He urges Japan to take a more practical attitude to improve bilateral relations with the Soviet Union.		X	X			FBIS (AP) 4 Dec 80
4 Dec 80	DPRK/PRC. Pak Song-chol, DPRK Vice President, during a ceremony in Pyongyang, confers medals on 62 Chinese technicians in Korea to help in Korea's economic construction program.		X	X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Dec 80
4 Dec 80	DPRK/USSR. Soviet railway delegation headed by G. V. Fomin arrives in Pyongyang to attend a meeting of the fourth subcommittee of the organization for the collaboration on railways.			X			FBIS (AP) 5 Dec 80
4 Dec 80	DPRK/USSR. DPRK educational delegation headed by Sin Ki-chon departs Pyongyang for a visit to the Soviet Union and Hungary.					X	FBIS (AP) 8 Dec 80
4 Dec 80	ASEAN/USSR. Bangkok Voice of Free Asia announces that Thai Commerce Minister Tamchai Khamphato will lead a trade mission to the Soviet Union beginning 16 December.			X			FBIS (AP) 4 Dec 80
4 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Moraji Desai, Opposition Janata Party Chief, reveals that when he was prime minister, the Soviets asked him to single out Pakistan as a threat to India. Desai speculates that the Soviets may again be pressuring India to raise the Pakistan bogey. Desai, a longtime critic of Mrs. Gandhi's close friendship with the Soviets, charges the government with following the Soviet lead and raising an "imaginary threat" in order to divert attention from the worsening economic situation in the country. "Is our country so weak," he asks, "as to be afraid of Pakistan?"		X				FBIS (South Asia) 5 Dec 80; Times (London) 6 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
4 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Izvestiya (Moscow) examines USSR-India economic cooperation. The article states that USSR aid has been directed toward creating a powerful industrial potential in India while strengthening the state sector of its economy, as exemplified by the construction of metallurgical enterprises at Bhilai and Bokaro and the heavy machine-building plants at Ranchi, Durgapur, and Harward, the aluminum plant at Korba, oil-extraction and refining enterprises in Gujarat, Bihar, and Assam States, and pharmaceutical enterprises at Hyderabad and Rishikesh. The Indian side pays for Soviet deliveries of equipment, planning, and other jobs performed by Soviet specialists with deliveries of jute, tea, copra, leather and metallurgy, machine building, petrochemistry, and other products. The USSR has made India capable of producing with its own resources a very wide range of industrial output, thereby reducing imports of complete equipment. Cooperation has resulted in coordination of economic plans; the sixth 5-year plan for India coincides with the Soviet 11th 5-year plan. Coordination in particular enables provision to be made for important aspects of Soviet-Indian cooperation in the sphere of power engineering. Mentioned also are other important links such as the Indian-Soviet intergovernmental Commission for Economy, Scientific, and Technical Cooperation which meets periodically in Delhi or Moscow, the Treaty of Peace, Friendship, and Cooperation, visits by national leaders, the new form of cooperation in joint construction of major industrial units in Third World countries, and the long-term economic, trade, scientific and technical cooperation program.			X			FBIS (USSR) 16 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Masuo Takashima, Japanese Vice Foreign Minister, says in Tokyo that Soviet troops intervention in Poland will be a more serious matter than the Afghan problem and "tougher sanctions have to be taken." His is the first official Japanese statement regarding the Polish problem.		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Joint press communique issued in Beijing by the first meeting of the Sino-Japanese Government Member Conference notes the conference discussed: (1) the international situation and Sino-Japanese relations, (2) the economic and financial policies of the two countries, and (3) issues concerning cooperation and exchange between the two countries. Both sides were satisfied with the smooth development of bilateral trade and affirmed the importance of expanding trade on the basis of equality and mutual benefit while welcoming the cooperation between the two countries in the exploitation of oil, coal, and other energy sources. They said economic cooperation to date contributed to the all-round development of relations between the two countries and affirmed the results of technical cooperation in the fields of infrastructure, public health and medicine, enterprise management, and hydroelectric power generation. Both sides agreed it would be worthwhile to conclude agreements on taxation and mutual promotion and protection of investments to insure smooth development of economic relations and exchange of personnel between the two countries. It was agreed that the next conference would take place in Japan.		X	X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japan-China Oil Development Corp. announces it will begin drilling an experimental oil well in the southern sector of Bohai Bay, China, on 11 December. The corporation is scheduled to drill four experimental wells in the same sector and two in the western sector by the end of 1981. All experimental wells will be 4,000 meters deep, and investment in this enterprise is expected to total \$49 million. The corporation is scheduled to take 42.5 percent of the total output of crude oil over a period of 15 years once commercial production begins.			X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Governments of China and Japan exchange notes in Beijing on a Japanese Government loan of 56,000 million Japanese yen (\$224 million) extended to China in 1980 in accordance with a joint Sino-Japanese press communique published on 7 December 1979.			X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Nippon Steel Corp., Nippon Kokan K.K., Sumitomo Metal Industries, Ltd., Kawasaki Steel Corp., Kobe Steel, Ltd., and Nisshin Steel Co. agree to supply China with about 600,000 metric tons of general carbon steel products for shipment in the first half of 1981. Prices of steel products will be raised by an average of 1 percent over those agreed on for shipment in the latter half of 1979. The tonnage on order is half the 1.2 million tons ordered for shipment in the latter half of 1979. Negotiations began with China National Metals and Minerals Import-Export Corp. on 4 December. Mill sources list cold coil, hot coil, plate, and wire rod among the steel products ordered.			X			FBIS (PRC) 5 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Miyazawa states the Japanese Government will impose further sanctions against the Soviet Union if it invades Poland. Japanese Vice PM Masuo Takashima makes a similar statement, adding that the sanctions would be stronger than those applied following the Afghan invasion.		X				FBIS (AP) 5 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Shintaro Abe, Chairman of Japan's LDP Policy Affairs Research Council, urges the Japanese Government to take a tough stand in negotiations with the Soviet Union by proposing a summit meeting between PM Suzuki and President Brezhnev. He says Japan should block Soviet moves to expand its territory and influence in the Far East and should not allow itself to be intimidated by "the Kremlin's bluffs."		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese and Soviet Communist Parties open a working level meeting in Tokyo to discuss various issues of mutual concern, including the Afghan question, the Soviet-held northern islands, and the situation in Poland. This is the first meeting between the two Communist parties since JCP Chairman Kenji Miyamoto held talks with President Leonid Brezhnev in Moscow in December 1979, only weeks before the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports that because of Soviet opposition, the annual Japanese-Soviet fishery talks ended in Tokyo without reaching the long-term agreement desired by the Japan side.			X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Government source discloses the Soviet Union is demanding long-term loans with a low 6 percent interest rate in its negotiations with Japan and European nations over a Siberian natural gas pipeline project.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Delegation of the Union of Societies of the Red Cross and Red Crescent of the USSR led by Dr. Valeriy Batitskiy, Chairman of the union and Deputy Chairman of the International Red Cross, arrives in Phnom Penh for a visit to Kampuchea at the invitation of the Kampuchean Red Cross.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Soviet women's delegation led by Zinaida Fedorovna, secretary of the Committee of Soviet Women, arrives in Phnom Penh at the invitation of the Kampuchean Women's Association for National Salvation.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chinese women's delegation led by Hao Jianxiu, Vice Chairman of the All-China Federation of Women and Vice Minister of the Textile Industry, and a delegation of army doctors led by Zhang Xiang, Director of the Health Department under the PLA General Logistics Department, leaves Beijing for a visit to Thailand as guests of the National Council of Women of Thailand.	X	X				FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
5 Dec 80	ASEAN/USSR. Arun Phanuphong, Thai Deputy Foreign Minister, tells a press conference at Bangkok's Don Muang Airport on his return from Moscow, that he discussed with the Soviets ways to bring about the restoration of peace and stability in Indochina. The Soviet side avoided answering the proposal to hold an international conference to settle the Kampuchean problem, saying such a conference would constitute an act of interference in its internal affairs. The foreign ministers also asked what the Soviet reaction would be toward another Vietnamese attack on Thailand. The Soviets replied they did not approve of any encroachment by force of arms on the sovereignty of other nations and that they had not supported any action of such nature.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	INDIA/PRC. External Affairs Minister Narashima Rao claims China is illegally occupying about 14,500 square miles of Indian territory in the Ladakh region. Rao reveals India has been seeking the return of the territory through bilateral negotiations between the two countries. Indian claims include a 2,000-square-mile region of Kashmir once held by Pakistan and ceded to China in 1963. India is negotiating with both China and Pakistan for the return of these lands.		X		X		FBIS (South Asia) 5 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	INDIA/PRC. TASS (Moscow) notes India's concern with Pakistan-China contacts and China's repeatedly expressed support for Islamabad's territorial claims to the Indian State of Jammu and Kashmir. China is seen as the main source of arms for Pakistan, and the visits of high-ranking Beijing military representatives to Pakistan are believed to be pushing Islamabad toward further militarization.		X		X		FBIS (USSR) 8 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. During Friday prayers at the Jama Masjid (Mosque) in central Delhi, the presiding mullah sets the stage for President Brezhnev's arrival when he tells the faithful the Soviets seek a permanent presence in Afghanistan. He enjoins the congregation to pray for the victory of the mujahideen who are waging a jihad (holy war).		X			X	FBIS (South Asia) 8 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. External Affairs Minister Narasimha Rao, appearing before the Rajya Sabha, refutes the allegations made by former PM Morarji Desai that during Desai's term of office the USSR tried to instigate an Indian attack on Pakistan. He states there is nothing whatsoever on record to support such an assertion. In a related development, CPI parliamentary Bhupesh Gupta condemns the Desai statement as politically motivated and as an attempt to sabotage the forthcoming talks between Soviet leader Brezhnev and PM Gandhi.		X				FBIS (South Asia) 5 Dec 80; Times of India (Bombay) 6 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. India signs contracts with the USSR providing for the export of cosmetics, detergents, and other chemical products in the amount of 2.17 billion rupees (\$272 million) to the Soviet Union.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 5 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
5 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. TASS (Moscow) News Agency citing the <u>National Herald</u> , an Indian newspaper affiliated with the Congress I Party, reports that China has become one of the main sources of arms for Pakistan. New batches of Chinese missiles and supersonic fighter bombers were received by Pakistan in November. A plant for the assembly and repair of combat aircraft, built by Chinese specialists, has also been commissioned.				X		FBIS (USSR) 8 Dec 80
5 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Unsubstantiated reports from New Delhi charge that China has installed missiles with nuclear warheads on Pakistani soil and that Pakistani and Chinese ground force units are taking part in joint exercises in Gilgit. The Chinese forces in Pakistan reportedly consist of two rifle battalions and two infantry battalions.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 5 Dec 80
6 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Shigeichi Koga, head of a Japanese delegation sent to Beijing by the Association for the Promotion of International Trade, discloses China has indicated a possible delay in completing a \$200 million ethylene plant at Nanjing now under construction with Japanese help. China placed an order for the plant with Toyo Engineering Corp. of Tokyo in late 1978; part of it had been expected to be completed in 1983.			X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80
6 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Japanese Finance Minister Michio Watanabe, referring to China's ongoing economic readjustments, says more of the projects which China intended to undertake with Japanese cooperation may be suspended.			X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80
6 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan Defense Agency discloses that the Soviet Union has built two airports on northern Etorofu Island.				X		FBIS (AP) 8 Dec 80
6 Dec 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese VP Fang Yi meets in Beijing with a delegation from Kim Il-song University of Korea led by O Kil-pang, First Vice President of the university. The delegation is visiting China at the invitation of Beijing University and will study teaching activities at China's universities and colleges.					X	FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80
6 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai trade mission leaves for China for the second Thai-Chinese joint commission on trade to discuss bilateral trade targets for 1981.			X			FBIS (AP) 5 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
6 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. During her first extended interview since returning to power in January, Indian PM Gandhi speaks at length on foreign and domestic affairs on the eve of President Brezhnev's arrival in New Delhi. The usually confident and forthright prime minister betrays a note of pessimism regarding the international situation and India's role in the world. On the touchy subject of Afghanistan, Mrs. Gandhi concedes that India's policy of withholding criticism of the Soviet invasion and using quiet persuasion to get the Soviets to withdraw has been a failure. Faced with armed resistance and harsh international criticism, the Soviets have "dug in their toes" and appear to be in Afghanistan for the long haul. Despite India's close relationship with the Soviet Union, PM Gandhi has moved from an initial understanding attitude to a quietly critical stance. She claims the nonaligned movement--one of the cornerstones of Indian foreign policy--has become sidetracked in recent years and needs to find new directions.		X				Washington Post 7 Dec 80
6 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. The Muslim (Islamabad) reports Pakistan official sources in Islamabad as saying the Indian media has actively been disseminating "utterly baseless stories of an imaginary Chinese armed buildup" in Gilgit and Skardu. The Pakistan Government has denied these fabrications many times.				X		FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80
6 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. On the eve of President Brezhnev's arrival in New Delhi, Soviet Ambassador to Pakistan V. S. Smirnov reassures the Pakistani Government that close Indo-Soviet ties are not directed against any third country. Ambassador Smirnov does not foresee any Pakistani-Soviet rapprochement at the ministerial level because of the Afghanistan dispute but hopes that economic cooperation between the two countries will expand.		X				The Muslim (Islamabad) 7 Dec 80
7 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Daily Yomiuri (Tokyo) comments that a joint press statement issued after the first Japan-China ministerial conference indicates that Japan failed to persuade China to soften its stand regarding the Kampuchean issue. ASEAN efforts to realize an international conference for the peaceful settlement of the Kampuchean problem are being thwarted by Chinese demands that Vietnam withdraw all of its troops from Kampuchea as a condition for realizing the conference. Japanese FM Ito asked China during the joint ministerial conference to soften its attitude by withdrawing part of its forces from the China-Vietnam border but China, the newspaper reports, seemingly did not alter its position.		X				FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
7 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo) reports China has asked Japanese trading firms and manufacturers concerned to continue with the shipment of plants for the Dongfang chemical complex in Beijing and the Nanjing petrochemical complex as originally contracted. China had previously decided to suspend the projects.			X			FBIS (AP) 11 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
7 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Finance Ministry discloses that Japan has started negotiations with the Soviet Union on the conclusion of a bilateral tax treaty designed mainly to avoid double taxation of their citizens.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
7 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Group of senior Thai officials leaves Bangkok for the PRC to attend the annual meeting of the Thai-Chinese Joint Trade Committee in Beijing. The 4-day meeting will focus on establishing trade targets for the two countries in 1981.			X			FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
7 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Police authorities in New Delhi issue a "red alert" following tips that there may be an attempt on President Brezhnev's life. Unlike the warm atmosphere that prevailed during his two previous visits or Mr. Khrushchev's barnstorming of India in the 1960s, extraordinary security precautions are in force during this state visit. At the insistence of the KGB a number of Afghan nationals are deported prior to the visit and other possible conspirators are being sought.		X				The Hindu (Madras) 7-8 Dec 80; <u>NYT</u> 8 Dec 80; FBIS (South Asia) 8 Dec 80
7 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. President Brezhnev's impending arrival in India sparks controversy over PM Gandhi's policy of not criticizing the Soviets for occupying Afghanistan. Opposition politicians have vowed to stage anti-Soviet demonstrations despite Mrs. Gandhi's requests not to embarrass President Brezhnev. Authorities in New Delhi announce that Afghan residents of the city have been asked to stay in their homes during the state visit or face deportation to Afghanistan.		X				Washington Post 8 Dec 80
7 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Report from New Delhi quoting the National Herald says six Indian opposition members of Parliament have appealed in an open letter to Soviet President Brezhnev to withdraw Soviet troops from Afghanistan and cease threatening Poland.		X				FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80
7 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. TASS (Moscow) reports Leonid Brezhnev, General Secretary of the CPSU Central Committee and President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, leaves Moscow for India on an "official friendly visit." Accompanying him are Andrey Andreyevich Gromyko, member of the CPSU Central Committee Politburo, and Ivan Vasilyevich Arkhipov, First Vice Chairman of the Council of Ministers. This is President Brezhnev's first visit to an Asian country since the Soviet military invasion of Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (USS) 8 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 8 Dec 80
8 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Ivan Kovalenko, Deputy Director of the CPSU Central Committee's International Department, pays a courtesy call on Yoshio Sakurachi, Secretary General of Japan's ruling LDP. During the meeting, Sakurachi criticizes the Soviet stand toward Japan and other neighboring nations, citing the military incursion into Afghanistan and continued Soviet occupation of the Japanese-claimed four northern islands.		X				FBIS (AP) 8 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
8 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Three warships of the Soviet Pacific Fleet are spotted moving south through the Tsushima Strait. They are identified as a 3,700-ton KANIN Class missile destroyer, a 950-ton PEIYA Class frigate, and a 23,400-ton BORIS CHILIKIN Class fleet replenishment ship.				X		FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80; FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
8 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Document on cooperation in television and radio broadcasting for the 1981-82 period between the Soviet State Committee for Television and Radio Broadcasting and the SRV Council of Ministers Broadcasting and Television Commission is signed in Moscow. The document calls for TV and radio materials to be developed, with particular attention given to reporting on the forthcoming 26th CPSU Congress. The document is signed by Chairman Lapin of the Soviet Committee, and Tran Lam, Chairman of the Vietnamese Commission.		X			X	FBIS (USSR) 11 Dec 80
8-11 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Bangkok Voice of Free Asia reports that Pichia Tamprasoe, Vice President of the Thai Board of Trade, during a visit to China, signed a trade protocol stipulating that the value of 1981 trade between the two countries will not be less than the 1980 value. Under the agreement, China is to buy various commodities from Thailand in 1981, including 100,000 tons of rice, 200,000 tons of maize, 30,000 tons of natural rubber, 50,000 tons of tapioca flour, and several thousand tons of tobacco. China agreed to sell 600,000 to 800,000 tons of Shengali crude and 100,000 to 200,000 tons of diesel oil to Thailand in 1981.			X			FBIS (PRC) 24 Dec 80
8 Dec 80	ASEAN/USSR. Nation Review (Bangkok) emphasizes that Moscow's pledge to Deputy FM Arun to the effect that the USSR would not interfere in the internal affairs of Thailand is "not enough to stir optimism."	X					FBIS (AP) 8 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 11 Dec 80
8 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. About 500 Indians and Afghans demonstrate in the center of New Delhi against the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan when Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev arrives in the capital for a 4-day state visit.	X					FBIS (PRC) 10 Dec 80
8 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. During an evening reception for the Soviet leader, President Reddy expresses India's opposition to "any form of intervention, covert or overt, by outside forces in the internal affairs of the region." Soviet President Brezhnev, arrives in New Delhi leading a 200-man delegation. The parade route to the Presidential Palace is changed at the last minute to avoid angry demonstrators who congregate in the center of the city chanting, "Afghanistan is not Czechoslovakia."	X					FBIS (South Asia) 8 & 9 Dec 80; FBIS/USSR 9 Dec 80; The Statesman (Calcutta) 9 Dec 80; Washington Post 9 Dec 80; NYT 9-10 Dec 80
8 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Petroleum Minister P. C. Sethi advises the Rajya Sabha that the USSR is the only country with whom the Indian Oil and Natural Gas Commission is collaborating on oil exploration activities in India.	X		X			FBIS (South Asia) 8 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
8 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Coinciding with the arrival of Leonid Brezhnev in New Delhi, Indian and Soviet health officials formalize an agreement to exchange experts in the field of medical science and public health. The areas identified for cooperation include communicable diseases, immunology, vaccine production, ophthalmology, and blood products.	X					FBIS (South Asia) 10 Dec 80
8 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Chinese and Pakistani officials formalize an agreement in Beijing whereby China will assist in the construction of a cement plant to be commissioned in early 1984 in Daudkhel. Major items for the plant will be manufactured with Chinese help at the heavy machinery complex at Taxila.			X			FBIS (South Asia) 11 Dec 80
8 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Pakistani FM Agha Shahi denies as false the allegations that Pakistan is manufacturing an atomic "Islamic bomb" and conducting nuclear tests on Chinese territory.			X			FBIS (PRC) 10 Dec 80
9 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Tan Zienlin, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee, meets in Beijing with Tadashi Yaoita, member of the House of Councilors of Japan and President of the Japan-China Agricultural and Peasants Exchange Association. While in China the delegation will discuss items of Japan-China agricultural exchange for 1981 with Chinese organizations concerned.		X	X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80
9 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Chinese VP Ji Pengfei meets in Beijing with a delegation from the Japanese Democratic Socialist Party led by Eiichi Nagasue, member of the House of Representatives.		X				FBIS (PRC) 11 Dec 80
9 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Spokesman for the Japan Amateur Sports Association discloses that Japan will resume sports competitions with the Soviet Union in 1981. No sports exchanges have taken place between the two countries since Japan boycotted the Moscow Olympics.					X	FBIS (AP) 9 Dec 80
9 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. VNA reports that during the 5 days immediately preceding 5 December, the Chinese continued to send troops into the Vietnamese provinces of Cao Bang and Hoang Lien Son and initiated several artillery barrages of the area.				X		FBIS (AP) 10 Dec 80
9-17 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Second meeting of the USSR-Vietnam Committee for Publishing Cooperation is held in Moscow. A plan on publishing cooperation between Vietnam and the USSR for 1981-85 is signed by Mai Vy, Vietnamese Vice Minister of Culture and Information, and I. P. Korovkin, Vice President of the USSR State Committee for Publishing.					X	FBIS (USSR) 29 Dec 80
9 Dec 80	DPRK/PRC. Chinese broadcasting technical delegation headed by Lu Keqin, Deputy Director of the Central Broadcasting Administration of China, arrives in Pyongyang for a visit to the DPRK.					X	FBIS (AP) 10 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
9 Dec 80	DPRK/PRC. Agreement on nontrade payments and clearance between the governments of the DPRK and the PRC is signed in Pyongyang.			X		FBIS (AP) 10 Dec 80
9 Dec 80	DPRK/PRC. Wei Guoqing, member of the CCP Politburo of the Central Committee and Director of the Chinese PLA General Political Department, meets in Beijing with a Korean People's Army press delegation led by Lt General Yun Chi-ho, Deputy Director of the General Political Bureau of the Korean People's Army.		X		X	FBIS (PRC) 11 Dec 80
9 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. During the first full day of talks following Soviet President Brezhnev's arrival in India, PM Gandhi unequivocally tells President Brezhnev the presence of 85,000 Soviet troops in Afghanistan is unacceptable to India and the Soviets should withdraw. At a press conference following the meeting, Soviet spokesman Leonid Zamyatin asserts that, while no new troops will be committed to the campaign, the Soviets will remain in Afghanistan "to the end." Zamyatin accuses the United States and China of inciting and arming the insurgents, thereby forcing the USSR to react to the threat on its southern flank. Zamyatin urges Pakistan and Iran to initiate bilateral talks with the Karmal government on the basis of Moscow's proposals of 14 May. During a midday reception for Mr. Brezhnev which was moved indoors for security reasons, Mrs. Gandhi points to the enduring friendship of the two countries. She calls Indo-Soviet friendship "of equal importance" to both countries and states that neither country has ever sought to impose its perceptions on the other. "Our agreement on vital issues outweighs divergence." Foreign press speculations suggest PM Gandhi's refusal to criticize the Soviets openly has caused India to become isolated from many of its Third World friends and highlighting Indian disagreements with the Soviets is intended to refurbish New Delhi's NAM credentials. For its part, the Kremlin seeks, if not outright support for their Afghan venture, then at least a diplomatic silence on India's part. Both sides are careful to point out that inevitable differences of opinion on specific issues will not be allowed to overshadow substantive areas of Indo-Soviet relations.		X			FBIS (PRC) 9 Dec 80; FBIS/South Asia 9 & 10 Dec 80; NYT 10 Dec 80; Washington Post 10 Dec 80; The Guardian (London) 10 Dec 80; FEER (Hong Kong) 18 Dec 80
9 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Leonid Brezhnev, speaking at an Indian-Soviet friendship meeting in New Delhi, stresses the increasing importance of economic cooperation between the two countries, and notes the important regard given by the Soviet government to assisting in strengthening India's defense capability. At the same meeting Indian PM Gandhi pays respect to the achievements of the Soviet people and marks India's continued following of a nonalignment policy, the content of which is to seek friendship with all countries and to work for goodwill and peace among nations. She expressed hope that independence, sovereignty, territorial integrity, and nonaligned status of the countries in the region will not be jeopardized through conflicts and interference. She lays stress on India's commitment to an independent foreign policy and to raising the standard of living of the Indian people.		X			FBIS (USSR) 10 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
9 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. At a private meeting with President Brezhnev, Mrs. Gandhi tells the Soviet side that India is against all kinds of interference "which has affected the progress, sovereignty, and nonaligned status of Afghanistan." She says this position is within the framework of India's foreign policy and its "principled approach to issues." She adds that India's consistent stand has been that it does not condone foreign intervention or interference or any type of domination by one country over another. Brezhnev responds that Pakistan and the United States are continuing their interference in the internal affairs of Afghanistan. He asserts that the reasons for which Kabul requested Soviet military assistance have not vanished and blames outside intervention for the turmoil in the country. The USSR wants a political solution to the Afghan crisis and the 14 May proposals put forward by the Afghan Government can form the basis for such a settlement..		X			FBIS (South Asia) 10 Dec 80
9 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Opposition Janata Party urges the Soviet Union to withdraw its troops from Afghanistan immediately. Party Secretary L. K. Advani declares in New Delhi that visiting Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev should note that public opinion in India is opposed to the presence of Soviet military forces in Afghanistan.		X		X	FBIS (South Asia) 10 Dec 80
10 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Zhang Zongan, Chinese representative to the UN, points out at the UN, that relief work for Kampuchea should concentrate on refugees and not be diverted to rehabilitation or development projects, because "foreign occupiers" would take advantage of the situation.		X			FBIS (PRC) 12 Dec 80
10 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Queen Sirikit of Thailand grants an audience in Bangkok to a visiting Chinese women's delegation led by Hao Jianxiu, Vice Chairman of the National Women's Federation and Vice Minister of the Textile Industry.		X			FBIS (PRC) 22 Dec 80
10 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Indonesian FM Mochtar Kusumaatmaja expresses the view to journalists that China will need a long time to abandon its support to underground Communist movements in Southeast Asia. In the meantime, Indonesia has proposed, as a condition to normalizing relations with China, that Beijing cease its support of underground Indonesian Communists. Diplomatic relations between Jakarta and Beijing were suspended in 1966 following Indonesian charges that China abetted the Communist coup attempt of 1965.		X			FBIS (AP) 10 Dec 80
10 Dec 80	INDIA/PRC. Informed circles say Chinese aircraft violated India's airspace in November on six occasions. United News of India reports the violations took place on the border between India and Tibet in the region of Kamenga.		X		X	FBIS (South Asia) 10 Dec 80; FBIS (USSR) 11 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
10 Dec 80	INDIA/PRC. In a written reply to the Rajya Sabha, Indian Minister of Defense Shivraj Patil states the Indian Government is monitoring recent nuclear explosions detected in northwest China. Patil claims the explosions formed part of a series of tests conducted by China and that they pose no new threat to Indian security.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 10 Dec 80
10 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. During an unprecedented joint session of the Indian Houses of Parliament, Leonid Brezhnev unveils a five-point peace and security proposal for the defense of the Persian Gulf. Partly an attempt to roll back US and Western influence in the Gulf and partly an endorsement of India's zone of peace initiative, the salient points of the Soviet proposal include (1) a ban on foreign military bases in the Gulf or its vicinity, (2) a ban on the use or threat of force by an outside power in the area, (3) a respect for the nonaligned status of Persian Gulf states, (4) a respect for the sovereign right of the states in the area to their natural resources, (5) a pledge to keep open the sea lanes of the area. Mr. Brezhnev lavishes praise on PM Gandhi and claims Indo-Soviet friendship has "stood the test of time." With regard to Afghanistan, he heaps abuse on the United States, China, and Pakistan for instigating the Afghan "mercenaries," and vows to keep Soviet troops in the country until foreign provocations cease. After the speech, PM Gandhi hesitates to endorse the five-point proposal outright, terming the Soviet initiative "constructive and worthy of careful consideration."		X				The Hindu (Madras) 11 Dec 80; NYT 11 Dec 80; Washington Post 11 & 12 Dec 80; FBIS (South Asia) 11 & 12 Dec 80; FBIS (USSR) 11 & 15 Dec 80; The Guardian (London) 12 Dec 80; CSM 12 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 12 Dec 80; India News (Washington, DC) 22 Dec 80
10 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Joint declaration issued by the Indian Government and the USSR during the New Delhi summit underscores the intention of the two sides "to continue strengthening and deepening Indo-Soviet friendly and mutually beneficial cooperation in the interests of the peoples of the two countries and the cause of international peace and security." Both sides pledge to support negotiations for nuclear disarmament and the demilitarization of the Indian Ocean. On the issue of Afghanistan, the declaration is deliberately vague, referring only to "hotbeds of tension in southwest Asia." Consistent with PM Gandhi's public criticism of Soviet conduct in Afghanistan, the declaration calls for "opposition to all forms of outside interference in the internal affairs of countries of the region. [Both sides] are confident that a negotiated political solution alone can guarantee a durable settlement of the existing problems of the region."		X				FBIS (USSR) 12 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
10 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Soviet-Indian documents are signed in New Delhi by President Brezhnev and PM Gandhi: (1) a joint Soviet-Indian declaration, (2) an agreement on economic and technical cooperation, (3) a trade agreement for 1981-85 (signed by Ivan Arkhipov, First Deputy Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, and P. K. Mukherjee, India's Minister of trade), (4) a program of exchanges in culture, science, and education for 1981-82 (signed by Nikolay Firubin, USSR Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Mir Nasrulla, India's Deputy Minister of Information and Broadcasting), (5) an agreement on cooperation in cinematography (signed by Philipp Yermash, Chairman of the USSR Committee for Cinematography, and Vasant Sathe, Minister of Information and Broadcasting of India).	X	X	X		X	FBIS (USSR) 10, 11, 12 Dec 80
11 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Yoshio Sakurachi, Secretary General of Japan's LDP, blames the Soviet Union for the strained relations existing between Japan and the Soviet Union.		X				FBIS (AP) 11 Dec 80
11 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. In a statement issued following talks with representatives of the CPSU in Tokyo, the JCP asks the Soviets to withdraw their troops from Afghanistan.		X				FBIS (AP) 11 Dec 80
11 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Joji Omura, Director-General of Japan's Defense Agency, confirms that the Soviet Union has deployed its supersonic BACKFIRE bomber in the maritime Province of Siberia.				X		FBIS (AP) 12 Dec 80
12 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. All major Japanese newspapers view with suspicion the five-point "doctrine of peace and security" in the Persian Gulf region announced by Soviet President Brezhnev in New Delhi on 10 December.		X				FBIS (PRC) 16 Dec 80
12 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. US Secretary of Defense Brown tells Japanese officials in Tokyo that the Soviet Union is reinforcing its military forces in the Far East. The MiG-17 aircraft stationed on Etorofu Island are to be replaced by sophisticated MiG-23 fighter planes soon.				X		FBIS (AP) 12 Dec 80
12 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) News Agency delegation led by Deputy Director Liu Chiangshi arrives in Bangkok for an official visit to Thailand.		X				FBIS (AP) 15 Dec 80
12 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Chi Lin, Chinese Minister of Foreign Economic Relations, arrives in Thailand to attend the Thai-Chinese joint conference on cooperation in science and technology.	X		X			FBIS (AP) 12 Dec 80
13 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Chinese Foreign Ministry sends a note to the Vietnamese Embassy in China strongly protesting Vietnamese-created incidents in Sino-Vietnamese border areas. The note claims Vietnamese authorities are speeding the development of the tense situation there and "deliberately worsening relations between China and Vietnam."		X				FBIS (PRC) 15 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
13 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Press Trust of India (PTI) reports the Soviet Union has agreed to supply India with MiG-25 FOXBAR reconnaissance aircraft. The delivery schedule has been worked out and the planes are expected shortly. The number of planes to be purchased is not given but trainer and reconnaissance versions of the aircraft will be received. The latter has no armament and is fitted with five cameras, a sophisticated electric front, lateral radar, and a unique Doppler navigation system. The MiG-25, developed as an interceptor in the USSR, is capable of flying at a speed of nearly 2,900 km per hour and has achieved a maximum height of 35,000 meters in 4 minutes 11.3 seconds.				X		FBIS (PRC) 15 Dec 80
13 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Informed sources in New Delhi report the Soviets are pressuring New Delhi to spurn Western offers of economic and technical aid in favor of deepening Soviet involvement in the Indian economy. The Soviets are particularly concerned over American and West European assistance to state-owned enterprises and the defense industry. Instances directly related to this pressure include India's last-minute decision to slow negotiations for the purchase of \$350 million worth of American arms and Soviet pledges to supply additional oil if India withdraws a bid to buy Canadian transport planes. The Soviets are actively promoting a coproduction agreement for the manufacture of transport aircraft and a contract for the purchase and manufacture of the advanced MiG-23. India's decision to look to the West for assistance is based on pragmatic not ideological considerations. Not only does the West possess technical skills which the Soviets are unable to provide, but Indian state-owned enterprises which have been heavily dependent on Soviet assistance in the past are functioning sluggishly and suffering heavy losses.			X	X		NYT 14 Dec 80; The Statesman (Calcutta) 21 Nov 80
14 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. New York Times reports China has formally protested to Vietnam occurrence of more than 200 incidents which it says Vietnam provoked along their common border during the preceding 2 months.		X				NYT 14 Dec 80
14 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Agriculture Minister Rao Bijendra Singh reveals India will export 400,000 tons of rice worth over \$125 million to the Soviet Union during 1981.			X			India News (Washington, DC) 22 Dec 80
15 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Drilling of the first prospecting well begins under a contract signed between Chinese and Japanese oil corporations on 29 May. It is one of six to be drilled in a 25,500-square-kilometer area in the southern and western parts of Bohai Bay. The first well is designed to be 4,000 meters deep, and the drilling is expected to be completed in about 100 days. Drilling of five other wells will begin in 1981. Bohai No. 6 Drilling Rig under the China National Petroleum Corp. has been assigned to drill the first well.			X			FBIS (PRC) 16 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
15 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Lao Red Cross Society and the Federation of Soviet Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies sign a joint statement agreeing on "various problems in Vietnam and in support of the proposals of the foreign ministers conference of the Indo-China countries in July 1980.		X				FBIS (AP) 24 Dec 80
15 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. USSR Ministry of Foreign Affairs delegation arrives in Phnom Penh for an official visit to Kampuchea.		X				FBIS (AP) 17 Dec 80
15 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Delegation of the Kampuchea Committee for the Defense of World Peace, led by its President, Yut Kim Teng, departs Phnom Penh for Moscow at the invitation of the USSR World Peace Council.		X				FBIS (AP) 17 Dec 80
15 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. New York Times report refers to an Afghan rebel's claim that Vietnamese troops joined Soviet forces in an unsuccessful attempt to capture rebel-held Panjshir Valley and 1,500 Soviet and Vietnamese soldiers were killed in the battle.				X		NYT 15 Dec 80
15 Dec 80	DPRK/USSR. Delegation of the Information Department of the Soviet Foreign Ministry arrives in Pyongyang for an official visit.		X				FBIS (AP) 16 Dec 80
15 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Thai PM Prem Tinsulanon receives a Xinhua (Beijing) News Agency delegation led by Liu Jingzhi and expresses hope for enhancement of relations between Thailand and China through the exchange of visits by delegations of various circles.					X	FBIS (PRC) 16 Dec 80
15 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. PM Indira Gandhi reports to the Indian Parliament on the official trip of Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev to New Delhi. The trip afforded India a valuable opportunity to reaffirm "the strength and vitality of Indo-Soviet relations." She says India values its friendship with the USSR, and although the socioeconomic systems of the two countries are different, both nations share a "common and abiding commitment to world peace." She reports that a number of agreements for cooperation with the USSR in the economic and technical sectors were negotiated during the Brezhnev visit. They include Russian promises of cooperation in the fields of energy, coal-mining, and oil exploration. In the field of metallurgy, the Soviets made a specific commitment to expand the steel mills at Bhilai (Madhya Pradesh) and Bokaro (Bihar) and to erect a new integrated steel plant at Vishakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh). Mrs. Gandhi also reports that the Soviets will extend credit of about 5.2 billion rupees (\$600 million) for specific projects to strengthen India's industrial base. In response to an Indian request, the USSR will increase its supplies of crude oil to India from the current level of 1.5 million metric tons to 2.5 million metric tons and refined products from 1.9 million metric tons to 2.25 million tons annually for the next 5 years. Gandhi adds that India "appreciates this friendly gesture."		X	X			The Statesman (Calcutta) 16 Dec 80; FBIS (South Asia) 16 & 17 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 18 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
16 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Susumu Nikaido, Chairman of the LDP Executive Council, states that close aides of President-elect Ronald Reagan have said that the United States will ask Japan and West European countries for cooperation in jointly imposing strong economic sanctions against the Soviet Union if it invades Poland.		X				FBIS (AP) 16 Dec 80
16 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan's big four steel pipe producers agree to supply the Soviet Union with about 150,000 tons of oil well pipes for shipments up to March 1981. It is also agreed that prices for the April-September period will be raised by 25 percent.			X			FBIS (AP) 16 Dec 80
16 Dec 80	DPRK/PRC. DPRK ice hockey team led by the Chairman of the Yanggang Provincial Sports Guidance Committee, arrives in Changchun, China, at the invitation of Jilin Province.					X	FBIS (PRC) 22 Dec 80
16 Dec 80	ASEAN/USSR. Thai Commerce Minister Tamchai Khamphato departs for the Soviet Union with a trade delegation intending to propose sales to the Soviet Union of fluorite, tapioca pellets, tapioca flour, castor oil, canned pineapple, and watch components.			X			FBIS (AP) 18 Dec 80
17 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. Xinhua (Beijing) reports Hitachi and Toei Companies and the Hitachi Sales Corp. of Japan signed a manufacturing and sales joint venture agreement last week with the Fujian Provincial Investment Enterprise Co. and the Fujian Electronics Import and Export Co. The joint company, the Fujian Hitachi Television Co. Ltd., will manufacture television sets in Fuzhou for the Chinese domestic market and for overseas markets. Trial production is to start in March 1981, and formal production in July. The firm plans to produce 130,000 color and black-and-white sets of all specifications in the first year with annual production expected to reach 380,000 TV sets by 1983. The term of the joint venture is 15 years and both sides will provide 50 percent of the total assets of 3.65 million yuan (\$2.4 million). Fujian Province's investment will take the form of factory buildings, staff, ancillary equipment, welfare facilities, personnel management, and accounting and financial services. The Japanese side will provide modern equipment and will be responsible for plant maintenance, technical work, and quality control and will help the Chinese to improve production of spare parts. Materials for the plant will be purchased in China.			X			Financial Times (London) 18 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 19 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
17 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) reports the Tokyo prefectural assembly at a plenary session adopted a message on promoting a settlement of the northern territories. The establishment of new Soviet military bases and continued military buildup there is regrettable and hinders peaceful and friendly relations between Japan and the USSR. The message urges the Japanese Government to take measures to provide assistance for the former residents of the northern territories, demands the removal of Soviet military installations there, and seeks an early return of the territories and a peace treaty insuring stable, peaceful, and friendly ties between the Soviet Union and Japan. The assembly also adopted a resolution for the early return of the northern territories in September 1976.		X				FBIS (PRC) 19 Dec 80
17 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan and the Soviet Union begin 2 days of working-level talks to discuss flight reductions between Tokyo and Europe via Moscow. Japanese officials state passenger volume declined in the April-October period by 20 percent from that of the previous year.			X			FBIS (AP) 17 Dec 80
17 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Agreement on trade turnover and payments and a number of other documents on questions of trade and economic relations between the USSR Government and the PRK Government for 1981 are signed in Moscow.			X			FBIS (USSR) 24 Dec 80
17 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Laos and the Soviet Union sign an agreement in Vientiane for the building of a 150-kW radio broadcasting station for the LPDR.	X					FBIS (AP) 18 Dec 80
17 Dec 80	BURMA/USSR. Soviet labor delegation led by Levon Saakyan, member of the USSR All-Union Central Council of Trade Unions, arrives in Rangoon for an official visit to Burma.		X				FBIS (AP) 17 Dec 80
17 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Indian Government accepts a Soviet offer to train Indian cosmonauts. Under the proposal first made last February, the Indian cosmonauts, on completion of training, will accompany their Russian counterparts on manned space flights. PM Indira Gandhi defends the government's decision at a Lok Sabha session by asserting that the advancement of science is so rapid and its impact on the economy and other aspects of life so great that no nation can afford to be left behind.	X					The Hindu (Madras) 18 Dec 80; Bangladesh Observer (Dacca) 19 Dec 80
17 Dec 80	BANGLADESH/USSR. Bangladeshi FM Shamsul Haq, speaking on behalf of the Zia government, rejects opposition members' charge that Bangladesh is under strong Soviet pressure to soften its hardline stand on Afghanistan. The Muslim League had charged that the government was undermining its international position and isolating itself by calling for unilateral withdrawal of Soviet troops. FM Haq assures the Parliament that Bangladeshi-Soviet relations, while not exactly cordial, are frank and open.		X				FBIS (South Asia) 19 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
17 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Pakistani President Mohammad Zia-ul-Haq receives in Rawalpindi a Chinese goodwill military delegation led by Han Huaizhi, Assistant to the PLA Chief of General Staff, in Pakistan for 2 weeks of talks with Pakistani leaders.				X		The Muslim (Islamabad) 13 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 18 Dec 80
18 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan and the Soviet Union fail to reach agreement on flight reductions between Tokyo and Europe via Moscow but agree to resume discussion of the issue in 1981.			X			FBIS (AP) 18 Dec 80
18 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese Foreign Ministry discloses that the Japanese Government is studying carefully a Soviet application for permission to conduct an undersea survey in an area around the Bonin (Ogasawara) Islands, south of Tokyo. The USSR wishes to carry out a 48-day sounding survey using a sound wave, and the Japanese are concerned with whether the survey would damage fishery interests in the area located within Japan's 200-mile economic zone.	X					FBIS (AP) 18 Dec 80
18 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Delegation of the USSR Voluntary Society for Assistance to the Army, Air Force, and Navy led by Major General Mamadov, member of the Society's Presidium, arrives in Vietnam for an official visit.				X		FBIS (AP) 19 Dec 80
18 Dec 80	BANGLADESH/PRC/USSR. Newly formed Bangladesh-Kampuchea People's Solidarity Council, meeting in Dacca, passes resolutions calling for the withdrawal of foreign troops from Kampuchea and Afghanistan. The Council, under the chairmanship of Enayatullah Khan, expresses its solidarity with the struggles of the Khmer Rouge forces, the Afghan guerrillas, and striking Polish workers.		X				JPRS No. 962 28 Jan 81
18 Dec 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Bangladesh and China complete the technical details for the establishment of a urea fertilizer complex to be set up with Chinese assistance. The factory, to be built at a cost of 158 million taka (\$1.1 million), will have an annual production capacity of 100,000 tons and will be completed by December 1984.			X			JPRS No. 962 28 Jan 81
18 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Pakistan Foreign Office spokesman in Islamabad denies a foreign news media report alleging that Chinese troops have been stationed in Pakistan. Pakistan is firmly committed to a policy of nonalignment and has consistently opposed the presence of foreign forces in any country.				X		FBIS (PRC) 19 Dec 80; FBIS (South Asia) 19 Dec 80
19 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Soviet Union reiterates its claim to the czarist cruiser Admiral <u>Nakhimov</u> , which sank off Tsushima Island in the 1904-05 Russo-Japanese War.		X				FBIS (AP) 19 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
19 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Nihon Keiza Shimbun (Tokyo) reports that contract talks connected with the Soviet project for a natural gas pipeline linking western Siberia with Europe have encountered a strong offensive from West German and other European firms competing for Soviet orders. This threatens a drastic decline in the anticipated final number of Soviet orders to Japan. The USSR first sent inquiries to Japan involving \$3 billion in materials and equipment needed for the project, but the final figure may amount to no more than \$900 million.			X			FBIS (AP) 24 Dec 80
19 Dec 80	BURMA/PRC. Chinese goodwill delegation led by Hou Tong, Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries Vice Chairman, arrives in Rangoon for an official visit to Burma.		X				FBIS (AP) 29 Dec 80
19 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. India accepts delivery of an undisclosed number of Mi-8 HIP transport helicopters from the USSR. The agreement for the supply of the helicopters was originally signed in 1971. Since that time, the Soviet Union has furnished about 40 Mi-8 HIPs to India.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 24 Dec 80
20 Dec 80	ROK/PRC. Roundup by Zhou Bizhong in Renmin Ribao (Beijing) entitled "A Myth That Has Been Shattered" disparages South Korean President Chon Tu-hwan's attempts to establish a democracy and welfare, claiming democracy in South Korea means dictatorship and welfare means suffering. The article further expands on the manner in which President Chon established a dictatorship and created economic chaos.		X				FBIS (PRC) 30 Dec 80
20 Dec 80	ASEAN/USSR. Malaysian sources say that Soviet intelligence personnel having failed to make headway in penetrating Malay and Chinese-led groups, have turned their attention to Indian organizations, including trade unions, consumer associations and the Aliran reform movement. While Aliran is not yet considered to be Soviet-dominated, government concern over Soviet influence may be used as an excuse to ban the movement.		X				FEER (Hong Kong) 26 Dec 80
21 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Chan Si, PRK Vice Minister of Defense, meets in Phnom Penh with LTC Zozoul Anatoliy, head of a Soviet naval delegation visiting Kampuchea.				X		FBIS (AP) 22 Dec 80
21 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Marshal of the Soviet Union D. Ustinov, USSR Minister of Defense, sends a message of fraternal greetings and congratulations to Army General Van Tien Dung, SRV Minister of National Defense, and all Vietnamese servicemen on the 36th anniversary of Vietnam's national defense.				X		FBIS (USSR) 29 Dec 80
22 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese FM Ito rejects an opposition request to expand economic relations with the Soviet Union and states that current economic sanctions will remain in force.		X				FBIS (AP) 22 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
22 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japanese business source discloses that Japan and the USSR reached a basic agreement in recent Tokyo negotiations on a "third phase Far Eastern forestry resource development project" in which Japan will import Siberian timber for credits it offers to the USSR. The agreement sets the total volume of timber to be traded in 6 years beginning in 1981 at 10 to 12 million cubic meters, for prices to be fixed by a formula covering general transactions and subjected to a quarterly review.			X			FBIS (AP) 31 Dec 80
22 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Kyodo (Tokyo) reports Joji Omura, Director General of Japan's Defense Agency, said his country is watching closely the sharp increase in the passage of Soviet military vessels through three strategic straits near Japan. In 1980, 435 ships of the Soviet navy had sailed through the Straits of Soya, Tsugaru, and Tsushima by the end of November; a figure nearly doubling the 240 passages recorded in 1975. The number of scramble operations involving Air Self-Defense Force aircraft also increased greatly as more Soviet aircraft shuttled between the Soviet Union and Vietnam. By the end of November, there had been 498 scramble operations doubling the number in 1975 and surpassing by 131 the number recorded in 1979.				X		FBIS (AP) 22 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 22 Dec 80
22 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Note on Sino-Vietnamese negotiations sent by the Chinese Foreign Ministry to the SRV Embassy in China points out there is no practical significance in holding the third round of Sino-Vietnamese negotiations since the Vietnamese authorities have redoubled their efforts at opposition and hostility to China and have refused to withdraw their troops from Kampuchea.	X					FBIS (PRC) 22 Dec 80
22 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Subcommittee for Energy Cooperation under the Vietnam-USSR Committee for Scientific and Technological Cooperation holds its first session. The subcommittee reviews the construction work on the Pha Lai thermopower plant and the Hoa Binh hydropower plant and discusses measures to promote work on the projects for 1981.	X					FBIS (AP) 31 Dec 80
22 Dec 80	DPRK/USSR. USSR Ministry of Education delegation headed by Dodfudoyeva Bozgul, Vice Minister of Education of the Tadzhik Soviet Socialist Republic, arrives in Pyongyang for an official visit to the DPRK.					X	FBIS (AP) 2 Jan 81
22 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Third session of the Sino-Thai Joint Committee on Scientific and Technical Cooperation ends in Bangkok with the signing of a summary record of the talks. Under a cooperation plan for 1981 adapted at the meeting, Thailand will take on 10 projects at China's recommendation while China will undertake 14 projects suggested by Thailand. It is agreed that the 4th session of the committee will take place in Beijing in 1981. The summary record is signed by the heads of the scientific and technical delegations of the two governments.	X		X			FBIS (PRC) 24 Dec 80; FBIS (AP) 24 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
22 Dec 80	BANGLADESH/USSR. Bangladesh FM Muhammad Shamsul Huq denies Indian press allegations that his government will permit "a certain country" to build a naval base on St. Martin's Island in the Bay of Bengal. Huq maintains that relations with the Soviet Union are based on the principles of sovereign equality, peaceful co-existence, territorial integrity, and noninterference in the internal affairs of others. The foreign minister's remarks are intended to allay Soviet suspicions that the United States is lobbying for military bases in Bangladesh.		X		X		The Muslim (Islamabad) 23 Dec 80
23 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. PRC Ambassador to Vietnam Qiu Lixing presents his credentials to SRV Acting President Nguyen Huu Tho.		X				FBIS (AP) 24 Dec 80
23 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Zhang Wenjin, Chinese Vice Foreign Minister, tells Australian correspondents in Beijing that China has decided to drop its insistence on Vietnamese troop withdrawal from Kampuchea as a precondition for an international conference on the Kampuchean issue, in consideration of the views of the ASEAN nations. Radio Australia's Beijing correspondent says China still insists on total troop withdrawal for a final political settlement in Kampuchea and still differs from those ASEAN countries which are most concerned with the achievement or regional peace and stability. Singapore's PM Lee Kuan Yew claims China is more concerned with Vietnam as an agent of spreading Soviet influence and thus less prepared to negotiate a political settlement in Kampuchea.		X				FBIS (PRC) 31 Dec 80
23 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Hanoi Radio in a domestic broadcast entitled "China Dodges Peace Proposals" denounces the PRC for its lack of good will in the Vietnam-China talks. The commentary refers to a 22 December Chinese note rejecting a Vietnamese proposal that the third round of the talks begin.		X				FBIS (AP) 24 Dec 80
23 Dec 80	ASEAN/USSR. Bangkok Post reports the Soviet Union has agreed to buy 100,000 tons of Thai rice with shipment to begin immediately and continue until March 1981.			X			FBIS (AP) 24 Dec 80
23 Dec 80	ASEAN/USSR. Indonesian Islamic Solidarity Committee calls on the Indonesian Government to reconsider the status of the Soviet Military Attache at the Soviet Embassy in Jakarta because the continued Soviet occupation of Afghanistan is a challenge to the nonaligned movement.				X		FBIS (AP) 24 Dec 80
23 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Government spokesman denies foreign press reports that India has agreed to extend shore facilities for military purposes to the Soviet Navy. According to unconfirmed reports, the Indian offer was made in exchange for the latest arms negotiated with the Soviet Union.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 31 Dec 80; India News (Washington DC) 5 Jan 81

Date	Event	Category				Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul
23 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Pakistan FM Agha Shahi and his party arrive in Beijing for a visit to China at the invitation of the Chinese Government. During his stay in China, Agha Shahi will hold talks with Huang Hua, Vice Premier and Foreign Minister, on international issues of common interest, particularly the situation in Asia. Views will be exchanged on strengthening friendly cooperation between the two countries.		X			FBIS (PRC) 24 Dec 80
24 Dec 80	JAPAN/PRC. China raises its price for crude oil shipped to Japanese oil refiners by 85 cents to \$33.975 per barrel retroactive to 1 December.			X		FBIS (AP) 24 Dec 80
24 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Japan signs protocols calling on the Export-Import Bank of Japan to advance 8.8 billion yen (\$35.2 million) worth of loans to the coal mine development in the South Yakutsk region and 200 billion yen (\$800 million) for the Siberian forest project in the USSR. The Japanese credit will be spent mainly for purchases of equipment from Japan for the projects. Terms and repayment periods are withheld but the loans are believed to carry an interest of 7.25 percent per annum, matching the guideline set for governmental credits by the OECD.			X		FBIS (USSR) 6 Jan 81
24 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Lao Ministry of Industry and Trade holds a ceremony to award medals to Soviet experts who contributed to the construction of a cement factory and the installation of high-voltage power lines extending from Thalat to Vangviang.		X			FBIS (AP) 29 Dec 80
24 Dec 80	BANGLADESH/PRC. Zian Xinzhong, Chinese Minister of Public Health, hosts a dinner in Beijing honoring a Bangladesh health delegation led by Professor Badrud-doza Chowdhury.	X				FBIS (PRC) 2 Jan 81
24 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. PRC Vice Premier and FM Huang Hua, at a banquet in Beijing in honor of visiting GOP PM Agha Shahi, pledges unflinching Chinese support for Pakistan. He declares, "Our Pakistani friends may rest assured that no matter how many hardships and dangers lie ahead, the Chinese Government and people will always stand on the side of the Government and people of Pakistan in their struggle to safeguard national independence and state sovereignty and oppose foreign aggression and interference."		X			The Hindu (Madras) 26 Dec 80; FBIS (PRC) 29 Dec 80
25 Dec 80	PAK/PRC. Deng Xiaoping, Vice Chairman of the CCP Central Committee, meets in Beijing with Pakistani FM Agha Shahi and his party.		X			FBIS (PRC) 29 Dec 80
26 Dec 80	SRV/USSR. Pen Sovan, Vice President of the People's Revolution Council and PRK Defense Minister, leaves for home after stopping over in Moscow on his return from Havana.		X			FBIS (USSR) 2 Jan 81

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
26 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Malaysian FM Rithauddeen says reports that China will attend the proposed international conference on Kampuchea without first requiring even a partial Vietnamese troop withdrawal are significant.		X				FBIS (AP) 30 Dec 80
26 Dec 80	ASEAN/SRV/USSR. Xinhua (Beijing) quoting an article in the Australian weekly The Bulletin (Sydney), says the Russian navy has made good use of Vietnamese ports to demonstrate to both the Asian countries and to Western powers their ability to operate a major naval fleet anywhere in the Pacific Ocean. In the face of the Russian threat, the Asian countries are spending a great deal more money on arms. In 1980 ASEAN countries spent more than 5 billion Australian dollars (\$6 billion) on arms; 44 percent more than in 1979 and double the budget for 5 years ago.				X		FBIS (PRC) 30 Dec 80
26 Dec 80	BURMA/PRC. U Thaung Kyi, member of the Burmese Council of States, meets in Rangoon with a delegation of the Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries led by its Vice President, Hou Tong.		X				FBIS (PRC) 30 Dec 80 & 8 Jan 81
27 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Unconfirmed reports circulating in Beijing say Son Sann, former Cambodian Premier and head of a Cambodian anti-Communist guerrilla movement, arrived in Beijing a few days ago for a visit to China, believed to be his second in 1980. The Foreign Ministry spokesman refused to confirm or deny the reports.		X				FBIS (PRC) 30 Dec 80
27 Dec 80	ASEAN/USSR. Bangkok Post reports the Soviet Union has poured large quantities of armor, heavy weapons, and ammunition into Kampuchea to strengthen the Vietnamese troops in a forthcoming suppression drive against the anti-Vietnamese Khmer Serei and Khmer Rouge forces.				X		FBIS (AP) 29 Dec 80
27 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. Resolution adopted at the all-India Muslim conference on Afghanistan held in New Delhi notes the presence of Soviet forces close to the boundaries of India poses a real threat to its security. The conference representatives express "deep concern and strong resentment" over the continued presence of USSR armed forces in Afghanistan and call on all countries, particularly the nonaligned group, to exercise diplomatic pressure on the USSR and compel it to withdraw from Afghanistan "forthwith."		X				FBIS (PRC) 2 Jan 81
27 Dec 80	INDIA/USSR. CPI leader Biswanath Mukherjee denies there has been any change in the party's attitude toward the Gandhi government following the Brezhnev visit to India. While the party openly supports PM Gandhi's foreign policy, Mukherjee stresses the party reserves the right to criticize the government on an issue-by-issue basis. Mukherjee insists his party's parent organization--the Communist Party of the Soviet Union--does not interfere in the affairs of other Communist parties.		X				The Sunday Statesman (Calcutta) 28 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
28 Dec 80	JAPAN/USSR. Asahi Shimbun (Tokyo) reports the Japanese Government has decided to gradually lift the economic sanctions against the Soviet Union imposed following the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan. The newspaper asserts that the United States and Western Europe are gradually lifting their sanctions and Japan has decided to follow suit. A natural gas pipeline in Yamburg, Siberia, is likely to become the first project considered under Japan's new policy.			X			FBIS (AP) 31 Dec 80
28 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Group of Singaporean ship-building firms sign a joint venture agreement with the Guangdong Shipbuilding Corp. of China. Under the agreement, the Singaporean partners will provide technical expertise, serve as a conduit for buying and selling sophisticated marine equipment, and help the Chinese to organize offshore oil and marine exhibitions. The Singaporean partners will also arrange shipbrokering and ship repair services from foreign firms to the Chinese marine and offshore oil industry. The new conglomerate in China and Singapore is capable of constructing bulk vessels, container ships, floating cranes, dry-docks, tugboats, pleasure craft, and jack-up offshore oil drilling rigs.			X			FBIS (AP) 30 Dec 80
28 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Pakistan Government spokesman rejects as completely false and without foundation an allegation carried in an unspecified foreign broadcast that a secret agreement has been negotiated between Pakistan and China for the construction of a Chinese naval base west of Karachi. The spokesman reiterates that Pakistan is firmly committed to a policy of nonalignment and is completely opposed to the stationing of foreign troops and the establishment of foreign bases in any country.				X		FBIS (South Asia) 9 Jan 81
28 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/USSR. A five-member Soviet delegation arrives in Pakistan to participate in the opening of the Guddu thermal power station which was built with Soviet economic and technical assistance.						FBIS (South Asia) 31 Dec 80
29 Dec 80	SRV/PRC. Vietnamese Foreign Ministry issues a memorandum on China's hostility toward Vietnam during 1980. It accuses China of intensifying armed provocations, psychological warfare, and "all kinds of dirty tricks to divide Vietnam from Laos and Kampuchea and to pit the ASEAN countries against Vietnam."		X				FBIS (AP) 30 Dec 80
29 Dec 80	PAKISTAN/PRC. Pakistani FM Agha Shahi, speaking at a press club engagement in Hong Kong, denounces the "war psychosis" created by the media in India which alleges that Pakistan is acquiring massive quantities of armaments. Minister Shahi notes that Pakistan has received only "modest amounts of Chinese military supplies," consisting mainly of T-59 tanks, MiG-19 jets and small arms and ammunition and that the country has obtained virtually nothing for the last 3 or 4 years. He stresses that Pakistan has no interceptor aircraft to defend itself against the Jaguar now being acquired by India.					X	FBIS (South Asia) 31 Dec 80

Date	Event	Category					Source
		Sci	Pol	Econ	Mil	Cul	
30 Dec 80	DPRK/PRC. Wang Ping, Political Commissar of the Chinese PLA General Logistics Department, sends new year's greetings to the "fraternal Korean people," noting past mutual military and political support and reaffirming support of President Kim Il-song's three principles and five-point policy for the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland.		X				FBIS (PRC) 5 Jan 81
30 Dec 80	DPRK/PRC. Protocol is signed in Pyongyang to an agreement and related appendixes on the use of frequencies for television and frequency-modulated broadcasting in the border areas between China and Korea. The documents are signed by Lu Keqin, leader of the Chinese broadcasting technique delegation and Vice Director General of the Chinese Broadcasting Administrative Bureau, and Chon Tok-chil, Vice Minister of Communications and leader of the Korean broadcasting technique delegation.			X			FBIS (PRC) 31 Dec 80
30 Dec 80	ASEAN/PRC. Kosol Sindhvananda, the new Thai Ambassador to the PRC, presents his credentials to Ulanhu, Vice Chairman of the Chinese NPC Standing Committee in Beijing.		X				FBIS (PRC) 31 Dec 80